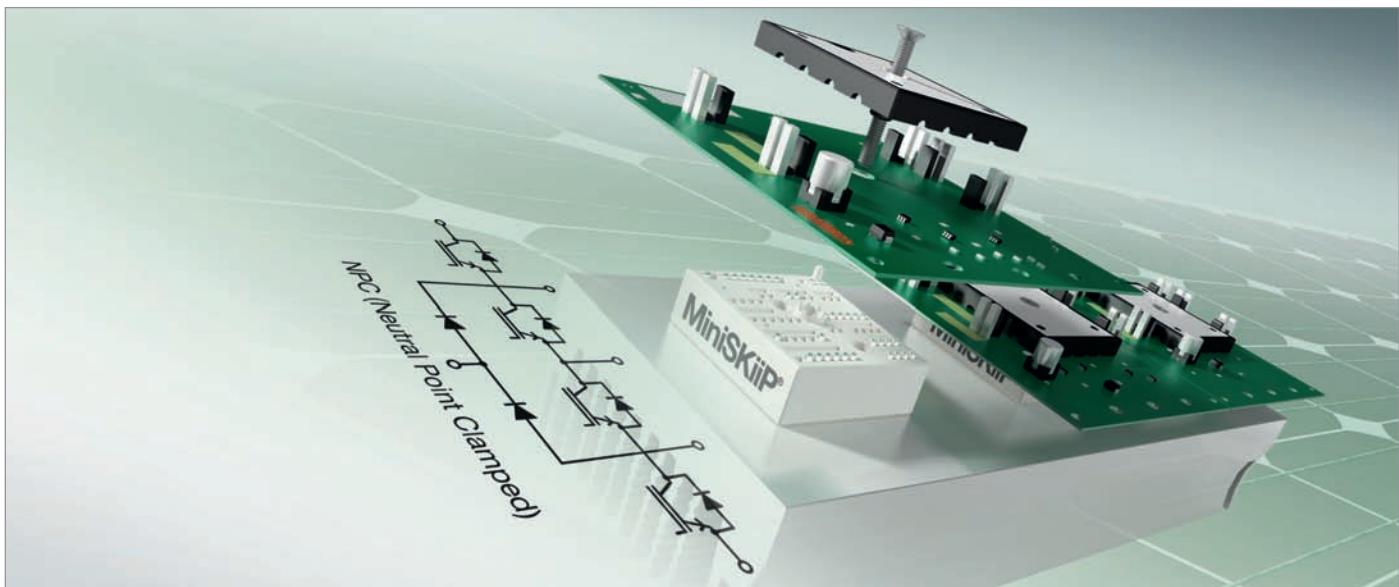


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# A new dimension of power density in multilevel applications



## Applications

The MiniSKiiP 3-level power modules are most suitable for applications requiring a high level of efficiency and a better output waveform quality, e.g. for uninterruptible power supply systems (UPS) and solar inverters. Especially at switching frequencies above 8 kHz, the 3-level topology provides reduction of overall losses up to 40% compared to a conventional 2-level solution.

## Product range

The MiniSKiiP 3-level power modules are available up to 200A in NPC (Neutral Clamping Point) topology and in the MiniSKiiP housing sizes 2 and 3. All modules are featuring Trench Field Stop IGBT4 with a blocking voltage of 650 V and SEMIKRON CAL I4F diodes.

## Benefits

The MiniSKiiP 3-level power modules combine all electrical advantages of 3-level topology with a well-established MiniSKiiP mechanical concept consisting of pressure contact technology for quick and easy solder-free assembly. While a soldered module is assembled in a time consuming production process requiring expensive automatic soldering equipment, MiniSKiiP 3-level power modules will be assembled in one step without costly special equipment.

# IGBT Modules

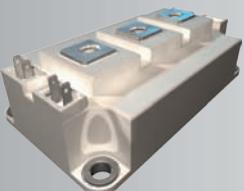
## SEMiX®



half bridge  
6-pack  
chopper

75A	600V/1200V/1700V	600A
-----	------------------	------

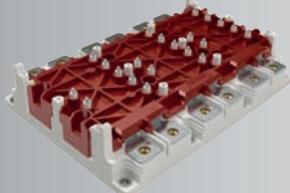
## SEMITRANS®



half bridge  
6-pack  
chopper  
single switch

35A	600V/1200V/1700V	900A
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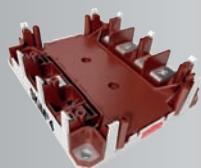
## SKiM® 63/93



6-pack  
3-level

600V/1200V/1700V	300A	900A
------------------	------	------

## SKiM® 4/5



6-pack  
3-level

650V/1200V/1700V	200A	600A
------------------	------	------

## MiniSKiiP®



6-pack  
3-level

8A	600V/1200V	200A
----	------------	------

## SEMITOP®



half bridge  
6-pack  
3-level  
chopper  
single switch

10A	600V/1200V	200A
-----	------------	------

$I_{Cnom}$  [A] 8 10 35 75 200 300 600 900

## IGBT and rectifier module family for solder-free assemblies



### Applications

SEMiX is a flexible and application-oriented module. On the basis of a scalable platform concept, modern chip technology is integrated into IGBT and rectifier modules, which are used in a wide variety of applications such as AC motor drives, switching power supplies and current source inverters. Other typical applications are matrix converters, uninterruptible power supplies and electronic welding devices.

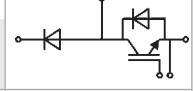
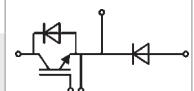
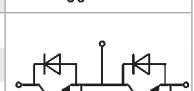
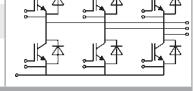
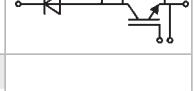
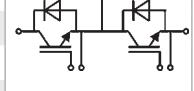
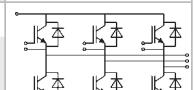
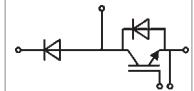
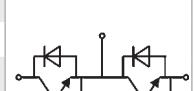
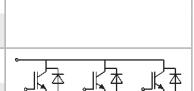
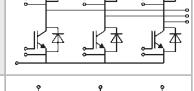
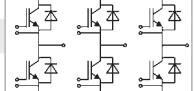
### Benefits

- Fast assembly in one direction from above
- Solder-free connection to control unit using reliable spring contacts
- Separation of control unit, AC and DC terminals
- Direct driver assembly
- Same-height (17 mm) IGBT and rectifier modules
- Flat and compact inverter design
- Optimized production at customer site
- Easy servicing

### Product range

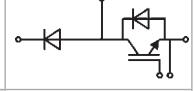
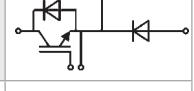
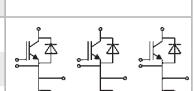
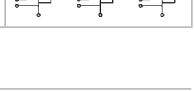
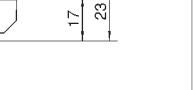
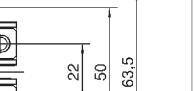
Six different housing sizes are available in the voltage classes 600 V, 1200 V and 1700 V for IGBT modules. Half-bridge, six-pack and chopper topologies are available for a current range of 75 A to 600 A. Besides IGBT3 and IGBT4 chips, the 1200 V range now also includes a new series with V-IGBT devices. Controlled, half-controlled and uncontrolled rectifier modules with same footprint and 17 mm module height are also available.

# Modules - IGBT - SEMiX

Type	IGBT							Diode				Case	$R_{th(c-s)}$	Circuit
	$I_c$ @ $T_c =$ $25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{Cnom}$	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$ @ $T_j =$ $25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{on}$	$E_{off}$	$R_{th(j-c)}$	$I_F$ @ $T_c =$ $25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_F$ @ $T_j =$ $25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{rr}$	$R_{th(j-c)}$				
	A	A	V	mJ	mJ	K/W	A	V	mJ	K/W		K/W		
<b>600 V - IGBT 3 (Trench)</b>														
<b>SEMiX402GAL066HDs</b>	502	400	1.45	22	24	0.12	543	1.4	10	0.15	2s	0.045		
<b>SEMiX603GAL066HDs</b>	720	600	1.45	12	43	0.087	771	1.4	13	0.11	3s	0.04		
<b>SEMiX402GAR066HDs</b>	502	400	1.45	22	24	0.12	543	1.4	10	0.15	2s	0.045		
<b>SEMiX603GAR066HDs</b>	720	600	1.45	12	43	0.087	771	1.4	13	0.11	3s	0.04		
<b>SEMiX202GB066HDs</b>	274	200	1.45	6	8	0.21	291	1.4	6.5	0.27	2s	0.045		
<b>SEMiX302GB066HDs</b>	379	300	1.45	11.5	15	0.16	419	1.4	7.5	0.19	2s	0.045		
<b>SEMiX402GB066HDs</b>	502	400	1.45	22	24	0.12	543	1.4	10	0.15	2s	0.045		
<b>SEMiX603GB066HDs</b>	720	600	1.45	12	43	0.087	771	1.4	13	0.11	3s	0.04		
<b>SEMiX101GD066HDs</b>	139	100	1.45	3	4	0.41	151	1.4	4.5	0.51	13	0.04		
<b>SEMiX151GD066HDs</b>	200	150	1.45	3.8	6.1	0.29	219	1.4	5.8	0.36	13	0.04		
<b>SEMiX201GD066HDs</b>	259	200	1.45	5	8	0.23	284	1.4	7.5	0.28	13	0.04		
<b>1200 V - V-IGBT</b>														
<b>SEMiX151GAL12Vs<sup>1)</sup></b>	231	150	1.75	19.4	17.1	0.19	189	2.1	11.5	0.31	1s	0.075		
<b>SEMiX151GB12Vs</b>	231	150	1.75	19.4	17.1	0.19	189	2.14	11.5	0.31	1s	0.075		
<b>SEMiX202GB12Vs</b>	310	200	1.75	24.9	24.1	0.14	229	2.2	14.5	0.26	2s	0.045		
<b>SEMiX223GB12Vs</b>	323	225	1.85	19.9	27.2	0.14	263	2.2	16.4	0.23	3s	0.04		
<b>SEMiX302GB12Vs</b>	448	300	1.75	37.3	36.1	0.1	356	2.1	21.8	0.17	2s	0.045		
<b>SEMiX303GB12Vs</b>	448	300	1.75	26.5	36.3	0.1	327	2.2	21.4	0.19	3s	0.04		
<b>SEMiX404GB12Vs</b>	596	400	1.75	39.1	52.3	0.075	440	2.2	34.3	0.14	4s	0.03		
<b>SEMiX453GB12Vs</b>	673	450	1.75	39.8	54.4	0.067	516	2.1	32.7	0.12	3s	0.04		
<b>SEMiX603GB12Vs<sup>1)</sup></b>	800	600	1.85	50	83	0.057	516	2.4	40	0.12	3s	0.04		
<b>SEMiX604GB12Vs</b>	880	600	1.75	58.7	78.5	0.051	707	2.1	49.5	0.086	4s	0.03		
<b>SEMiX101GD12Vs</b>	159	100	1.75	12.9	11.4	0.27	121	2.2	7.7	0.48	13	0.04		
<b>SEMiX151GD12Vs</b>	231	150	1.75	19.4	17.1	0.19	189	2.1	11.5	0.31	13	0.04		
<b>SEMiX223GD12Vc</b>	323	225	1.85	19.9	27.2	0.14	263	2.2	16.4	0.23	33c	0.014		
<b>SEMiX303GD12Vc</b>	448	300	1.75	26.5	36.3	0.1	327	2.2	21.4	0.19	33c	0.014		
<b>SEMiX453GD12Vc</b>	673	450	1.75	39.8	54.4	0.067	516	2.1	32.7	0.12	33c	0.014		

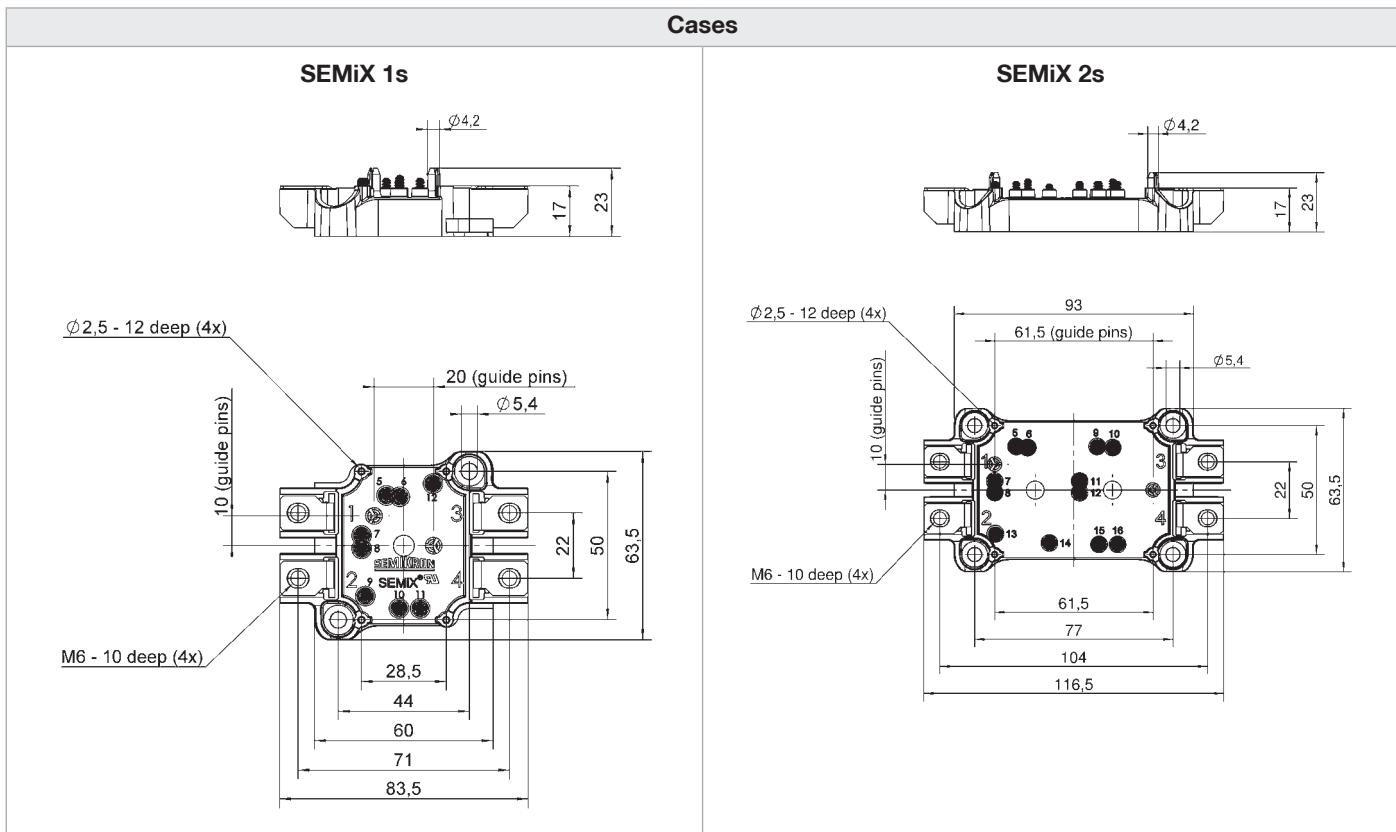


# Modules - IGBT - SEMiX

Type	IGBT							Diode				Case	$R_{th(c-s)}$	Circuit
	$I_c$ @ $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{Cnom}$	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{on}$	$E_{off}$	$R_{th(j-c)}$	$I_F$ @ $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_F$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{rr}$	$R_{th(j-c)}$				
	A	A	V	mJ	mJ	K/W	A	V	mJ	K/W		K/W		
<b>1700 V - IGBT 3 (Trench)</b>														
<b>SEMiX653GAL176HDs</b>	619	450	2	300	180	0.054	545	1.7	73	0.11	3s	0.04		
<b>SEMiX653GAR176HDs</b>	619	450	2	300	180	0.054	545	1.7	73	0.11	3s	0.04		
<b>SEMiX252GB176HDs</b>	246	150	2	90	55	0.12	288	1.6	32	0.19	2s	0.045		
<b>SEMiX302GB176HDs</b>	308	200	2	130	77	0.1	389	1.5	43	0.15	2s	0.045		
<b>SEMiX353GB176HDs</b>	353	225	2	155	85	0.086	428	1.6	45	0.13	3s	0.04		
<b>SEMiX452GB176HDs</b>	437	300	2	180	110	0.073	389	1.7	46	0.15	2s	0.045		
<b>SEMiX453GB176HDs</b>	444	300	2	215	125	0.071	545	1.5	65	0.11	3s	0.04		
<b>SEMiX604GB176HDs</b>	567	400	2	215	165	0.058	740	1.5	95	0.081	4s	0.03		
<b>SEMiX653GB176HDs</b>	619	450	2	300	180	0.054	545	1.7	73	0.11	3s	0.04		
<b>SEMiX854GB176HDs</b>	779	600	2	300	250	0.045	740	1.7	170	0.081	4s	0.03		
<b>SEMiX353GD176HDc</b>	353	225	2	155	85	0.086	428	1.6	45	0.13	33c	0.014		
<b>SEMiX453GD176HDc</b>	444	300	2	215	125	0.071	545	1.5	65	0.11	33c	0.014		
<b>SEMiX653GD176HDc</b>	619	450	2	300	180	0.054	545	1.7	73	0.11	33c	0.014		

## Footnotes

<sup>1)</sup> New

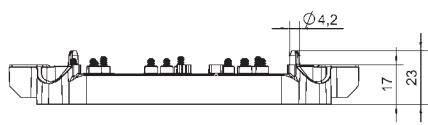


Dimensions in mm

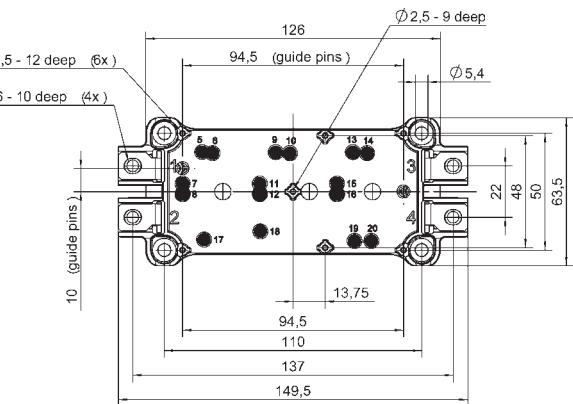
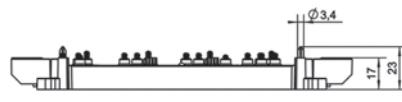
# Modules - IGBT - SEMiX

## Cases

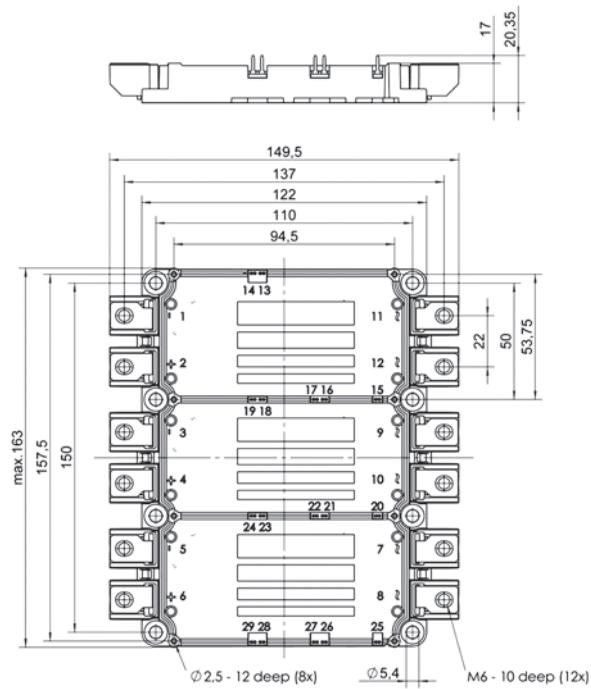
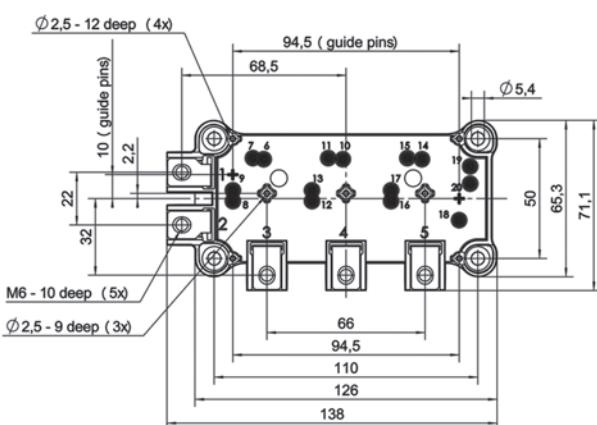
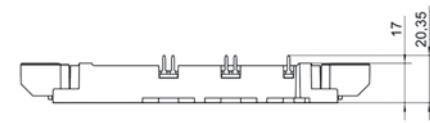
**SEMiX 3s**



**SEMiX 4s**

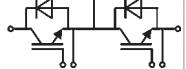
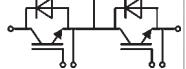
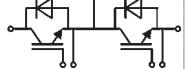
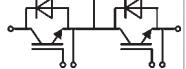
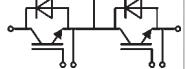
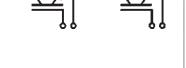
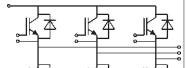
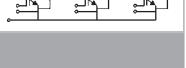
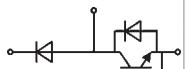
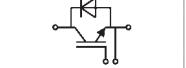
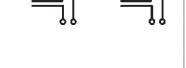


**SEMiX 33c**



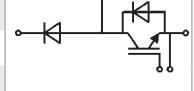
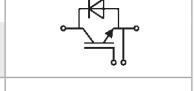
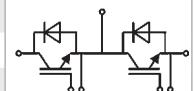
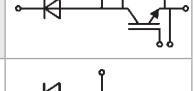
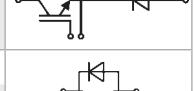
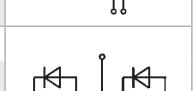
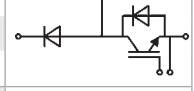
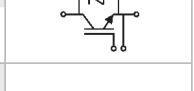
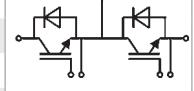
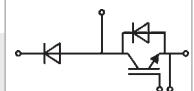
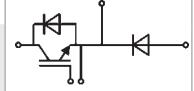
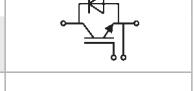
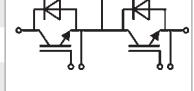
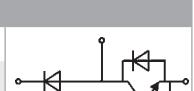
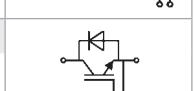
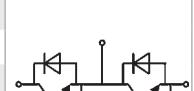
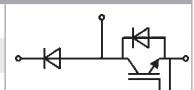
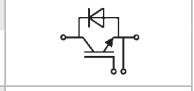
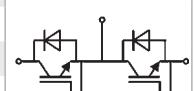
Dimensions in mm

# Modules - IGBT - SEMITRANS

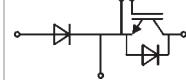
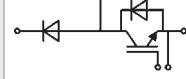
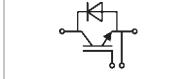
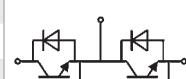
Type	IGBT						Diode				Case	$R_{th(c-s)}$	Circuit
	$I_c$ @ $T_c = 25^\circ C$	$I_{Cnom}$	$V_{CE(sat)}$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ C$ typ.	$E_{on}$	$E_{off}$	$R_{th(j-c)}$	$I_F$ @ $T_c = 25^\circ C$	$V_F$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ C$ typ.	$E_{rr}$	$R_{th(j-c)}$			
	A	A	V	mJ	mJ	K/W	A	V	mJ	K/W		K/W	
<b>600 V - IGBT 3 (Trench)</b>													
<b>SKM145GB066D</b>	195	150	1.45	8.5	5.5	0.3	150	1.38	3.5	0.5	2	0.05	
<b>SKM195GB066D</b>	265	200	1.45	14	8	0.22	200	1.35	5.6	0.4	2	0.05	
<b>SKM300GB066D</b>	390	300	1.45	7.5	11.5	0.15	350	1.38	10.5	0.25	3	0.038	
<b>SKM400GB066D</b>	500	400	1.45	8	16	0.12	450	1.35	14	0.2	3	0.038	
<b>SKM600GB066D</b>	760	600	1.45	7.5	29.5	0.08	700	1.38	25	0.125	3	0.038	
<b>600 V - NPT IGBT (Standard)</b>													
<b>SKM75GAL063D<sup>1)</sup></b>	100	75	2.1	3	2.5	0.35	75	1.55	0.53	0.72	2	0.05	
<b>SKM300GAL063D<sup>1)</sup></b>	400	300	2.1	14	13	0.09	250	1.65	4	0.25	3	0.038	
<b>SKM75GAR063D<sup>1)</sup></b>	100	75	2.1	3	2.5	0.35	75	1.55	0.53	0.72	2	0.05	
<b>SKM300GAR063D<sup>1)</sup></b>	400	300	2.1	14	13	0.09	250	1.65	4	0.25	3	0.038	
<b>SKM50GB063D<sup>1)</sup></b>	70	50	2.1	2.5	1.8	0.5	75	1.35	0.48	1	2	0.05	
<b>SKM75GB063D<sup>1)</sup></b>	100	75	2.1	3	2.5	0.35	75	1.55	0.53	0.72	2	0.05	
<b>SKM100GB063D<sup>1)</sup></b>	130	100	2.1	4	3	0.27	100	1.55	1.5	0.6	2	0.05	
<b>SKM200GB063D<sup>1)</sup></b>	260	200	2.1	11	7.5	0.14	200	1.55	2.1	0.3	3	0.038	
<b>SKM300GB063D<sup>1)</sup></b>	400	300	2.1	14	13	0.09	250	1.65	4	0.25	3	0.038	
<b>SKM100GD063DL<sup>1)</sup></b>	130	100	2.1	4	3	0.27	100	1.55	1.5	0.6	6	0.05	
<b>1200 V - V-IGBT</b>													
<b>SKM150GAL12V<sup>2)</sup></b>	231	150	1.75	13.5	14.2	0.19	189	2.14	8.9	0.31	2	0.05	
<b>SKM400GAL12V<sup>2)</sup></b>	612	400	1.75	39	42	0.072	440	2.20	26	0.14	3	0.038	
<b>SKM400GAR12V<sup>2)</sup></b>	612	400	1.75	39	42	0.072	440	2.20	26	0.14	3	0.038	
<b>SKM300GA12V<sup>2)</sup></b>	420	300	1.85	23	33	0.11	353	2.17	21	0.17	4	0.038	
<b>SKM400GA12V<sup>2)</sup></b>	612	400	1.75	39	42	0.072	440	2.20	26	0.14	4	0.038	
<b>SKM600GA12V<sup>2)</sup></b>	908	600	1.75	76	76	0.049	707	2.14	43	0.086	4	0.038	
<b>SKM50GB12V<sup>2)</sup></b>	77	50	1.85	5	4	0.53	65	2.22	3.6	0.84	2	0.05	
<b>SKM75GB12V<sup>2)</sup></b>	114	75	1.85	6.7	7.1	0.38	97	2.17	4.2	0.58	2	0.05	
<b>SKM100GB12V<sup>2)</sup></b>	159	100	1.75	10.7	8.7	0.27	121	2.20	5.7	0.48	2	0.05	
<b>SKM150GB12V<sup>2)</sup></b>	231	150	1.75	13.5	14.2	0.19	189	2.14	8.9	0.31	2	0.05	
<b>SKM150GB12VG<sup>2)</sup></b>	222	150	1.85	10	16.5	0.2	187	2.17	11	0.31	3	0.038	
<b>SKM200GB12V<sup>2)</sup></b>	311	200	1.75	14	22	0.14	229	2.20	13	0.26	3	0.038	
<b>SKM300GB12V<sup>2)</sup></b>	420	300	1.85	23	33	0.11	353	2.17	21	0.17	3	0.038	
<b>SKM400GB12V<sup>2)</sup></b>	612	400	1.75	39	42	0.072	440	2.20	26	0.14	3	0.038	



# Modules - IGBT - SEMITRANS

Type	IGBT						Diode				Case	$R_{th(c-s)}$	Circuit
	$I_c$ @ $T_c =$ $25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{Cnom}$	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$ @ $T_j =$ $25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{on}$	$E_{off}$	$R_{th(j-c)}$	$I_F$ @ $T_c =$ $25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_F$ @ $T_j =$ $25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{rr}$	$R_{th(j-c)}$			
	A	A	V	mJ	mJ	K/W	A	V	mJ	K/W		K/W	
<b>1200 V - IGBT 3 (Trench)</b>													
<b>SKM195GAL126D</b>	220	150	1.7	16	24.5	0.16	170	2.45	5.8	0.32	2	0.05	
<b>SKM200GAL126D</b>	260	150	1.7	18	24	0.13	200	1.50	18	0.3	3	0.038	
<b>SKM400GAL126D</b>	470	300	1.7	29	48	0.08	400	1.64	27	0.18	3	0.038	
<b>SKM600GAL126D</b>	660	400	1.7	39	64	0.055	490	1.67	41	0.125	3	0.038	
<b>SKM600GA126D</b>	660	400	1.7	39	64	0.055	490	1.67	41	0.125	4	0.038	
<b>SKM800GA126D</b>	960	600	1.7	65	95	0.042	680	1.69	59	0.09	4	0.038	
<b>SKM195GB126D</b>	220	150	1.7	16	24.5	0.16	170	2.45	5.8	0.32	2	0.05	
<b>SKM200GB126D</b>	260	150	1.7	18	24	0.13	200	1.64	18	0.3	3	0.038	
<b>SKM300GB126D</b>	310	200	1.7	21	33	0.12	250	1.67	18	0.25	3	0.038	
<b>SKM400GB126D</b>	470	300	1.7	29	48	0.08	400	1.64	27	0.18	3	0.038	
<b>SKM600GB126D</b>	660	400	1.7	39	64	0.055	490	1.67	41	0.125	3	0.038	
<b>1200 V - NPT IGBT (Ultrafast)</b>													
<b>SKM200GAL125D</b>	200	150	3.3	14	8	0.09	200	2.06	8	0.25	3	0.038	
<b>SKM400GAL125D</b>	400	300	3.3	17	18	0.05	390	2.06	16	0.125	3	0.038	
<b>SKM200GAR125D</b>	200	150	3.3	14	8	0.09	200	2.06	8	0.25	3	0.038	
<b>SKM400GAR125D</b>	400	300	3.3	17	18	0.05	390	2.06	16	0.125	3	0.038	
<b>SKM600GA125D</b>	580	400	3.3	30	22	0.041	500	2.00	24	0.09	4	0.038	
<b>SKM800GA125D</b>	760	600	3.2	88	48	0.03	720	2.3	28	0.07	4	0.038	
<b>SKM100GB125DN</b>	100	75	3.3	9	3.5	0.18	95	2.06	4	0.5	2N	0.05	
<b>SKM200GB125D</b>	200	150	3.3	14	8	0.09	200	2.06	8	0.25	3	0.038	
<b>SKM300GB125D</b>	300	200	3.3	16	11	0.075	260	2.00	13	0.18	3	0.038	
<b>SKM400GB125D</b>	400	300	3.3	17	18	0.05	390	2.06	16	0.125	3	0.038	
<b>1700 V - IGBT 3 (Trench)</b>													
<b>SKM145GAL176D</b>	160	100	2	60	38	0.19	140	1.6	27.5	0.36	2	0.05	
<b>SKM200GAL176D</b>	260	150	2	93	58	0.12	210	1.55	31	0.25	3	0.038	
<b>SKM400GAL176D</b>	432	300	2	170	118	0.075	440	1.55	78	0.125	3	0.038	
<b>SKM600GA176D</b>	660	400	2	255	155	0.044	600	1.6	102	0.09	4	0.038	
<b>SKM800GA176D</b>	830	600	2	335	245	0.04	630	1.6	155	0.07	4	0.038	
<b>SKM75GB176D</b>	80	50	2	25	18	0.38	80	1.50	14.5	0.55	2	0.05	
<b>SKM100GB176D</b>	125	75	2	44	28.5	0.24	100	1.6	21.4	0.45	2	0.05	
<b>SKM145GB176D</b>	160	100	2	60	38	0.19	140	1.6	27.5	0.36	2	0.05	
<b>SKM200GB176D</b>	260	150	2	93	58	0.12	210	1.55	31	0.25	3	0.038	
<b>SKM400GB176D</b>	432	300	2	170	118	0.075	440	1.55	78	0.125	3	0.038	

# Modules - IGBT - SEMITRANS

Type	IGBT						Diode				Case		Circuit
	$I_c$ @ $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{Cnom}$	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{on}$	$E_{off}$	$R_{th(j-c)}$	$I_F$ @ $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_F$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{rr}$	$R_{th(j-c)}$	Case	$R_{th(c-s)}$	
	A	A	V	mJ	mJ	K/W	A	V	mJ	K/W		K/W	
<b>1700 V - NPT IGBT (Standard)</b>													
<b>SKM200GAR173D<sup>1)</sup></b>	220	150	3.4	95	45	0.1	150	2.2	21	0.32	3	0.038	
<b>SKM200GAL173D<sup>1)</sup></b>	220	150	3.4	95	45	0.1	150	2.2	21	0.32	3	0.038	
<b>SKM400GA173D<sup>1)</sup></b>	440	300	3	180	10	0.05	300	2.2	46	0.17	4	0.038	
<b>SKM75GB173D<sup>1)</sup></b>	75	50	3.4	18	13	0.25	60	2.2	10.5	0.75	2	0.05	
<b>SKM100GB173D<sup>1)</sup></b>	110	75	3.4	35	21	0.2	80	2.2	11.5	0.63	2	0.05	
<b>SKM150GB173D<sup>1)</sup></b>	150	100	3.4	60	32	0.125	125	2.2	14	0.4	3	0.038	
<b>SKM200GB173D<sup>1)</sup></b>	220	150	3.4	95	45	0.1	150	2.2	21	0.32	3	0.038	

## Footnotes

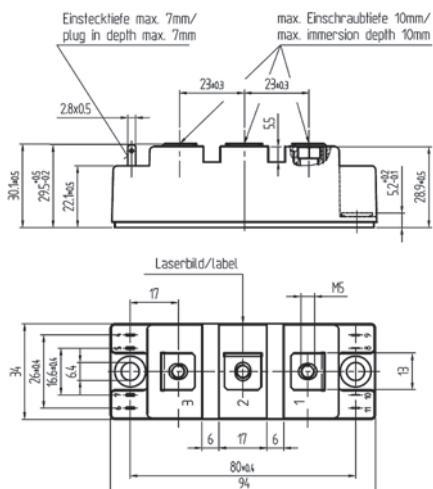
1) Not for New Design

2) New

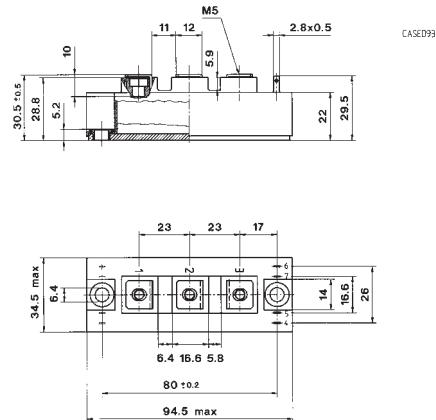
# Modules - IGBT - SEMITRANS

## Cases

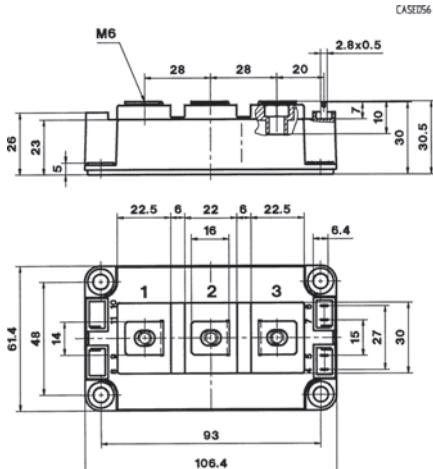
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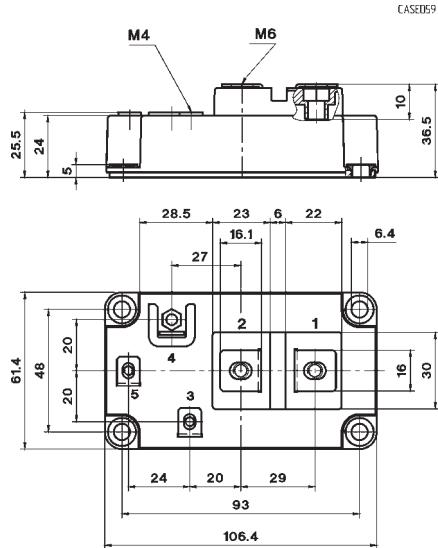
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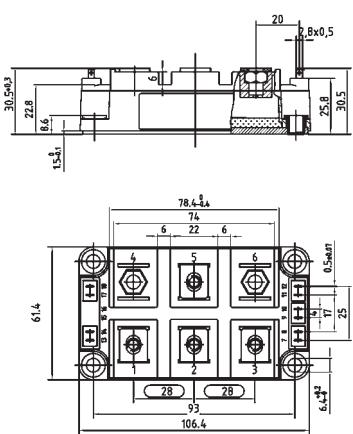
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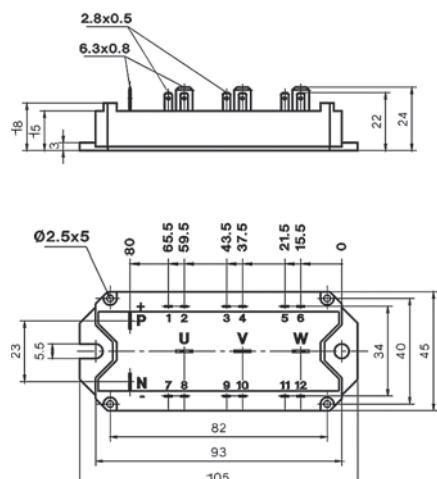
### SEMITRANS 4



### SEMITRANS 5

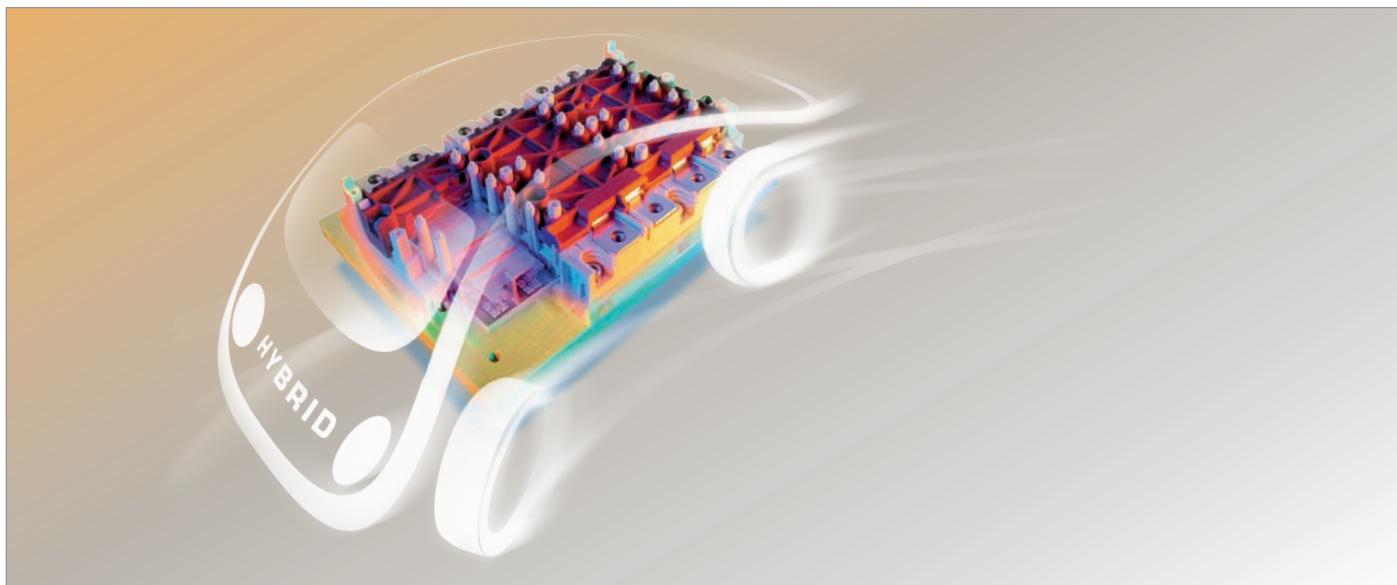


### SEMITRANS 6



Dimensions in mm

## 100 % solder-free ensures durability



### Applications

SKiM 63/93, sintered modules with no base plate, offer a number of possibilities for boosting the reliability of inverters. The SKiM 63/93 is used in many different applications such as electric powertrains in electric vehicles, hybrid cars and utility vehicles, heavy-duty construction machinery, or even to provide leading-edge performance in race cars.

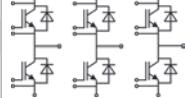
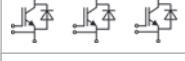
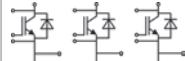
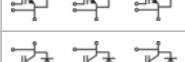
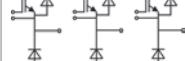
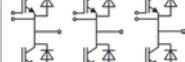
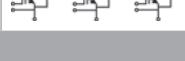
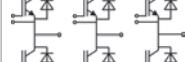
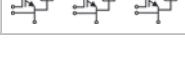
### Product range

The SKiM 63/93 modules combine 3-phase inverter topology with temperature control for all 3 phases in 600 V, 650 V, 1200 V, 1700 V voltage. Power ranges from 20 kW - 180 kW, nominal currents range from 300 A - 900 A. A 600 V / 650 V driver board and an optimized water cooler are available for fast and customer-friendly evaluation.

### Benefits

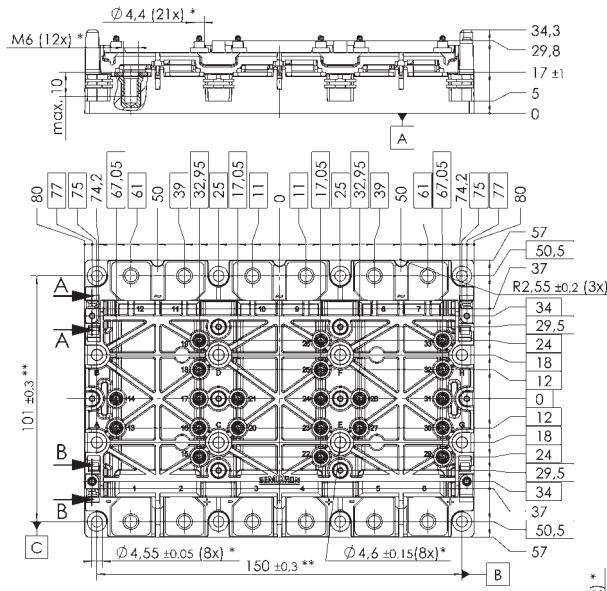
SKiM solder-free technology completely eliminates solder connections, which can be detrimental to service life. The reliability of the inverter, even under substantial active and passive temperature swings, can be increased by several factors. Testimony to this is best-in-class results in power cycle and temperature cycle tests. Thanks to the baseplate-less design, the thickness of the thermal paste layer can be reduced by a factor of 4 compared to conventional modules. Hand in hand with the optimized thermal layout, operating temperatures are reduced significantly. Temperatures are largely homogenous in the 3 phases of the inverter. All SKiM modules come with pre-applied thermal paste. No solder steps are required for SKiM driver board and heat sink mounting, making assembly easy and cost-efficient.

# Modules - IGBT - SKiM 63 / 93

Type	IGBT							Diode					Case	Circuit
	$I_c$ @ $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{Cnom}$	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{on}$	$E_{off}$	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$I_F$ @ $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_F$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{rr}$	$R_{th(j-s)}$				
	A	A	V	mJ	mJ	K/W	A	V	mJ	K/W				
<b>600 V - IGBT 3 (Trench)</b>														
SKiM406GD066HD	468	400	1.45	8	25	0.135	360	1.5	12	0.243	63			
SKiM606GD066HD	641	600	1.45	16	53	0.105	453	1.6	21	0.201	63			
SKiM909GD066HD	899	900	1.45	36	88	0.078	712	1.5	29	0.135	93			
<b>1200 V - IGBT 4 (Trench)</b>														
SKiM609GAL12E4	748	600	1.85	136	83	0.068	1397	1.7	39	0.048	93			
SKiM609GAR12E4	748	600	1.85	136	83	0.068	1397	1.7	39	0.048	93			
SKiM306GD12E4	410	300	1.85	19	39	0.116	302	2.1	21	0.218	63			
SKiM459GD12E4	554	450	1.85	22	57	0.092	438	2.1	40	0.155	93			
<b>1700 V - IGBT 4 (Trench)</b>														
SKiM429GD17E4HD	595	420	1.9	245	180	0.079	413	1.7	99	0.169	93			

## Cases

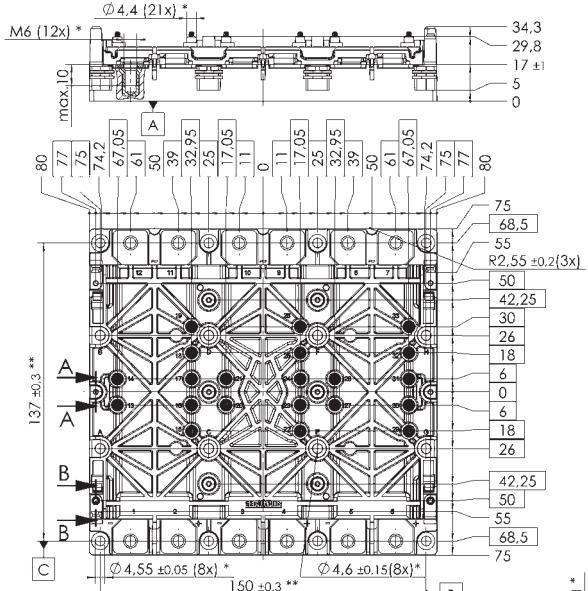
SKiM 63



\* all pos. dimensions valid when mounted  
\*\* valid for the outer 4 inserts

General Tolerances DIN ISO 2768-m  
PCB spring landing pad = Ø 3.5 ± 0.2

SKiM 93

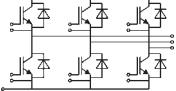
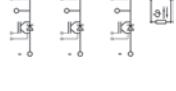
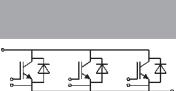
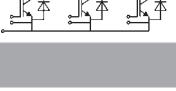
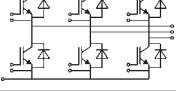
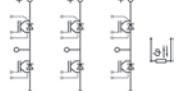
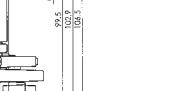
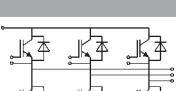
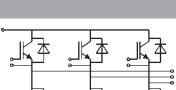
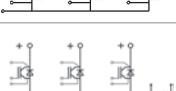


\* all pos. dimensions valid when mounted  
\*\* valid for the outer 4 inserts

General Tolerances DIN ISO 2768-m  
PCB spring landing pad = Ø 3.5 ± 0.2

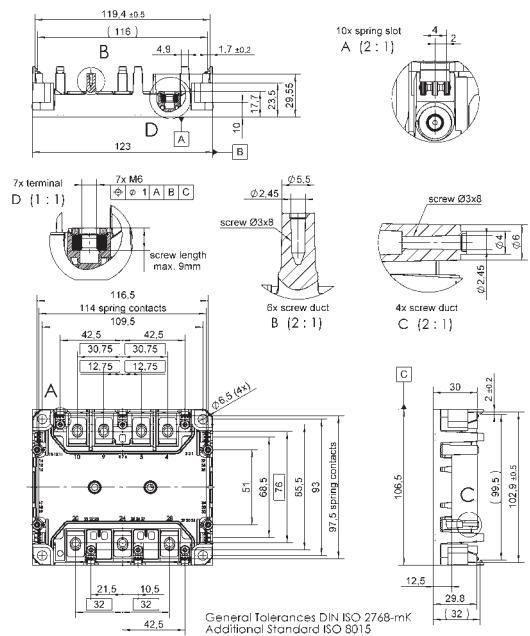
Dimensions in mm

# Modules - IGBT - SKiM 4 / 5

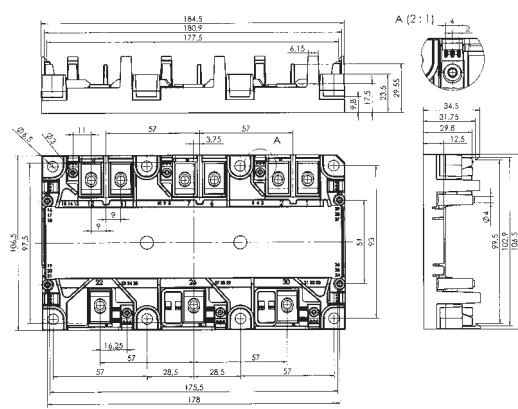
Type	IGBT						Diode				Case	Circuit
	$I_c$ @ $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{C\text{nom}}$	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{on}$	$E_{off}$	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$I_F$ @ $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_F$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{rr}$	$R_{th(j-s)}$		
	A	A	V	mJ	mJ	K/W	A	V	mJ	K/W		
<b>1200 V - IGBT 3 (Trench)</b>												
<b>SKiM200GD126D</b>	-	200	1.65	15	25	-	152	2.4	-	0.35	4	
<b>SKiM 300GD126D</b>	265	300	1.7	28	47	0.2	260	1.9	-	0.285	4	
<b>SKiM 400GD126DM</b>	330	300	1.7	29	46	0.134	300	1.9	-	0.19	4	
<b>SKiM300GD126DL</b>	265	300	1.65	28	47	0.2	260	1.9	-	0.285	4	
<b>SKiM400GD126DLM</b>	330	300	1.65	29	46	0.134	300	1.9	-	0.19	4	
<b>SKiM 450GD126D</b>	390	450	1.7	42	70	0.13	345	1.9	-	0.19	5	
<b>SKiM 601GD126DM</b>	480	450	1.7	42	70	0.09	450	1.9	-	0.125	5	
<b>SKiM450GD126DL</b>	390	450	1.65	42	70	0.13	345	1.9	-	0.19	5	
<b>SKiM455GD12T4D1</b>	390	450	1.8	42	70	0.13	345	1.9	-	0.19	5	
<b>SKiM455GD12T4DM1</b>	390	450	1.8	42	70	0.13	345	1.9	-	0.19	5	
<b>SKiM600GD126DLM</b>	480	450	1.65	42	70	0.09	450	1.9	-	0.125	5	
<b>1200 V - IGBT 4 (Trench)</b>												
<b>SKiM304GD12T4D</b>	312	300	1.8	-	-	0.19	221	2.3	-	0.25	4	
<b>1700 V - IGBT 3 (Trench)</b>												
<b>SKiM 120GD176D</b>	110	125	2	72	46	0.4	105	1.6	22	0.56	4	
<b>SKiM 220GD176DH4</b>	220	250	2	145	100	0.21	220	1.7	65	0.26	4	
<b>SKiM 270GD176D</b>	260	300	2	170	120	0.175	215	1.7	-	0.29	5	

## Cases

**SKiM 4**

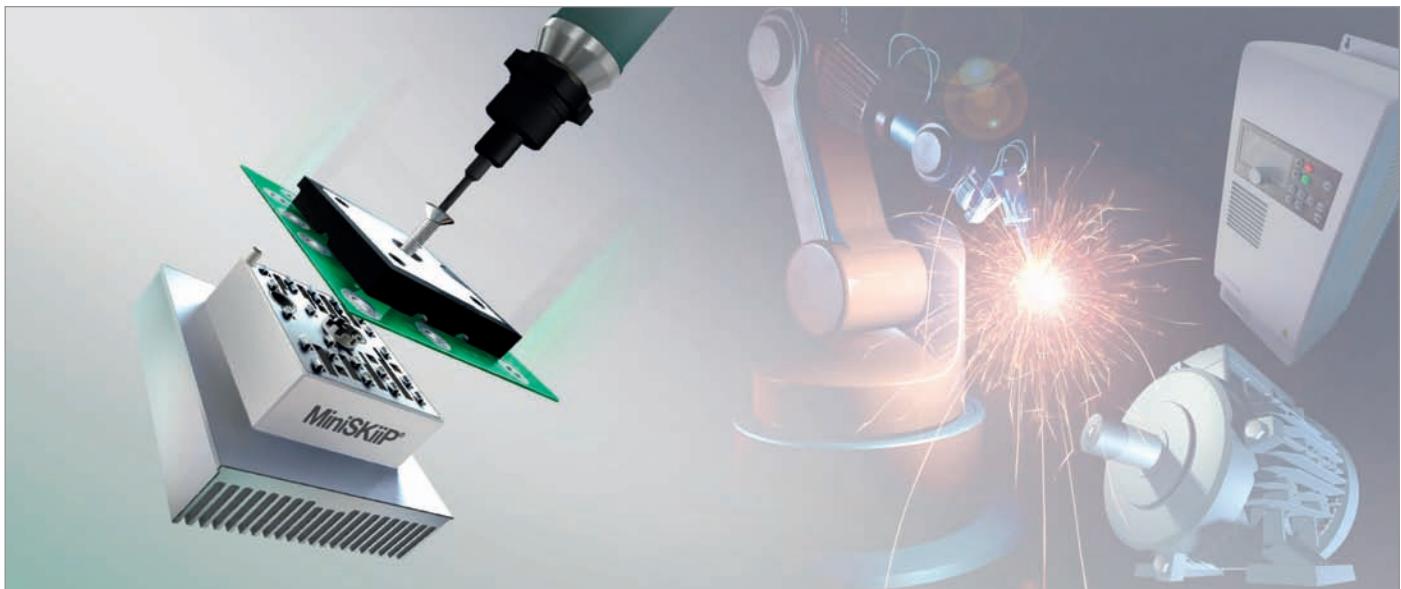


**SKiM 5**



Dimensions in mm

## Fast, cost efficient and reliable one screw mounting



### Applications

Thanks to the use of spring contact technology, MiniSKiiP modules enable fast single-screw or double-screw assembly, facilitating quick and reliable inverter manufacture. With more than 14 years of field experience and more than 15 million modules in the field, this module platform has proven successful in every standard application. The main applications are all kinds of frequency inverters, like standard drives, stand alone drives, servo drives, system drives, solar inverters, UPS systems and welding machines. Thanks to the reliability of spring contacts, applications like agricultural vehicles or pitch motors of windmills benefit from the MiniSKiiP technology.

### Product range

MiniSKiiP modules are designed for 600 V and 1200 V chip off-state voltages with 4-150 A nominal chip currents and feature Trench IGBT technology in combination with SEMIKRON CAL diode. In the 1200 V range, the latest Trench IGBT4 technology is used in combination with the CAL14 diode. These chips may be used for a junction temperature of up to 175°C. In addition to the CIB configuration and 6-pack modules, non-controlled rectifiers with brake chopper, as well as half-controlled rectifiers with brake chopper are also available.

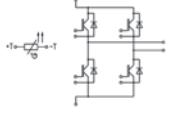
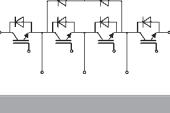
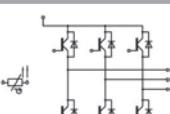
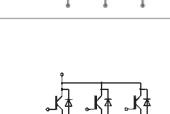
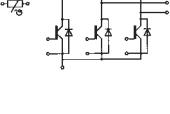
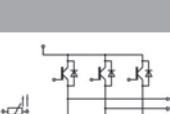
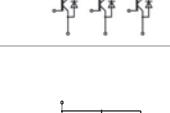
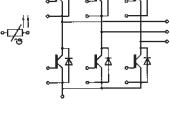
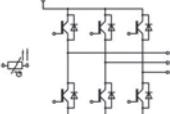
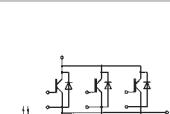
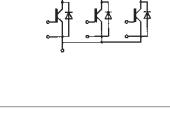
Modules for 3-level inverters with output powers of 30-80 kVA and a maximum blocking voltage of 650 V, as well as SiC devices are also available.

### Benefits

An important mechanical feature in this module is the easy-assemble and service-friendly spring-contact for load and gate terminals. Compared to conventional soldered modules, where expensive automatic soldering equipment is needed in time-consuming soldering processes, no special tools are needed to assemble MiniSKiiP modules - instead, a single-screw connection is used. The printed circuit board (PCB), power module and heat sink are firmly joined via the pressure lid.

This connection technology has a number of other advantages: the customer's PCB can be more flexible in design, as the power circuit board does not have to include holes for solder pins. The springs provide a flexible connection between the PCB and the power circuitry that is far superior to a soldered joint, especially under thermal or mechanical load conditions which can affect lifetime. Thanks to the good contact force provided by the springs, an air-tight, reliable electrical connection is ensured.

# Modules - IGBT - MiniSKiiP

Type	IGBT							Diode				Case	Circuit
	$I_c$ $@T_s = 25^\circ C$	$I_{Cnom}$	$V_{CE(sat)}$ $@T_j = 25^\circ C$ typ.	$E_{on}$	$E_{off}$	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$I_F$ $@T_s = 25^\circ C$	$V_F$ $@T_j = 25^\circ C$ typ.	$E_{rr}$	$R_{th(j-s)}$			
	A	A	V	mJ	mJ	K/W	A	V	mJ	K/W			
<b>600 V - IGBT 3 (Trench)</b>													
SKiiP 16GH066V1	65	50	1.45	1.7	1.7	0.95	56	1.50	1.3	1.6	II 1		
SKiiP 27GH066V1	88	75	1.45	2.7	3	0.75	77	1.50	1.8	1.2	II 2		
SKiiP 28GH066V1	112	100	1.45	3.4	3.5	0.6	112	1.30	3.3	0.8	II 2		
<b>650 V - IGBT 3 (Trench)</b>													
SKiiP 26MLI07E3V1 <sup>1)</sup>	-	75	1.45	-	-	-	-	1.5	-	-	II 2		
SKiiP 27MLI07E3V1 <sup>1)</sup>	-	100	1.45	-	-	-	-	1.4	-	-	II 2		
SKiiP 28MLI07E3V1 <sup>1)</sup>	-	150	1.33	-	-	-	-	1.4	-	-	II 2		
SKiiP 39MLI07E3V1 <sup>1)</sup>	-	200	1.45	-	-	-	-	1.4	-	-	II 3		
<b>1200 V - IGBT 3 (Trench)</b>													
SKiiP 11AC126V1 <sup>2)</sup>	16	8	1.7	0.9	1	1.5	14	1.90	0.9	2.5	II 1		
SKiiP 12AC126V1 <sup>2)</sup>	28	15	1.7	1.7	1.9	1.15	26	1.60	1.2	1.95	II 1		
SKiiP 13AC126V1 <sup>2)</sup>	41	25	1.7	4.1	3.1	0.9	30	1.80	2.2	1.7	II 1		
SKiiP 23AC126V1 <sup>2)</sup>	41	25	1.7	3.7	3.1	0.9	30	1.80	2.6	1.7	II 2		
SKiiP 24AC126V1 <sup>2)</sup>	52	35	1.7	4.2	4.4	0.75	38	1.80	3.5	1.5	II 2		
SKiiP 25AC126V1 <sup>2)</sup>	73	50	1.7	5.8	6.5	0.55	62	1.60	5.1	1	II 2		
SKiiP 26AC126V1 <sup>2)</sup>	88	70	1.7	9	7.7	0.5	91	1.50	7.5	0.7	II 2		
SKiiP 37AC126V2 <sup>2)</sup>	97	75	1.7	9.6	8.7	0.45	90	1.60	9.6	0.7	II 3		
SKiiP 38AC126V2 <sup>2)</sup>	118	105	1.7	13.1	13	0.4	118	1.60	11.2	0.55	II 3		
SKiiP 39AC126V2 <sup>2)</sup>	157	140	1.7	19.9	17.2	0.3	167	1.50	16.2	0.4	II 3		
<b>1200 V - IGBT 4 (Trench)</b>													
SKiiP 11AC12T4V1	12	8	1.85	0.87	0.75	1.84	15	2.3	0.53	2.53	II 1		
SKiiP 12AC12T4V1	18	15	1.85	1.65	1.5	1.3	23	2.4	0.79	1.92	II 1		
SKiiP 13AC12T4V1	41	25	1.85	3.7	2.4	1	32	2.4	1.64	1.52	II 1		
SKiiP 23AC12T4V1	41	25	1.85	3.7	2.4	1	32	2.4	1.64	1.52	II 2		
SKiiP 24AC12T4V1	52	35	1.85	3.7	3	0.85	44	2.3	2.3	1.2	II 2		
SKiiP 25AC12T4V1	69	50	1.85	6	4.5	0.71	60	2.2	3.2	0.95	II 2		
SKiiP 26AC12T4V1	90	70	1.85	9.5	7.1	0.55	83	2.2	5.6	0.75	II 2		
SKiiP 37AC12T4V1	90	75	1.85	11.5	6.8	0.58	83	2.2	5.5	0.75	II 3		
SKiiP 38AC12T4V1	115	100	1.8	13.7	9.7	0.48	100	2.2	6.5	0.66	II 3		
SKiiP 39AC12T4V1	167	150	1.85	22.5	14	0.33	136	2.1	11.4	0.52	II 3		

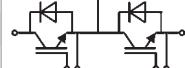
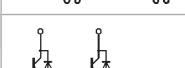
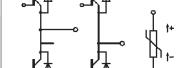
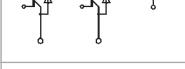
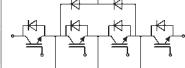
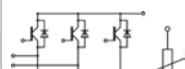
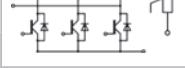
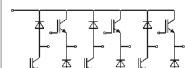
For detailed case drawings please see page 38

## Footnotes

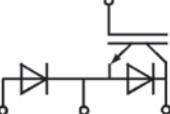
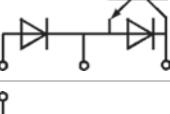
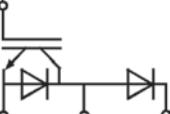
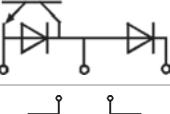
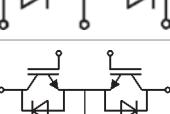
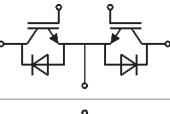
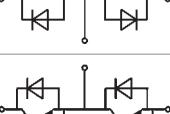
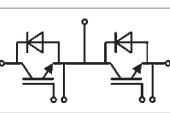
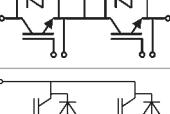
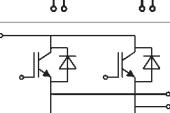
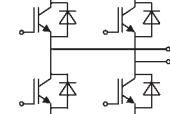
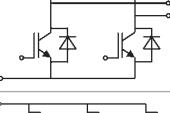
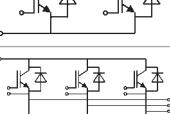
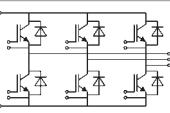
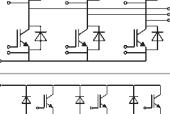
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2) Not for New Design

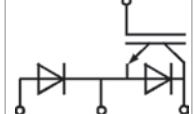
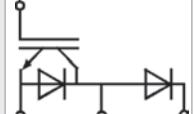
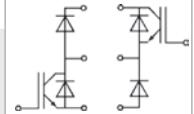
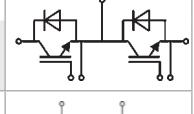
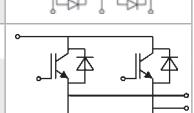
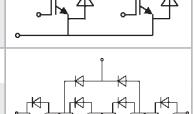
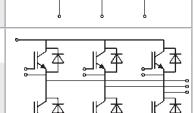
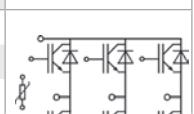
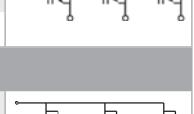
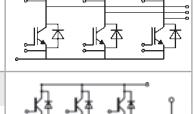
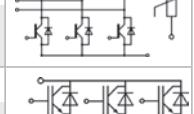
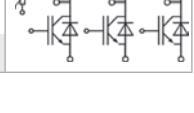
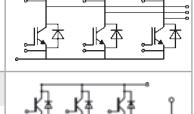
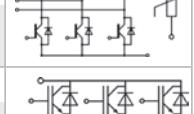
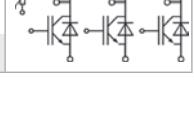
# Modules - IGBT - SEMITOP

Type	IGBT							Diode				Case	Circuit
	$I_c$ @ $T_s =$ $25^\circ C$	$I_{Cnom}$	$V_{CE(sat)}$ @ $T_j =$ $25^\circ C$ typ.	$E_{on}$	$E_{off}$	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$I_F$ @ $T_s =$ $25^\circ C$	$V_F$ @ $T_j =$ $25^\circ C$ typ.	$E_{rr}$	$R_{th(j-s)}$			
A	A	V	mJ	mJ	K/W	A	V	mJ	K/W				
<b>600 V - IGBT 3 (Trench)</b>													
<b>SK 75 GB 066 T</b>	77	75	1.45	3.1	2.8	0.94	62	1.35	0.85	1.55	3		
<b>SK 100 GB 066 T</b>	96	100	1.45	7	6	0.78	108	1.35	1.7	0.91	3		
<b>SK 150 GB 066 T</b>	124	150	1.45	6.25	5.7	0.55	135	1.35	1.7	0.73	3		
<b>SK 30 GBB 066 T</b>	40	30	1.45	0.97	1.77	1.65	36	1.45	0.26	2.1	3		
<b>SK 50 GBB 066 T</b>	60	50	1.45	2.2	1.73	1.11	56	1.50	0.72	1.7	3		
<b>SK 75 GBB 066 T</b>	77	75	1.45	3.1	2.8	0.94	77	1.35	0.85	1.55	3		
<b>SK 20 MLI 066</b>	30	20	1.45	0.4	1.07	1.95	30	1.60	0.2	2.46	3		
<b>SK 30 MLI 066</b>	40	30	1.45	0.97	1.77	1.65	37	1.50	0.26	2.3	3		
<b>SK 50 MLI 066</b>	60	50	1.45	1.46	2.02	1.11	56	1.50	1.07	1.7	3		
<b>SK 75 MLI 066 T</b>	83	75	1.45	1.7	2.8	0.75	92	1.50	1.1	1.2	4		
<b>SK 100 MLI 066 T</b>	105	100	1.45	2.5	4.2	0.65	110	1.35	1.9	0.9	4		
<b>SK 150 MLI 066 T</b>	151	150	1.45	2.7	5.9	0.55	115	1.50	2.6	0.72	4		
<b>SK 75 GD 066 T</b>	83	75	1.45	3.1	2.8	0.75	92	1.35	0.85	1.2	4		
<b>SK 100 GD 066 T</b>	105	100	1.45	7	6	0.65	99	1.30	1.7	0.8	4		
<b>SK 150 GD 066 T</b>	151	150	1.45	6.25	5.7	0.55	198	1.30	1.7	0.54	4		
<b>SK 200 GD 066 T</b>	174	200	1.45	13.9	12	0.45	99	1.30	3.4	0.8	4		
<b>SK 30 GAD 066 T<sup>1)</sup></b>	38	30	1.45	1.24	1.48	1.8	65	1.30	0.44	1.2	3		
<b>SK 20 GD 066 ET</b>	30	20	1.45	0.34	0.63	1.95	31	1.45	0.2	2.46	3		
<b>SK 30 GD 066 ET</b>	40	30	1.45	0.97	1.77	1.65	36	1.45	0.26	2.1	3		
<b>SK 50 GD 066 ET</b>	60	50	1.45	2.2	1.73	1.11	56	1.50	0.72	1.7	3		

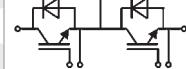
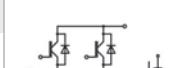
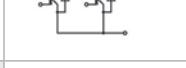
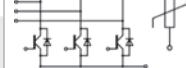
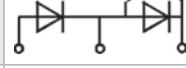
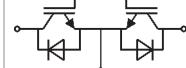
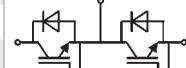
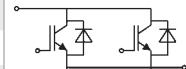
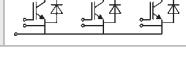
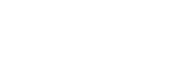
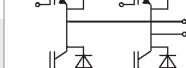
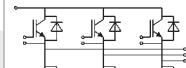
# Modules - IGBT - SEMITOP

Type	IGBT							Diode				Case	Circuit
	$I_c$ @ $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{Cnom}$	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{on}$	$E_{off}$	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$I_F$ @ $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_F$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{rr}$	$R_{th(j-s)}$			
	A	A	V	mJ	mJ	K/W	A	V	mJ	K/W			
<b>600 V - NPT IGBT (Standard)</b>													
<b>SK 25 GAR 063<sup>1)</sup></b>	30	30	-	1.25	0.9	1.4	38	1.45	-	1.7	1		
<b>SK 45 GAR 063<sup>1)</sup></b>	45	50	2.1	1.4	1.2	1	57	1.45	0.25	1.2	2		
<b>SK 70 GAR 063<sup>1)</sup></b>	81	100	2.1	4	3	0.6	22	1.45	0.1	2.3	2		
<b>SK 25 GAL 063<sup>1)</sup></b>	30	30	-	1.25	0.9	1.4	38	1.45	-	1.7	1		
<b>SK 45 GAL 063<sup>1)</sup></b>	45	50	2.1	1.4	1.2	1	57	1.45	0.25	1.2	2		
<b>SK 70 GAL 063<sup>1)</sup></b>	81	100	2.1	4	3	0.6	22	1.45	0.1	2.3	2		
<b>SK 80 GM 063<sup>1)</sup></b>	81	100	2	3	2.3	0.6	105	1.30	0.2	1.2	2		
<b>SK 45 GB 063<sup>1)</sup></b>	45	50	2.1	1.4	1.2	1	57	1.45	0.25	1.2	2		
<b>SK 80 GB 063<sup>1)</sup></b>	81	100	2.1	4	3	0.6	79	1.40	1.2	0.9	3		
<b>SK 15 GH 063<sup>1)</sup></b>	20	15	2	0.71	0.4	1.9	20	1.45	0.45	1.2	2		
<b>SK 25 GH 063<sup>1)</sup></b>	30	30	2.1	1.1	0.8	1.4	36	1.45	0.25	1.7	2		
<b>SK 45 GH 063<sup>1)</sup></b>	45	50	2.1	1.4	1.2	1	57	1.30	0.9	1.2	3		
<b>SK 13 GD 063<sup>1)</sup></b>	18	10	2.1	0.6	0.4	2	22	1.45	0.1	2.3	3		
<b>SK 25 GD 063<sup>1)</sup></b>	30	30	2.1	1.3	0.9	1.4	36	1.45	0.25	1.7	3		
<b>SK 45 GD 063<sup>1)</sup></b>	45	50	2.1	1.4	1.2	1	36	1.45	0.25	1.7	3		
<b>SK 25 GAD 063 T<sup>1)</sup></b>	30	30	2.1	1.3	0.9	1.4	36	1.45	0.25	1.7	3		

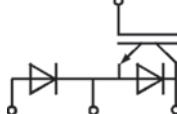
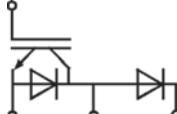
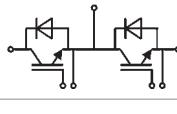
# Modules - IGBT - SEMITOP

Type	IGBT							Diode				Case	Circuit
	$I_c$ @ $T_s = 25^\circ C$	$I_{Cnom}$	$V_{CE(sat)}$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ C$ typ.	$E_{on}$	$E_{off}$	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$I_F$ @ $T_s = 25^\circ C$	$V_F$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ C$ typ.	$E_{rr}$	$R_{th(j-s)}$			
	A	A	V	mJ	mJ	K/W	A	V	mJ	K/W			
<b>600 V - NPT IGBT (Ultrafast)</b>													
SK 50 GAR 065	54	60	2	1.1	0.7	0.85	57	1.30	0.2	1.2	2		
SK 50 GAL 065	54	60	2	1.1	0.7	0.85	57	1.30	0.2	1.2	2		
SK 55 GARN 065 E	54	60	1.7	1.1	0.76	0.85	36	1.45	0.9	1.7	3		
SK 75 GARN 065 E	80	90	1.7	2.71	2.75	0.6	57	1.30	0.2	1.2	3		
SK 25 GB 065 <sup>1)</sup>	30	30	1.8	0.75	0.6	1.4	36	1.45	0.25	1.7	1		
SK 50 GB 065	54	60	2	1.1	0.7	0.85	64	1.45	0.55	1.1	2		
SK 50 GARN 065 F	54	60	1.7	1.03	0.8	0.85	82	1.70	-	2.3	2		
SK 50 GARN 065 USA	54	60	1.7	1.07	0.76	0.85	64	1.40	-	2.3	2		
SK 20 GH 065 <sup>1)</sup>	24	20	2	0.6	0.4	1.7	25	1.60	-	1.7	2		
SK 50 GH 065 F	54	60	2	1.07	1.76	0.85	82	1.10	0.42	1.1	3		
SK 25 MLI 065 <sup>1)</sup>	30	30	1.8	0.75	0.6	1.4	36	1.45	0.32	1.7	3		
SK 50 MLI 065 <sup>1)</sup>	54	60	1.8	1.07	0.76	0.85	36	1.45	-	1.1	3		
SK 9 GD 065 <sup>1)</sup>	11	6	2	0.22	0.12	2.6	22	1.40	0.31	2.3	2		
SK 20 GD 065 <sup>1)</sup>	24	20	2	0.7	0.4	1.7	22	1.60	0.4	2.3	2		
<b>1200 V - IGBT 3 (Trench)</b>													
SK 8 GD 126 <sup>1)</sup>	15	8	1.7	0.78	0.96	2	13	1.90	20.6	2.8	2		
SK 15 GD 126 <sup>1)</sup>	22	15	1.7	2	1.56	1.6	25	1.60	1.4	2.1	2		
SK 50 GD 126 T	68	50	1.7	4.6	6.3	0.6	62	1.35	3.6	1	4		
SK 75 GD 126 T	88	75	1.7	11.3	10	0.5	91	1.46	6	0.7	4		
SK 100 GD 126 T	114	100	1.7	9.8	11.7	0.4	118	1.50	7.3	0.55	4		
SK 10 GD 126 ET	15	8	1.7	1	1	2	25	1.90	1.4	2.1	3		
SK 15 GD 126 ET	22	15	1.7	2	1.8	1.6	25	1.60	1.4	2.1	3		
SK 25 GD 126 ET	32	25	1.7	3.3	3.1	1.2	28	1.80	2.1	1.9	3		
SK 35 GD 126 ET	40	35	1.7	4.6	4.3	1.05	34	1.80	2.9	1.7	3		

# Modules - IGBT - SEMITOP

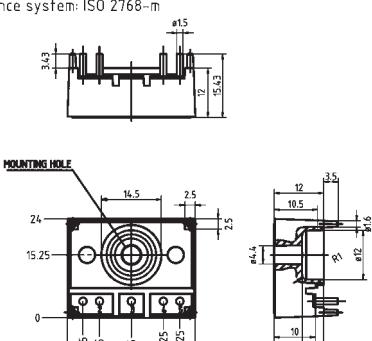
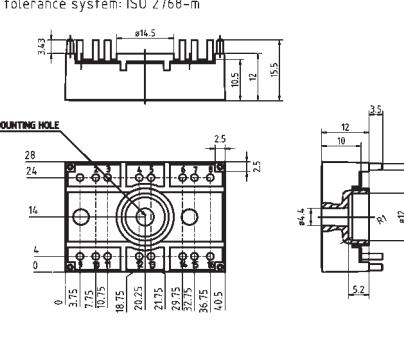
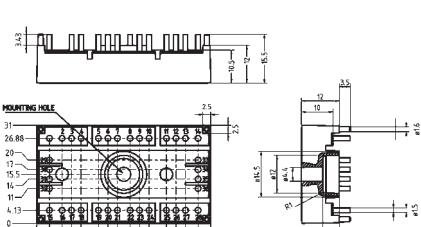
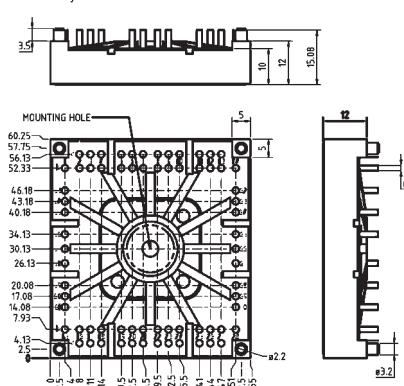
Type	IGBT							Diode				Case	Circuit
	$I_c$ @ $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{Cnom}$	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{on}$	$E_{off}$	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$I_F$ @ $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_F$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{rr}$	$R_{th(j-s)}$			
	A	A	V	mJ	mJ	K/W	A	V	mJ	K/W			
<b>1200 V - IGBT 4 (Trench)</b>													
<b>SK 25 GB 12T4</b>	37	25	1.85	2.27	2.7	1.31	30	2.40	1.28	1.91	2		
<b>SK 35 GB 12T4</b>	44	35	1.85	3.27	3.3	1.21	40	2.30	1.46	1.55	2		
<b>SK 50 GB 12T4 T</b>	71	50	1.85	8.3	5	0.9	50	2.20	2.15	1.24	3		
<b>SK 75 GB 12T4 T</b>	80	75	1.85	13.6	8.2	0.74	70	2.10	3.39	0.97	3		
<b>SK 100 GB 12T4 T</b>	100	100	1.85	16.6	10	0.6	85	2.25	5.2	0.87	3		
<b>SK 50 GH 12T4 T</b>	75	50	1.8	8.3	5	0.65	56	2.20	2.15	1.05	4		
<b>SK 100 GH 12T4 T</b>	126	100	1.8	16.6	10	0.43	102	2.20	5.2	0.62	4		
<b>SK 50 GD 12T4 T</b>	75	50	1.85	8.3	5	0.65	60	2.20	2.15	0.97	4		
<b>SK 75 GD 12T4 T</b>	102	75	1.85	13.6	8.2	0.51	83	2.20	3.38	0.75	4		
<b>SK 100 GD 12T4 T</b>	126	100	1.85	16.6	10	0.43	102	2.25	5.2	0.62	4		
<b>SK 10 GD 12T4 ET</b>	17	8	1.85	0.41	0.76	2.2	15	2.38	0.41	2.7	3		
<b>SK 15 GD 12T4 ET</b>	27	15	1.85	0.83	1.52	1.65	21	2.38	0.82	2.34	3		
<b>SK 25 GD 12T4 ET</b>	37	25	1.85	2.27	2.7	1.31	30	2.40	1.28	1.91	3		
<b>SK 35 GD 12T4 ET</b>	44	35	1.85	3.27	3.3	1.21	40	2.30	1.46	1.55	3		
<b>1200 V - NPT IGBT (Standard)</b>													
<b>SK 30 GAR 123<sup>1)</sup></b>	33	25	2.5	3.5	2.6	1	37	2.00	1	1.2	2		
<b>SK 60 GAR 123<sup>1)</sup></b>	58	50	2.5	9.9	5.3	0.6	33	2.00	0.4	2.1	2		
<b>SK 30 GAL 123<sup>1)</sup></b>	33	25	2.5	3.5	2.6	1	37	2.00	1	1.2	2		
<b>SK 60 GAL 123<sup>1)</sup></b>	58	50	2.5	9.9	5.3	0.6	33	2.00	0.4	2.1	2		
<b>SK 60 GM 123 USA<sup>1)</sup></b>	60	50	2.5	7	5.2	0.6	60	2.00	2.4	0.7	2		
<b>SK 20 GB 123<sup>1)</sup></b>	23	15	2.5	2	1.8	1.4	24	2.00	0.6	1.7	2		
<b>SK 30 GB 123<sup>1)</sup></b>	33	25	2.5	3.5	2.6	1	37	2.00	1	1	2		
<b>SK 40 GB 123<sup>1)</sup></b>	40	30	2.5	3.2	3.6	0.85	48	2.00	1	2	2		
<b>SK 60 GB 123<sup>1)</sup></b>	58	50	2.5	7.6	5.1	0.6	57	2.00	2	0.9	3		
<b>SK 10 GH 123<sup>1)</sup></b>	16	10	2.7	1.3	1	1.8	18	2.00	0.4	2.1	2		
<b>SK 20 GH 123<sup>1)</sup></b>	23	15	2.5	2	1.8	1.4	24	2.00	0.6	1.7	2		
<b>SK 30 GH 123<sup>1)</sup></b>	33	25	2.5	3.5	2.5	1	37	2.00	1	1.2	3		
<b>SK 20 GD 123<sup>1)</sup></b>	23	15	2.5	2	1.8	1.4	24	2.00	0.6	1.7	3		
<b>SK 30 GD 123<sup>1)</sup></b>	33	25	2.5	3.5	2.5	1	24	2.00	0.6	1.7	3		

# Modules - IGBT - SEMITOP

Type	IGBT						Diode				Case	Circuit
	$I_c$ @ $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{Cnom}$	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{on}$	$E_{off}$	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$I_F$ @ $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_F$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{rr}$	$R_{th(j-s)}$		
	A	A	V	mJ	mJ	K/W	A	V	mJ	K/W		
<b>1200 V - NPT IGBT (Ultrafast)</b>												
SK 60 GAR 125	51	50	3.2	8.36	3.32	0.6	43	2.00	2	1.16	2	
SK 60 GAL 125	51	50	3.2	8.36	3.32	0.6	43	2.00	2	1.16	2	
SK 60 GB 125	51	50	3.2	8.36	3.32	0.6	57	-	2	0.9	3	
SK 80 GB 125 T	85	75	3.2	9.9	5	0.32	90	2.00	1	0.65	3	

## Footnotes

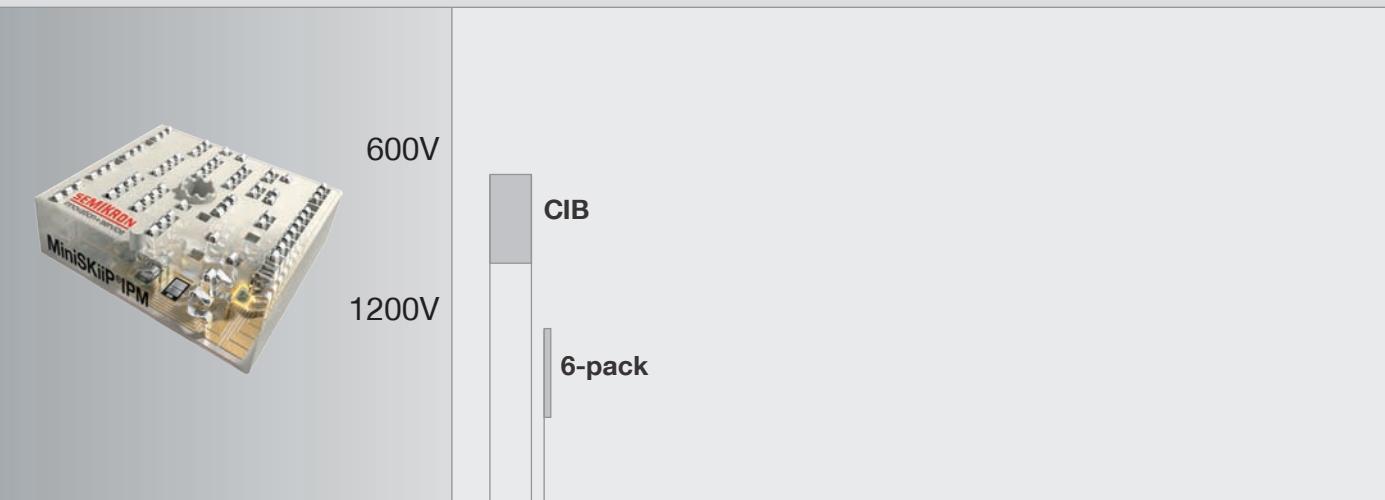
1) Not for New Design

Cases												
<b>SEMITOP 1</b>							<b>SEMITOP 2</b>					
 <p>dimensions in mm tolerance system: ISO 2768-m</p>							 <p>dimensions in mm tolerance system: ISO 2768-m</p>					
<b>SEMITOP 3</b>							<b>SEMITOP 4</b>					
 <p>dimensions in mm tolerance system: ISO 2768-m</p>							 <p>dimensions in mm tolerance system: ISO 2768-m</p>					

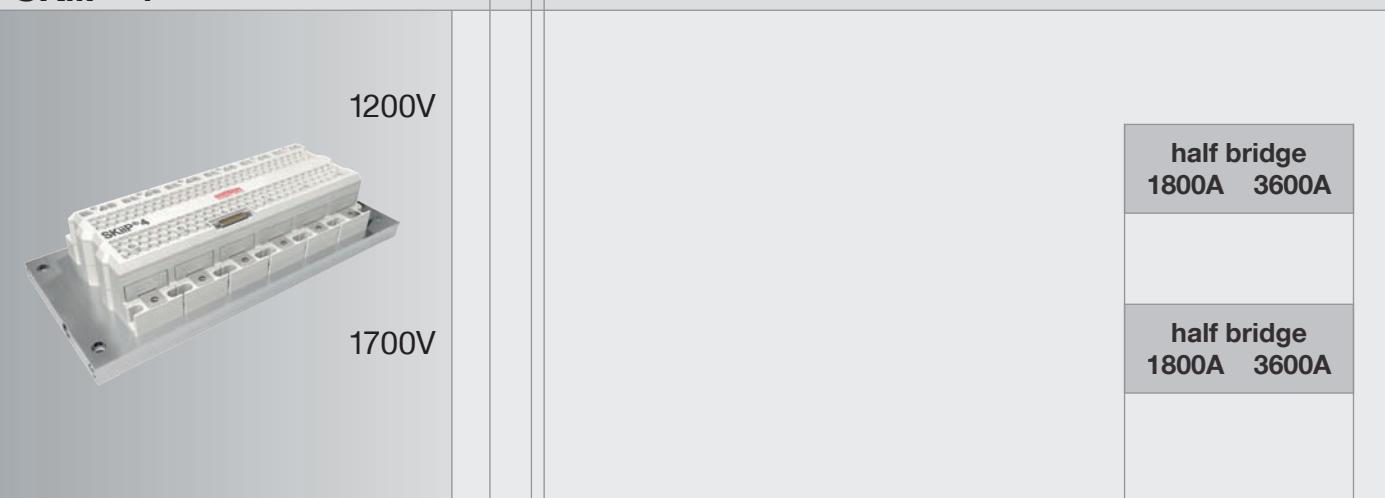
Dimensions in mm

# IPM Intelligent Power Modules

## MiniSKiiP® IPM



## SKiiP® 4



## SKiiP® 3



$I_c @ 25^\circ\text{C}$  [A]  
 $I_c @ 70^\circ\text{C}$  SKiiP®4

42 59 61

600

1000

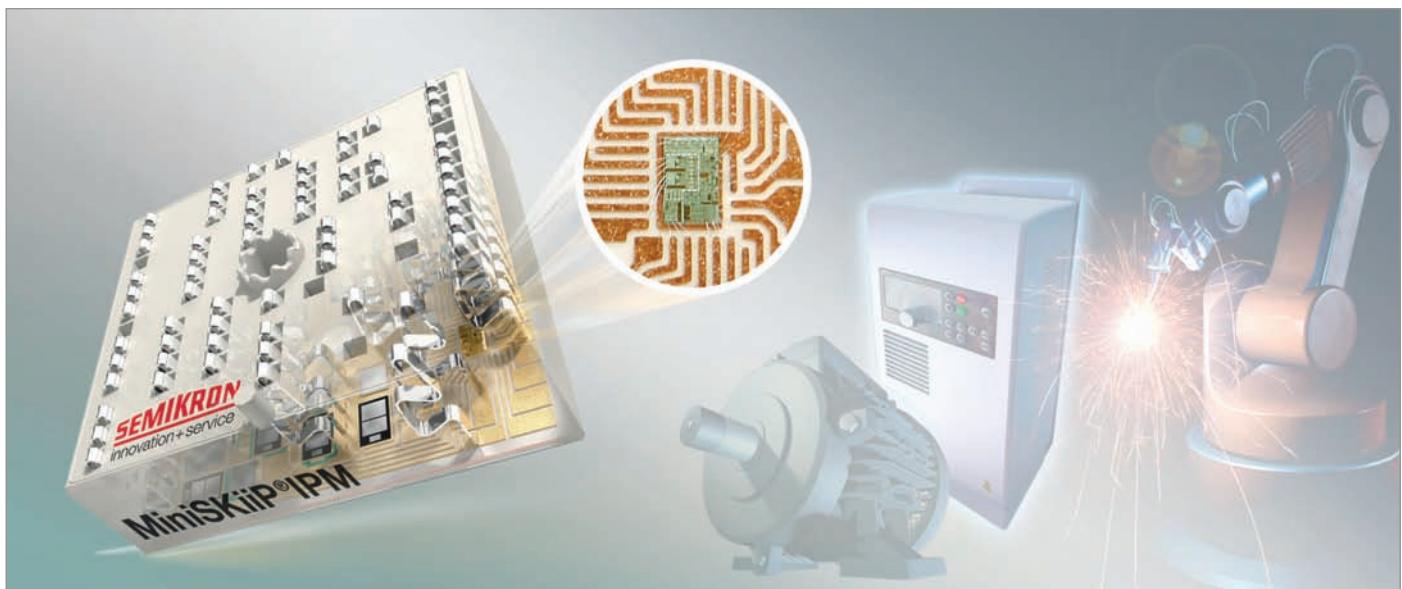
1200

1800

2400

3600

## Compact 3-phase inverter design through high power density



### Applications

MiniSKiiP IPM is SEMIKRON's new intelligent power module family for medium power applications. Each IPM incorporates a latch-up free HVIC SOI gate driver with advanced level shifter concept. The gate driver has a 3.3 V / 5 V / 15 V compatible input signal interface and provides short-circuit current detection using external shunt resistor, integrated under-voltage lockout for all channels and interlock logic with dead time setting for cross conduction protection. A built-in temperature sensor with NTC characteristic enables monitoring of the intelligent power module temperature continuously by the external µC.

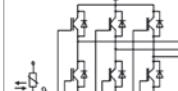
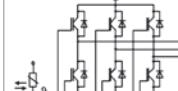
### Product range

MiniSKiiP IPM is suitable for industrial and consumer drives up to 15 kW as well as process control and solar applications. Using state-of the-art Trench-Field-Stop IGBTs, the IPMs are available in 600 V as CIB and 1200 V as 6-pack. The modules are RoHS-compliant.

### Benefits

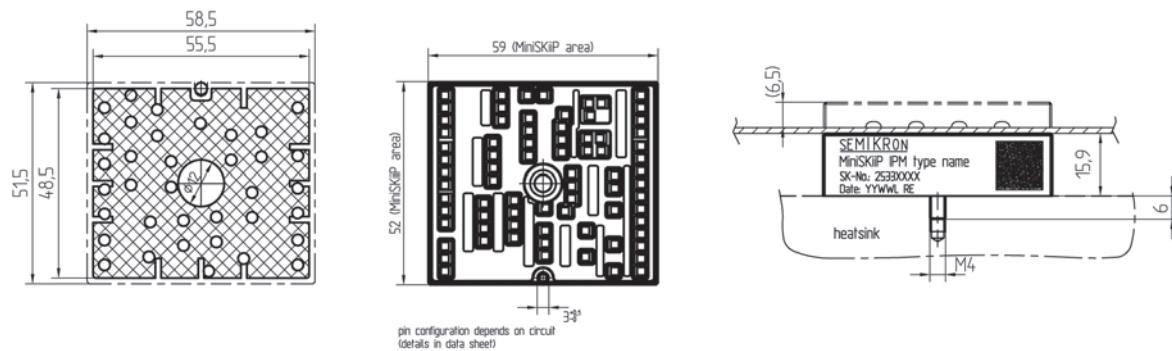
The IPM combines a base plate free package with the established pressure contact technology for quick and easy solder-free assembly. All power, control and auxiliary contacts are connected directly to the printed circuit board via springs resulting in more reliable electrical connections under stronger vibration and shock conditions. The simple one-step mounting of module, printed circuit board and heat sink with one standard screw reduces assembly steps and costs.

# Modules - IPM - MiniSKiiP

Type	$I_c$ @ $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{\text{Cnom}}$	IGBT				Diode				Rectifier		Case	Circuit
	A	A	V	mJ	mJ	K/W	A	V	mJ	K/W	A	K/W		
<b>600 V - IGBT 3 (Trench)</b>														
<b>SKiiP 25NABI066V3</b> <sup>1)</sup>	41	30	1.5	1.3	1	1.4	37	1.6	0.6	1.8	370	1.7	IPM 2	
<b>SKiiP 26NABI066V3</b> <sup>1)</sup>	59	50	1.45	3	2	1.1	51	1.5	1	1.6	370	1.7	IPM 2	
<b>1200 V - IGBT 4 (Trench)</b>														
<b>SKiiP 25ACI12T4V2</b> <sup>1)</sup>	62	50	1.85	7.2	5.6	0.84	59	2.25	3	0.99	-	-	IPM 2	

## Cases

### MiniSKiiP IPM 2



## Footnotes

<sup>1)</sup> New

## SKiiP® 4th generation

### Sintered chips – for high operating temperatures



#### Applications

The success story of the SKiiP family has progressed hand in hand with the advancement of the wind power market. The 4th-generation SKiiP modules are a further improvement of the powerful SKiiP series. The mainstay of SKiiP4 modules is the wind power sector, with approximately 57 GW of the 122 GW of wind power installed worldwide (at the end of 2009) featuring SEMIKRON solutions, in many cases SKiiP technology. Besides wind power applications, SKiiP modules can also be found in elevators, solar power and railway applications - in fact in any area where powerful, safe and reliable IGBT IPMs are a must.

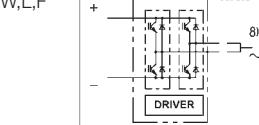
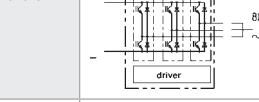
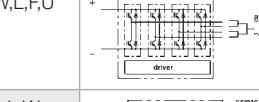
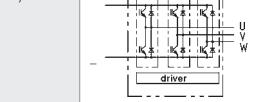
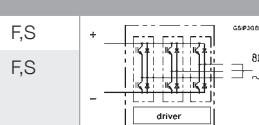
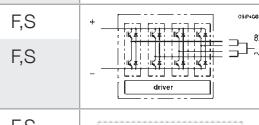
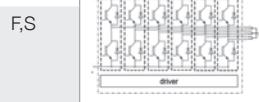
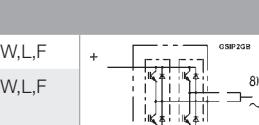
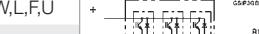
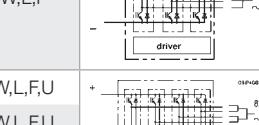
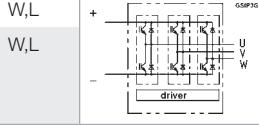
#### Product range

SKiiP4 is available for 1200 V and 1700 V. In both of these voltage classes, SKiiP4 modules come in the topologies 3GB 1800 A, 4GB 2400 A and - new to the SKiiP family - 6GB 3600 A.

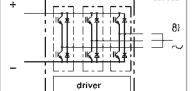
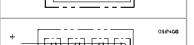
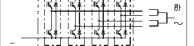
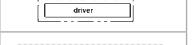
#### Benefits

SKiiP4 is the most powerful IPM on the market. SKiiP4 modules enable the production of converter units with outputs of up to 2.1 MW. The power semiconductors used in SKiiP4 modules can be operated at a junction temperature of up to 175°C. To make sure these components can be reliably used at these temperatures, the power circuitry is 100% solder-free. Instead, sinter technology is used to create a sintered silver layer in place of the solder layer that can limit the service life of power modules. Reliability during active and passive thermal cycling is greatly improved. A further benefit is the better load cycling capability as compared with solder-based modules. The integrated gate driver in the SKiiP4 sets new standards on the reliability and functionality fronts. The digital driver guarantees safe isolation between the primary and secondary side for both switching signals and all measurement parameters, such as temperature and DC link voltage. This means the user no longer has to introduce complex and costly circuit components to provide safe isolation. For the first time, the SKiiP driver features a CANopen diagnosis channel for the integration of additional functions.

# Modules - IPM - SKiiP 3 / 4

Type	IGBT				Diode			Case		Circuit
	$I_c$ @ $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{Cnom}$	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{on} + E_{off}$	$I_f$ @ $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_f$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{rr}$	Case	Options	
	A	A	V	mJ	A	V	mJ			
<b>1200 V - IGBT 3 (Trench) - SKiiP 3</b>										
SKiiP 1213 GB123-2DL V3	1200	1200	1.7	390	930	1.50	56	S23	W,L,F	
SKiiP 1813 GB123-3DL V3	1800	1800	1.7	585	1410	1.50	84	S33	W,L,F,U	
SKiiP 2413 GB123-4DL V3	2400	2400	1.7	780	1860	1.50	112	S43	W,L,F,U	
SKiiP 613 GD123-3DUL V3	600	600	1.7	195	470	1.50	28	S33	L,W	
<b>1200 V - IGBT 4 (Trench) - SKiiP 4</b>										
SKiiP 1814 GB12E4-3DUL	2345	1800	2.01	1260	1776	2.33	150	S34	F,S	
SKiiP 1814 GB12E4-3DUW	2345	1800	2.01	1260	1776	2.33	150	S34	F,S	
SKiiP 2414 GB12E4-4DUL	3109	2400	2.01	1680	2369	2.33	200	S44	F,S	
SKiiP 2414 GB12E4-4DUW	3109	2400	2.01	1680	2369	2.33	200	S44	F,S	
SKiiP 3614 GB12E4-6DUL	4664	3600	2.01	2520	3558	2.33	300	S64	F,S	
SKiiP 3614 GB12E4-6DUW	4664	3600	2.01	2520	3558	2.33	300	S64	F,S	
<b>1700 V - IGBT 3 (Trench) - SKiiP 3</b>										
SKiiP 1013 GB172-2DL V3	1000	1000	1.9	575	830	2.00	86	S23	W,L,F	
SKiiP 1203 GB172-2DW V3	1200	1200	1.9	575	900	2.00	86	S23	W,L,F	
SKiiP 1513 GB172-3DL V3	1500	1500	1.9	863	1250	2.00	128	S33	W,L,F,U	
SKiiP 1803 GB172-3DW V3	1800	1800	1.9	863	1400	2.00	128	S33	W,L,F	
SKiiP 2013 GB172-4DL V3	2000	2000	1.9	1150	1650	2.00	171	S43	W,L,F,U	
SKiiP 2403 GB172-4DW V3	2400	2400	1.9	1150	1800	2.00	171	S43	W,L,F,U	
SKiiP 513 GD172-3DUL V3	500	500	1.9	288	400	1.90	43	S33	W,L	
SKiiP 603 GD172-3DUW V3	570	600	1.9	288	450	1.90	43	S33	W,L	

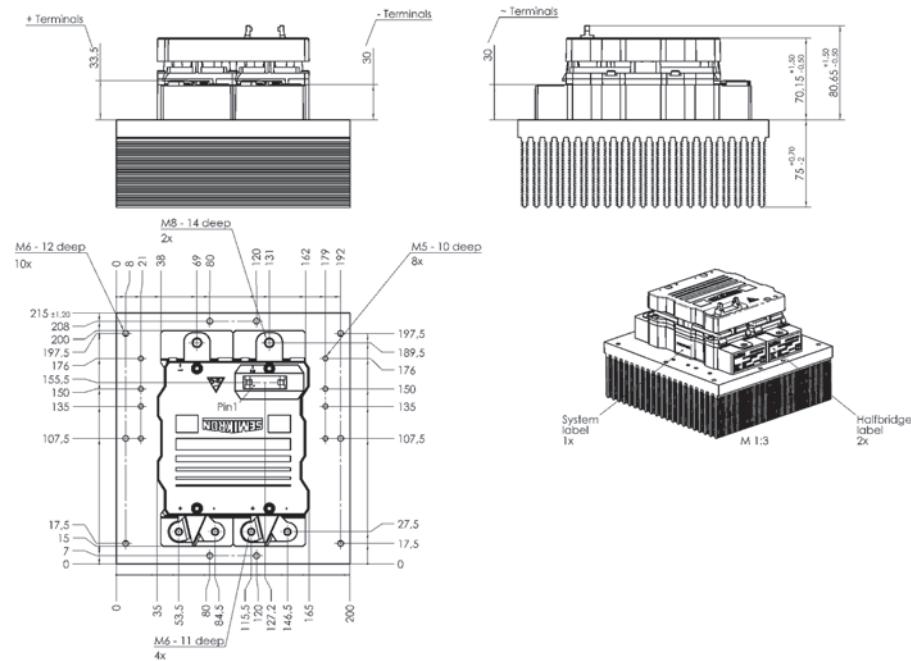
## Modules - IPM - SKiiP 3 / 4

Type			IGBT				Diode		Case Case	Options	Circuit
	$I_C$ @ $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{Cnom}$	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{on} + E_{off}$	$I_F$ @ $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_F$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{rr}$				
	A	A	V	mJ	A	V	mJ				
<b>1700 V - IGBT 4 (Trench) - SKiiP 4</b>											
<b>SKiiP 1814 GB17E4-3DUL</b>	2547	1800	2.12	2130	1771	2.02	342	S34	F,S		
<b>SKiiP 1814 GB17E4-3DUW</b>	2547	1800	2.12	2130	1771	2.02	342	S34	F,S		
<b>SKiiP 2414 GB17E4-4DUL</b>	3385	2400	2.12	2840	2362	2.02	456	S44	F,S		
<b>SKiiP 2414 GB17E4-4DUW</b>	3385	2400	2.12	2840	2362	2.02	456	S44	F,S		
<b>SKiiP 3614 GB17E4-6DUL</b>	5078	3600	2.12	6840	3547	2.02	684	S64	F,S		
<b>SKiiP 3614 GB17E4-6DUW</b>	5078	3600	2.12	6840	3547	2.02	684	S64	F,S		

# Modules - IPM - SKiiP 3 / 4

## Cases SKiiP 3

### Case S 23 mounted on P3016 heat sink



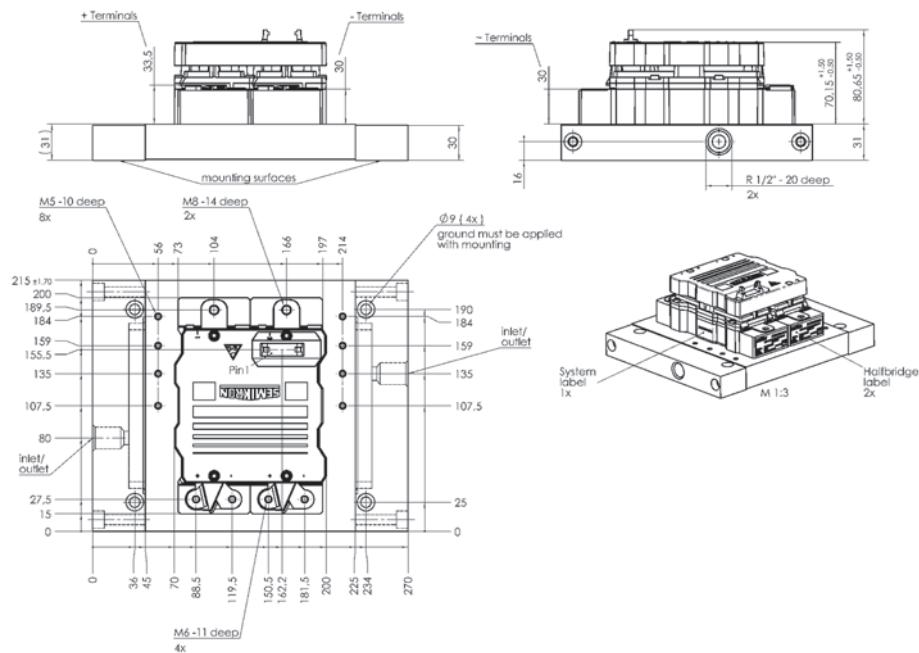
weight without heat sink:

**1,7 kg**

P3016:

**4,4 kg**

### Case S 23 mounted on liquid cooled heat sink NWK 40



NWK 40:

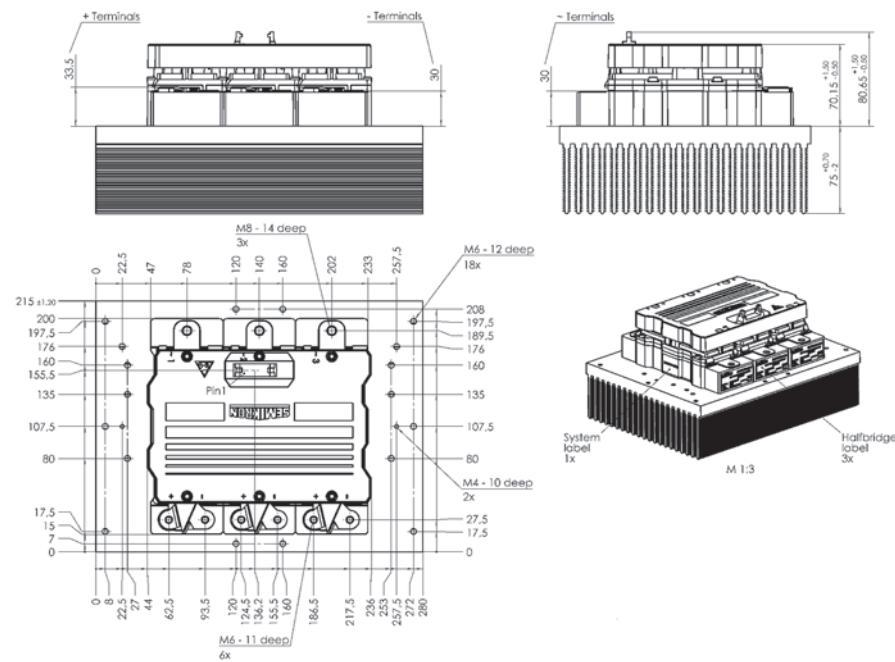
**2,8 kg**

Dimensions in mm

# Modules - IPM - SKiiP 3 / 4

## Cases SKiiP 3

### Case S 33 mounted on P3016 heat sink



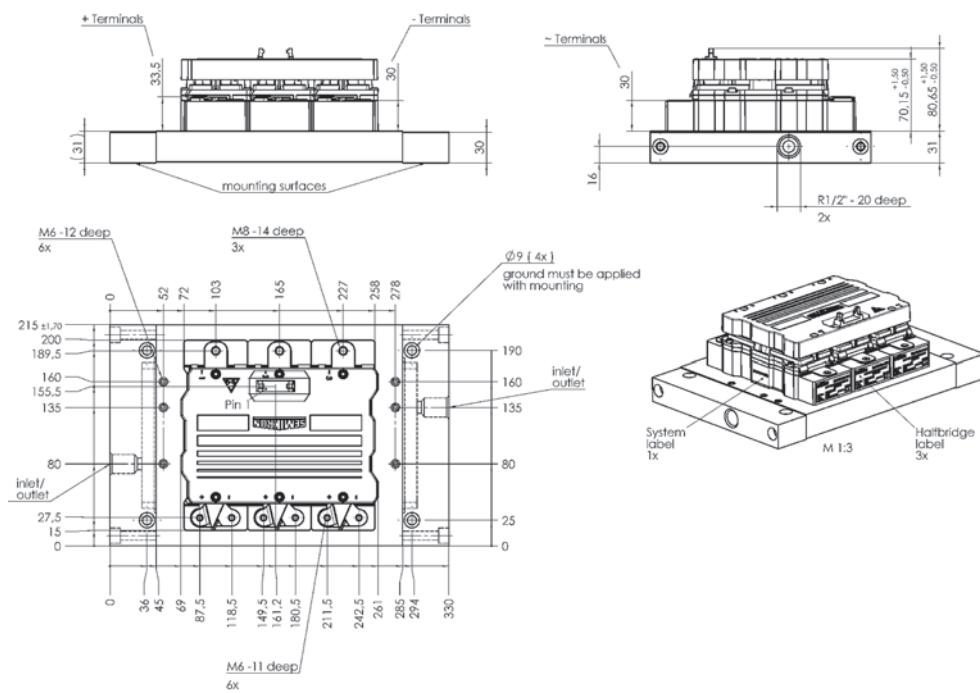
weight without heat sink:

2,4 kg

P3016:

6,2 kg

### Case S 33 mounted on liquid cooled heat sink NWK 40



NWK 40:

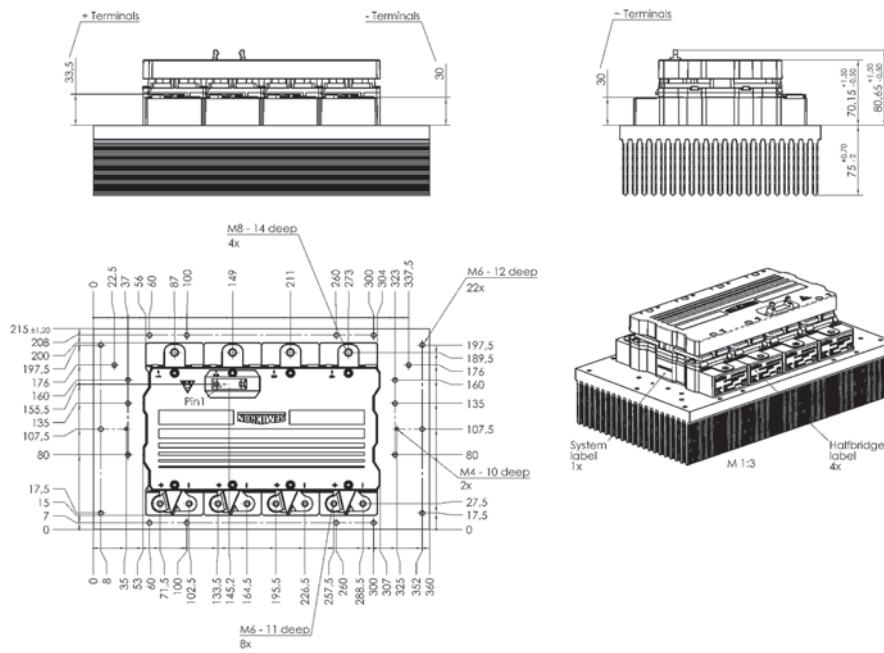
5,2 kg

Dimensions in mm

# Modules - IPM - SKiiP 3 / 4

## Cases SKiiP 3

### Case S 43 mounted on P3016 heat sink



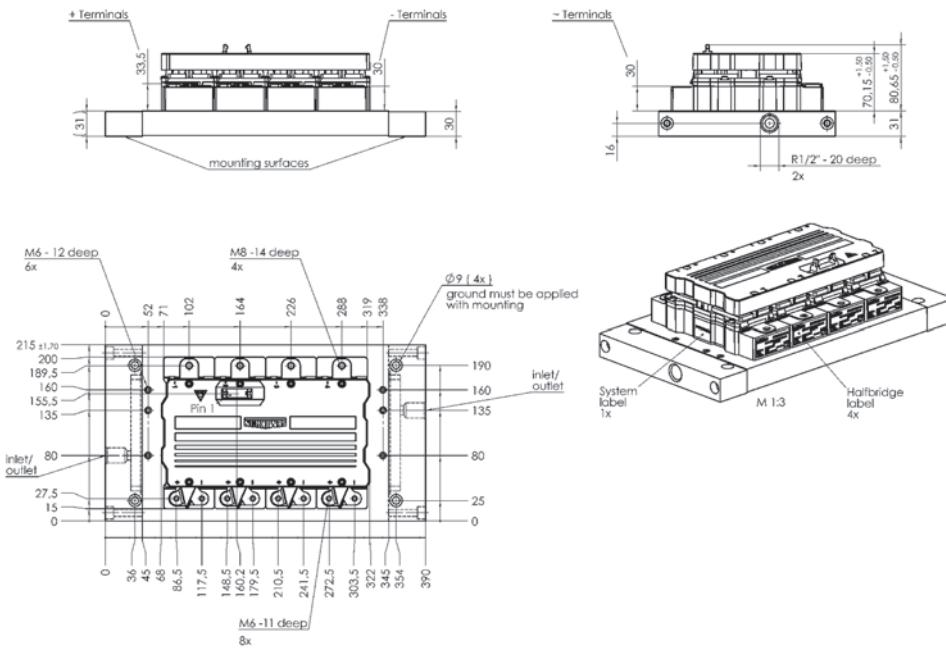
weight without heat sink:

3,1 kg

P3016:

8,0 kg

### Case S 43 mounted on liquid cooled heat sink NWK 40



NWK 40:

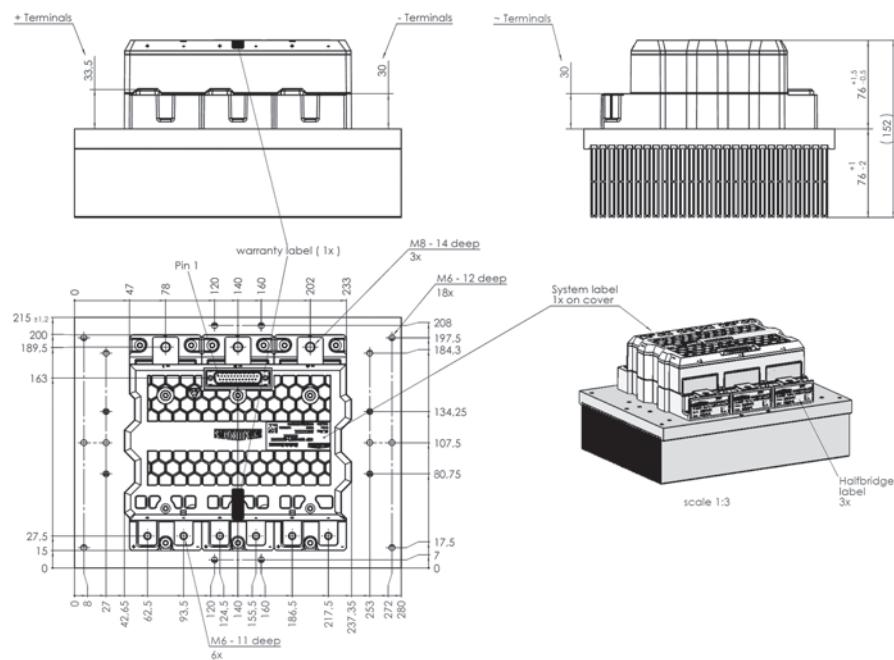
6,2 kg

Dimensions in mm

# Modules - IPM - SKiiP 3 / 4

## Cases SKiiP 4

### Case S 34 mounted on P4016 heat sink



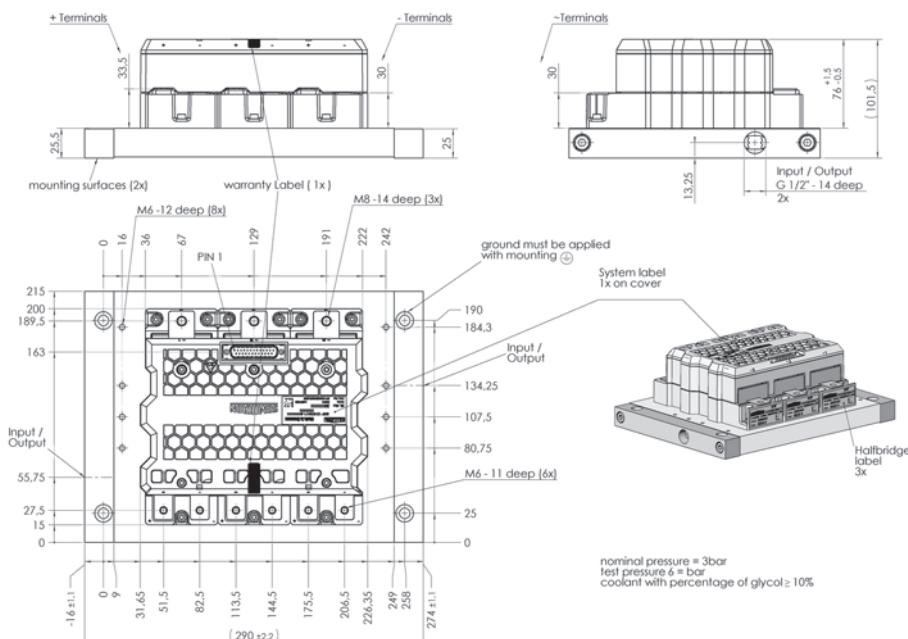
weight without heat sink:

**2,48 kg**

P4016:

**5,9 kg**

### Case S 34 mounted on liquid cooled heat sink NHC



NHC:

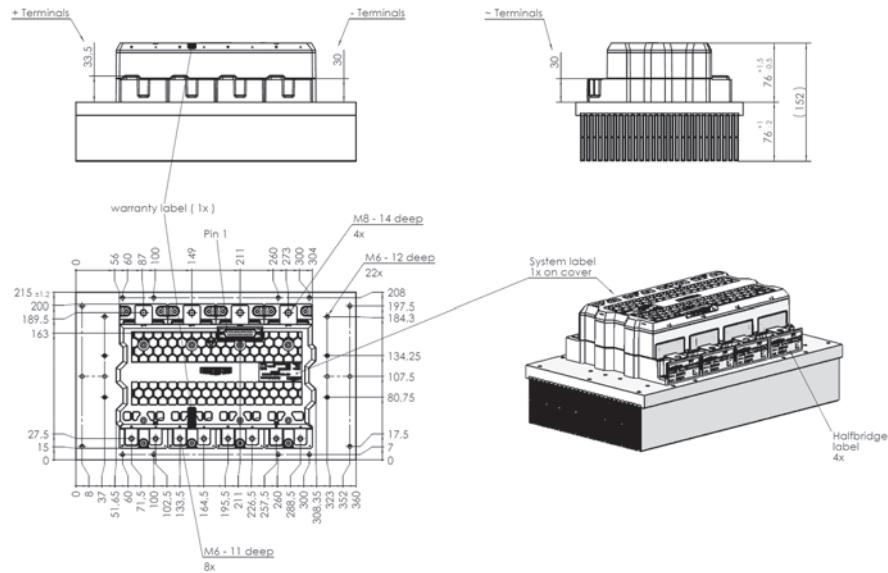
**3,49 kg**

Dimensions in mm

# Modules - IPM - SKiiP 3 / 4

## Cases SKiiP 4

### Case S 44 mounted on P4016 heat sink



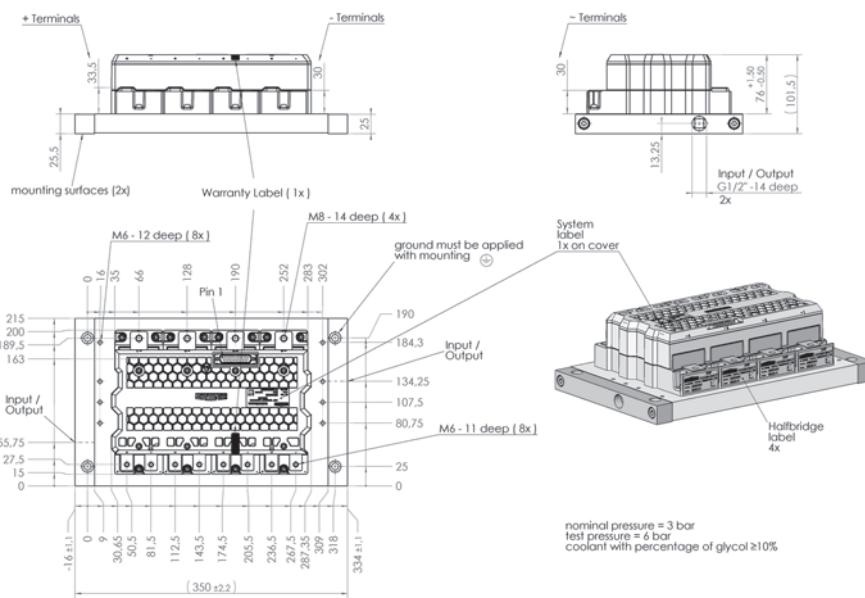
weight without heat sink:

**3,22 kg**

P4016:

**7,55 kg**

### Case S 44 mounted on liquid cooled heat sink NHC



NHC:

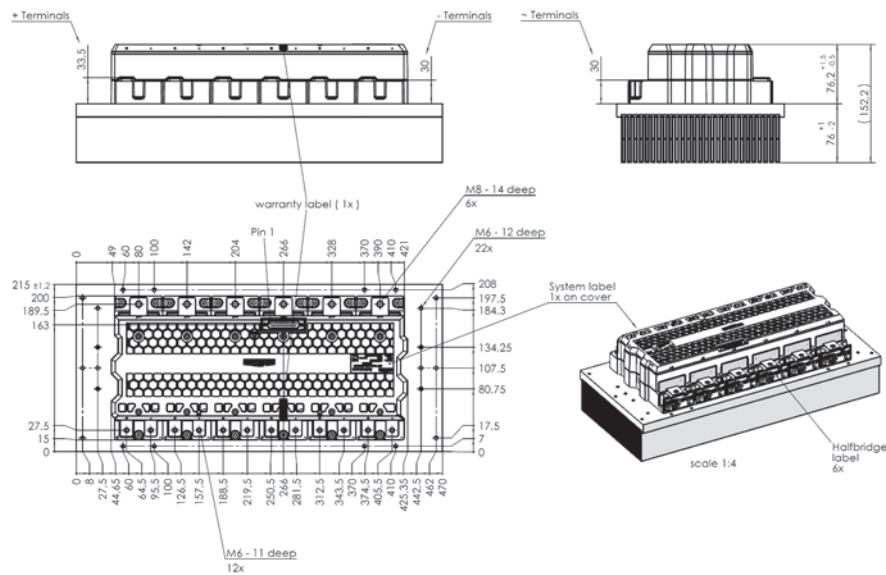
**4,25 kg**

Dimensions in mm

# Modules - IPM - SKiiP 3 / 4

## Cases SKiiP 4

### Case S 64 mounted on P4016 heat sink



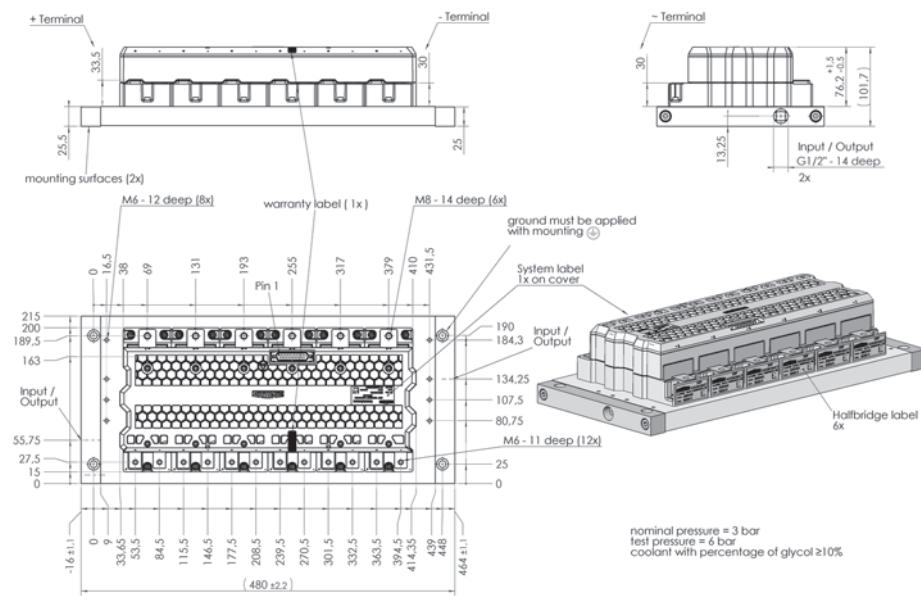
weight without heat sink:

**4,84 kg**

P4016:

**9,9 kg**

### Case S 64 mounted on liquid cooled heat sink NHC



NHC:

**5,77 kg**

Dimensions in mm

# CIB Converter Inverter Brake Modules

## MiniSKiiP®



6A	600V	100A
4A	1200V	100A

## SEMITOP®



10A	600V	200A
10A	1200V	100A

$I_{Cnom}$  [A] 4 6 10

100 200

# Modules - CIB - MiniSKiiP

Type	IGBT						Diode			Rectifier		Case	Circuit
	$I_c$ @ $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{Cnom}$	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{on}$	$E_{off}$	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$I_F$ @ $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_F$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{rr}$	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$I_{FSM}$ @ $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$R_{th(j-s)}$	
A	A	V	mJ	mJ	K/W	A	V	mJ	K/W	A	K/W		
<b>600 V - IGBT 3 (Trench)</b>													
<b>SKiiP 01NEC066V3</b>	12	6	1.45	0.3	0.2	2.4	12	1.30	0.2	3	220	1.5	II 0
<b>SKiiP 02NEC066V3</b>	20	10	1.45	0.5	0.3	2	20	1.30	0.5	2.5	220	1.5	II 0
<b>SKiiP 03NEC066V3</b>	27	15	1.45	0.6	0.5	1.8	28	1.40	0.5	2.5	220	1.5	II 0
<b>SKiiP 12NAB066V1</b>	20	10	1.45	0.5	0.3	2	20	1.30	0.5	2.5	220	1.5	II 1
<b>SKiiP 13NAB066V1</b>	27	15	1.45	0.6	0.5	1.8	28	1.40	0.5	2.5	220	1.5	II 1
<b>SKiiP 14NAB066V1</b>	33	20	1.45	0.75	0.7	1.6	31	1.60	0.55	2.5	220	1.5	II 1
<b>SKiiP 25NAB066V1</b>	43	30	1.45	0.9	1.2	1.35	39	1.50	1.1	2.1	370	1.5	II 2
<b>SKiiP 26NAB066V1</b>	65	50	1.45	1.6	1.6	0.95	56	1.50	1.3	1.6	370	1.5	II 2
<b>SKiiP 25NEB066V1</b>	43	30	1.45	0.9	1.2	1.35	39	1.50	1.1	2.1	370	1.5	II 2
<b>600 V - NPT IGBT (Ultrafast)</b>													
<b>SKiiP 11NAB065V1<sup>1)</sup></b>	12	6	2	0.3	0.2	1.9	12	1.30	0.2	2.5	220	1.5	II 1
<b>SKiiP 12NAB065V1<sup>1)</sup></b>	20	10	2	0.3	0.3	1.5	20	1.40	0.2	2.5	220	1.5	II 1
<b>SKiiP 13NAB065V1<sup>1)</sup></b>	24	15	2	0.6	0.3	1.4	26	1.40	0.4	2.2	220	1.5	II 1
<b>SKiiP 14NAB065V1<sup>1)</sup></b>	29	20	2	0.7	0.4	1.25	26	1.60	0.4	2.2	370	1.25	II 1
<b>1200 V - IGBT 3 (Trench)</b>													
<b>SKiiP 11NAB126V1<sup>1)</sup></b>	16	8	1.7	0.8	1	1.5	14	1.90	0.9	2.5	220	1.5	II 1
<b>SKiiP 12NAB126V1<sup>1)</sup></b>	28	15	1.7	2	1.9	1.15	26	1.60	1.3	1.95	220	1.5	II 1
<b>SKiiP 23NAB126V1<sup>1)</sup></b>	41	25	1.7	3.5	3	0.9	30	1.80	2.5	1.7	370	1.25	II 2
<b>SKiiP 23NAB126V10<sup>1)</sup></b>	41	25	1.7	3.5	3	0.9	30	1.80	2.5	1.7	635	0.9	II 2
<b>SKiiP 24NAB126V1<sup>1)</sup></b>	52	35	1.7	4.6	4	0.75	38	1.80	3.3	1.5	370	1.25	II 2
<b>SKiiP 24NAB126V10<sup>1)</sup></b>	52	35	1.7	4.6	4	0.75	38	1.80	3.3	1.5	635	0.9	II 2
<b>SKiiP 35NAB126V1<sup>1)</sup></b>	73	50	1.7	6.5	6.1	0.55	62	1.60	4.7	1	700	0.9	II 3
<b>SKiiP 36NAB126V1<sup>1)</sup></b>	88	70	1.7	9	7.7	0.5	91	1.50	7.5	0.7	700	0.9	II 3
<b>1200 V - IGBT 4 (Trench)</b>													
<b>SKiiP 02NAC12T4V1</b>	6	4	1.85	0.66	0.37	2.49	7.5	1.8	0.34	2.53	220	1.5	II 0
<b>SKiiP 03NAC12T4V1</b>	7.5	8	1.85	0.9	0.7	1.84	9	2.3	0.5	2.53	220	1.5	II 0
<b>SKiiP 10NAB12T4V1</b>	6	4	1.85	0.66	0.37	2.49	7.5	1.8	0.34	2.53	220	1.5	II 1
<b>SKiiP 11NAB12T4V1</b>	12	8	1.85	0.87	0.74	1.84	15	2.3	0.57	2.53	220	1.5	II 1
<b>SKiiP 12NAB12T4V1</b>	18	15	1.85	1.4	1.3	1.3	23	2.40	1.1	1.92	220	1.5	II 1
<b>SKiiP 23NAB12T4V1</b>	37	25	1.85	2.65	2.3	1.2	32	2.40	1.6	1.52	370	1.25	II 2
<b>SKiiP 24NAB12T4V1</b>	48	35	1.85	4.3	3.25	1	44	2.3	2.4	1.2	370	1.25	II 2
<b>SKiiP 34NAB12T4V1</b>	52	35	1.85	4.3	3.3	0.85	44	2.3	2.4	1.2	370	1.25	II 3
<b>SKiiP 35NAB12T4V1</b>	69	50	1.85	6	4.7	0.71	60	2.25	3.4	0.95	700	0.9	II 3
<b>SKiiP 37NAB12T4V1</b>	90	75	1.85	9.7	6.8	0.58	83	2.2	4.9	0.75	700	0.9	II 3
<b>SKiiP 38NAB12T4V1</b>	115	100	1.8	11.2	10	0.48	99	2.2	6.5	0.66	1000	0.7	II 3

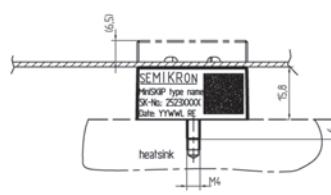
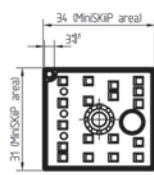
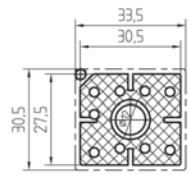
## Footnotes

<sup>1)</sup> Not for New Design

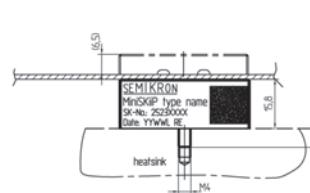
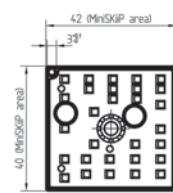
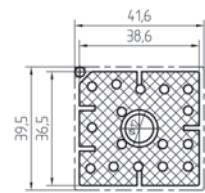
# Modules - CIB - MiniSKiiP

## Cases

### MiniSKiiP II 0

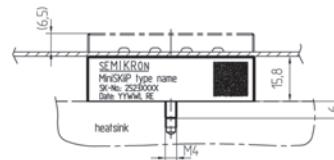
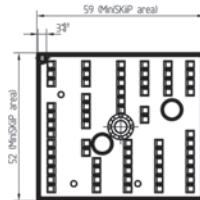
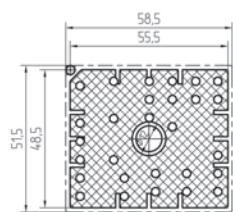


### MiniSKiiP II 1



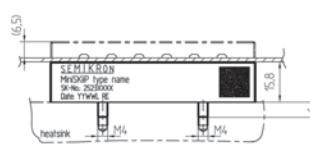
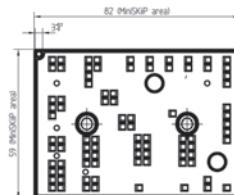
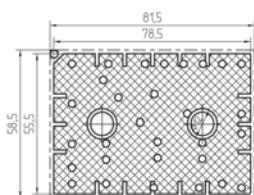
pin configuration depends on circuit  
(details in data sheet)

### MiniSKiiP II 2



pin configuration depends on circuit  
(details in data sheet)

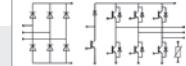
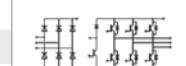
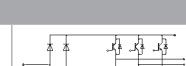
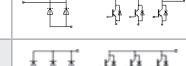
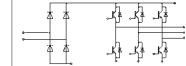
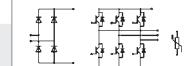
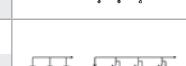
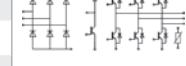
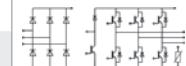
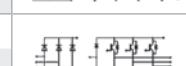
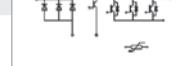
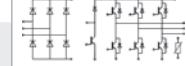
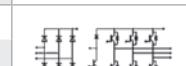
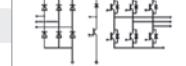
### MiniSKiiP II 3



pin configuration depends on circuit  
(details in data sheet)

**Dimensions in mm**

# Modules - CIB - SEMITOP

Type	IGBT							Diode				Rectifier		Case	Circuit
	$I_c$ @ $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{Cnom}$	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{on}$	$E_{off}$	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$I_F$ @ $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_F$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{rr}$	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$I_{FSM}$ @ $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$R_{th(j-s)}$			
	A	A	V	mJ	mJ	K/W	A	V	mJ	K/W	A	K/W			
<b>600 V - IGBT 3 (Trench)</b>															
<b>SK 20 DGDL 066 ET</b>	30	20	1.45	0.3	0.6	1.95	27	1.40	0.2	2.46	220	2.15	3		
<b>SK 30 DGDL 066 ET</b>	40	30	1.45	0.55	1.15	1.65	36	1.50	0.53	2.3	370	1.7	3		
<b>SK 50 DGDL 066 T</b>	69	50	1.45	2.2	1.74	0.95	54	1.35	0.73	1.6	370	1.5	4		
<b>SK 75 DGDL 066 T</b>	81	75	1.45	3.1	2.8	0.75	64	1.35	0.9	1.2	700	0.9	4		
<b>SK 100 DGDL 066 T</b>	106	100	1.45	4.4	3.5	0.65	99	1.10	1.45	0.8	700	0.9	4		
<b>600 V - NPT IGBT (Ultrafast)</b>															
<b>SK 8 BGD 065 E<sup>1)</sup></b>	12	6	2	0.22	0.12	2.6	13	1.35	-	2.7	220	2.15	2		
<b>SK 9 DGD 065 ET</b>	12	6	2	0.22	0.12	2.6	20	1.35	0.31	2.7	220	2.15	3		
<b>SK 20 DGD 065 ET</b>	26	20	2	0.66	0.4	1.7	25	1.60	-	1.7	370	1.7	3		
<b>SK 25 DGD 065 ET<sup>1)</sup></b>	30	20	1.8	0.8	0.55	1.4	36	1.45	-	1.7	370	1.7	3		
<b>SK 9 BGD 065 ET</b>	12	6	2	0.22	0.12	2.6	20	1.35	0.31	2.7	220	2.15	3		
<b>SK 10 BGD 065 ET</b>	17	6	2	0.18	0.13	2	22	1.30	0.18	2.3	220	2.7	3		
<b>SK 8 DGDL 065 ET<sup>1)</sup></b>	12	6	2	0.22	0.12	2.6	13	1.35	-	2.7	-	2.8	3		
<b>SK 10 DGDL 065 ET</b>	17	6	2	0.18	0.13	2	22	1.30	0.18	2.3	220	2.7	3		
<b>SK 15 DGDL 065 ET<sup>1)</sup></b>	19	10	2	0.3	0.22	1.9	22	1.40	0.24	2.3	220	2.7	3		
<b>SK 20 DGDL 065 ET</b>	24	20	2	0.69	0.39	1.7	25	1.60	-	1.7	220	2	3		
<b>1200 V - IGBT 3 (Trench)</b>															
<b>SK 10 DGDL 126 ET</b>	15	8	1.7	1	1	2	25	1.90	1.4	2.1	220	2.7	3		
<b>SK 15 DGDL 126 ET</b>	22	15	1.7	2	1.8	1.6	25	1.60	1.1	2.1	220	2	3		
<b>SK 25 DGDL 126 T</b>	41	25	1.7	2.8	3.1	0.9	30	1.50	2	1.7	370	1.5	4		
<b>SK 35 DGDL 126 T</b>	52	35	1.7	3.7	4.8	0.75	38	1.50	3	1.5	370	1.25	4		
<b>SK 50 DGDL 126 T</b>	68	50	1.7	4.6	6.3	0.6	62	1.35	3.6	1	700	0.9	4		
<b>1200 V - IGBT 4 (Trench)</b>															
<b>SK 10 DGDL 12T4 ET</b>	17	8	1.85	0.41	0.75	2.2	15	2.38	0.41	2.7	220	2	3		
<b>SK 15 DGDL 12T4 ET</b>	27	15	1.85	0.82	1.52	1.65	21	2.38	0.82	2.34	220	2	3		
<b>SK 25 DGDL 12T4 T</b>	45	25	1.85	2.27	2.7	0.96	30	2.40	-	1.7	370	1.25	4		
<b>SK 35 DGDL 12T4 T</b>	58	35	1.85	3.27	3.3	0.8	46	2.30	1.46	1.37	370	1.25	4		
<b>SK 50 DGDL 12T4 T</b>	75	50	1.85	8.3	5	0.65	60	2.22	2.15	0.97	700	0.9	4		

For detailed case drawings please see page 23

## Footnotes

<sup>1)</sup> Not for New Design

# MOSFET Modules

## SEMITRANS®



single switch

100V/200V  
130A      200A

## SEMITOP®



6-pack  
H-bridge  
Half bridge

55V, 75V, 100V  
80A      290A

$I_D @ 25^\circ\text{C}$  [A]

80

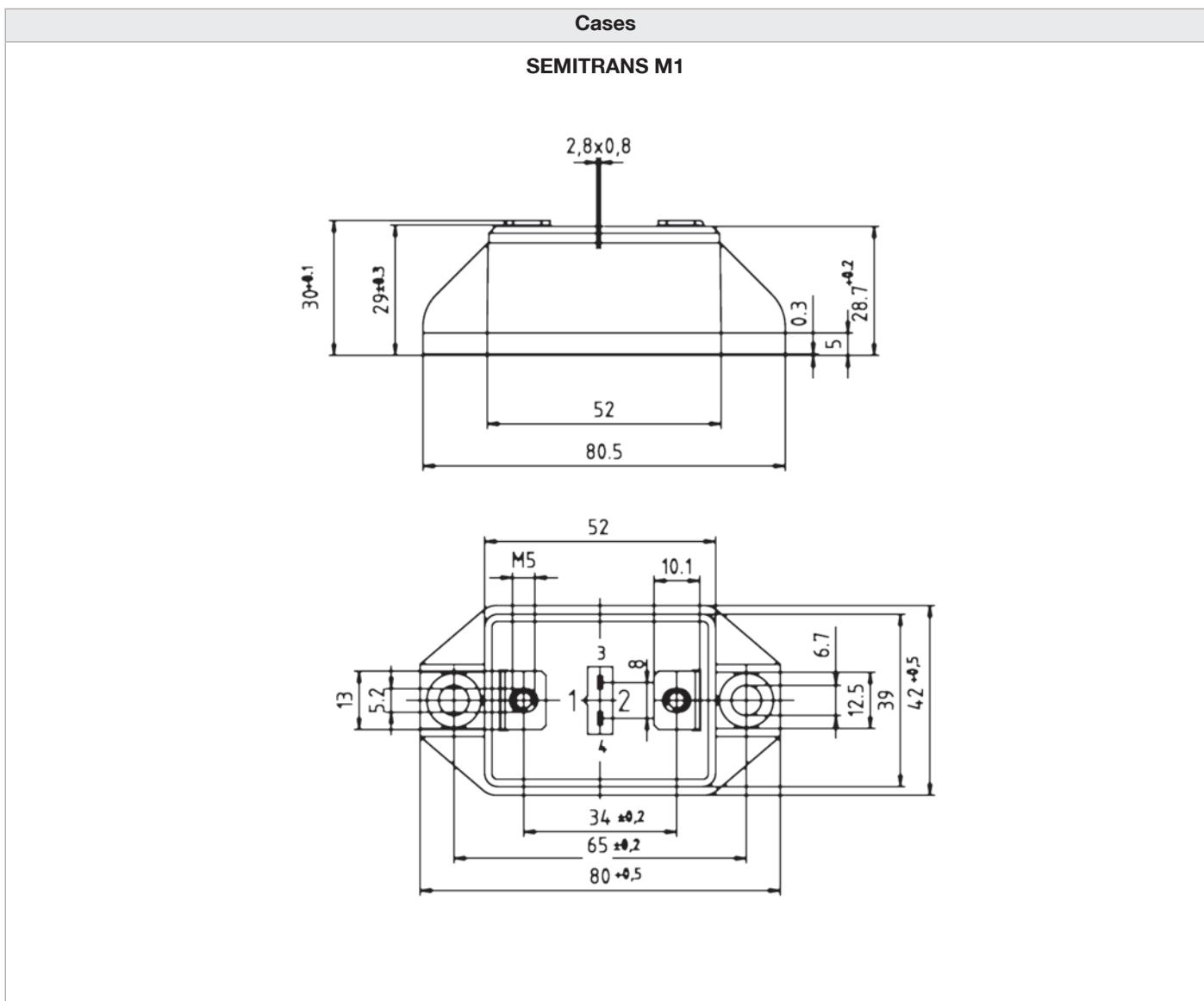
130

200

290

# Modules - MOSFET - SEMITRANS

Type	$V_{DS}$ V	$I_D$ @ $T_c = 25^\circ C$	$R_{DS(on)}$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ C$ typ. mΩ	$R_{th(j-c)}$ K/W	Case	Circuit
<b>100 V</b>						
<b>SKM 111 AR</b>	100	200	7	0.18	M1	
<b>200 V</b>						
<b>SKM 121 AR<sup>1)</sup></b>	200	130	18	0.18	M1	
<b>SKM 180 A020</b>	200	180	9	0.18	M1	

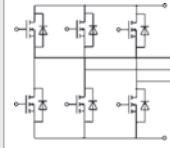
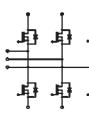
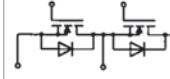
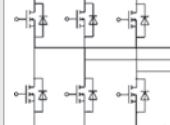
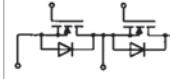
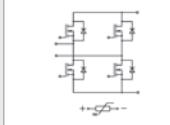
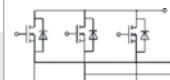
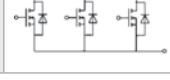


Dimensions in mm

## Footnotes

<sup>1)</sup> Not for New Design

# Modules - MOSFET - SEMITOP

Type	$V_{DS}$ V	$I_D$ @ $T_c = 25^\circ C$ A	$R_{DS(on)}$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ C$ typ. mΩ	$R_{th(j-s)}$ K/W	Case	Circuit
<b>55 V</b>						
<b>SK 150 MHK 055 T<sup>1)</sup></b>	55	240	1.1	0.8	3	
<b>SK 80 MD 055<sup>1)</sup></b>	55	117	2.2	1.1	2	
<b>SK 80 MBBB 055</b>	55	117	2.2	1.1	3	
<b>75 V</b>						
<b>SK 300 MB 075</b>	75	290	-	0.45	3	
<b>SK 70 MD 075<sup>1)</sup></b>	75	100	6.2	1.1	2	
<b>100 V</b>						
<b>SK 260 MB 10</b>	100	230	-	0.45	3	
<b>SK 85 MH 10 T</b>	100	80	-	1.1	2	
<b>SK 115 MD 10<sup>1)</sup></b>	100	80	-	1.1	3	
<b>SK 60 MD 10<sup>1)</sup></b>	100	80	-	1.1	2	

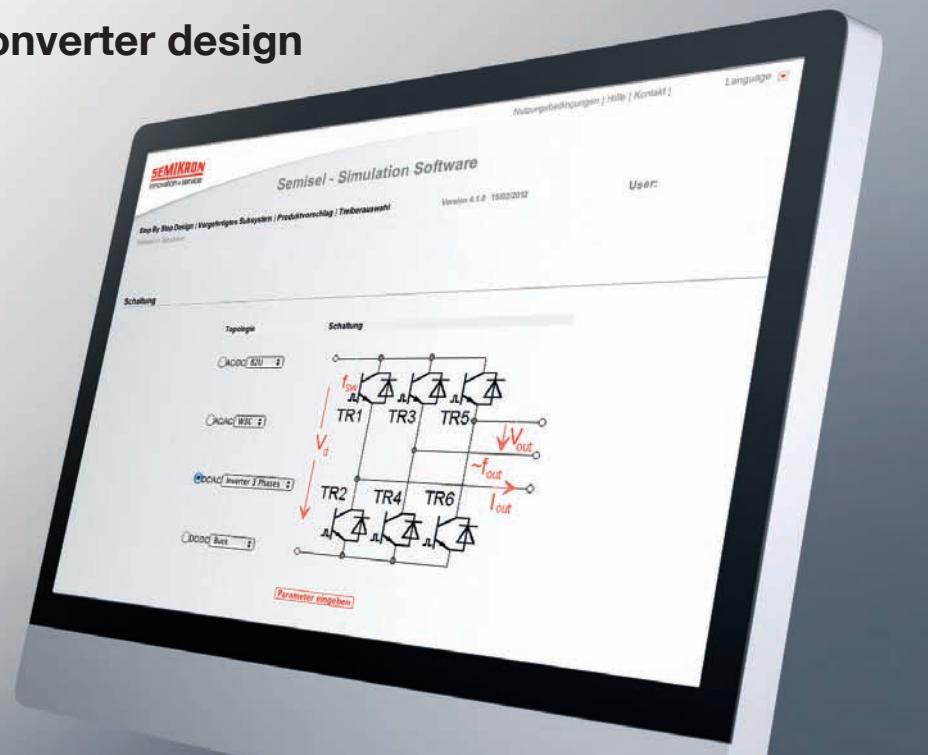
For detailed case drawings please see page 23

## Footnotes

<sup>1)</sup> Not for New Design

# SemiSel

Free help with your converter design



## Applications

SemiSel is the SEMIKRON online calculation and simulation tool for losses, temperatures and optimum choice of power electronic components ([www.semikron.com](http://www.semikron.com)). Due to ever-present cost pressure, the optimum choice of power conductor components is a must. The days when a module was purchased solely on the basis of its nominal current are over. Today, increased product diversity in the field of power semiconductors calls for comparisons over and above the information contained in data sheets. Only a comparison under application-oriented conditions such as voltage level, switching frequency or cooling conditions can demonstrate differences in the performance of the devices available. Miniaturisation coupled with higher power densities makes it essential to have the right thermal design for heat dissipation.

<http://semisel.semikron.com>

## Benefits

The risk arising from variations in both component and electrical circuit parameters should be considered in proper circuit design. These facts are only a few of the many points that have to be considered when developing a power electronic system. And this is where efficient support is provided by SemiSel to enable developers to make the right decisions. Many manufacturers of power semiconductors offer tools for device selection but SemiSel is still the most comprehensive free tool of this kind which can be used to investigate different power electronic circuits under different operating conditions. This program has been available online since 2001 and has been continually improved and expanded since its introduction. It provides a good compromise of user-friendliness, application fields and speed. The calculation functions range from product proposal for nominal operating conditions to drivers and heat sink specifications to product selections for specific overload conditions and complex calculations such as complete load cycles that factor in temperature cycling problems.

# Thyristor / Diode Modules

## SEMIPACK® 6



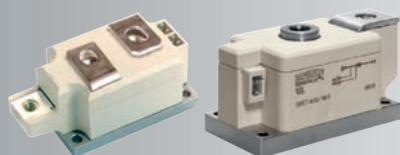
1400V-2200V  
740A 1200A

## SEMIPACK® 5



1200V-2200V  
460A 700A

## SEMIPACK® 3,4



800V-2200V  
210A 600A

## SEMIPACK® 2



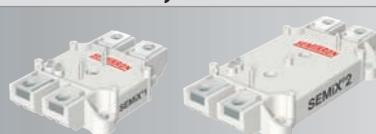
122A 200V-  
2200V 212A

## SEMIPACK® 0,1



400V-  
2200V

## SEMiX® 1, 2



1600V  
140A 300A

## SEMITOP® 1, 2, 3



800V-  
1600V

## SEMIPONT® 5



1200V-  
1600V

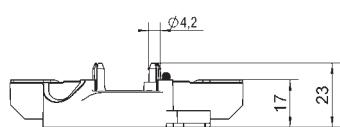
$I_{AV}[A]$  15 18 85 105 140 210/212 300 460 600 700 740 1200  
122/124

# Modules - Thyristor / Diode - SEMiX

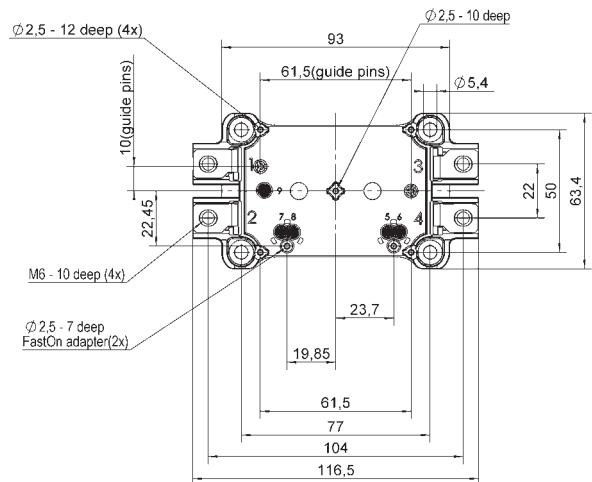
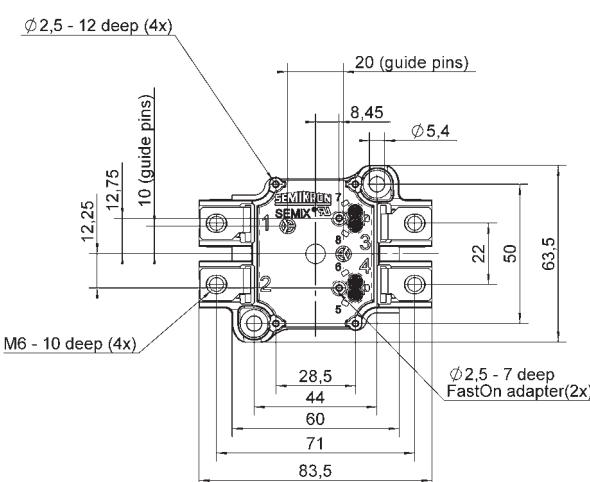
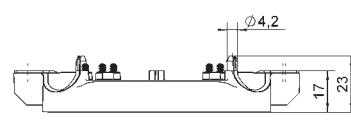
Type	$V_{RRM}$ V	$V_{DRM}$	$I_{TAV}$ @ $T_c$	$T_c$ °C	$I_{TSM}$ @ $T_{jmax}$	$I_{FSM}$	$V_{T(TO)}$ @ $T_{jmax}$	$r_T$ @ $T_{jmax}$	$R_{th(j-c)}$ per chip	$R_{th(c-s)}$ per module	$T_j$ °C	Case	Circuit
	A	A	A		V	mΩ	K/W	K/W	K/W	K/W			
SEMiX191KD16s	1600	190	85	5000	0.85	0.95	0.18	0.075	-40 ... +130	1s	○	○	○
SEMiX302KD16s	1600	300	85	7500	0.85	1.1	0.091	0.045	-40 ... +130	2s	○	○	○
SEMiX171KH16s	1600	170	85	4800	0.85	1.5	0.18	0.075	-40 ... +130	1s	○	○	○
SEMiX302KH16s	1600	300	85	8000	0.85	1.1	0.091	0.045	-40 ... +130	2s	○	○	○
SEMiX141KT16s	1600	140	85	3000	0.85	2.1	0.21	0.075	-40 ... +130	1s	○	○	○
SEMiX302KT16s	1600	300	85	8000	0.85	1.7	0.091	0.045	-40 ... +130	2s	○	○	○

## Cases

SEMiX 1s

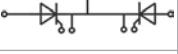
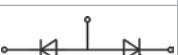
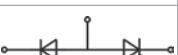
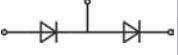


SEMiX 2s



Dimensions in mm

# Modules - Thyristor / Diode - SEMIPACK

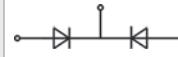
Type	V <sub>RRM</sub> V	V <sub>DRM</sub>	I <sub>TAV</sub> @T <sub>C</sub>	T <sub>C</sub>	I <sub>TSM</sub> @T <sub>jmax</sub>	I <sub>FSM</sub>	V <sub>T(TO)</sub> @T <sub>jmax</sub>	r <sub>T</sub> @T <sub>jmax</sub>	R <sub>th(j-c)</sub> cont. per chip	R <sub>th(c-s)</sub> per chip	T <sub>j</sub>	Case	Circuit	
	V	A	A	°C	A	V	mΩ	K/W	K/W	K/W	K/W	°C		
<b>SKET 330</b>	800-2200	295	85	8000	1.2	0.55	0.09	0.02	-40 ... +130	4				
<b>SKET 400</b>	800-1800	392	85	12000	0.92	0.3	0.09	0.02	-40 ... +130	4				
<b>SKKE 15</b>	600-1600	14	85	280	0.85	15	2	0.2	-40 ... +125	0				
<b>SKKE 81</b>	400-2200	82	85	1750	0.85	1.8	0.4	0.2	-40 ... +125	1				
<b>SKKE 162</b>	800-1800	195	85	5000	0.85	1.2	0.17	0.1	-40 ... +135	2				
<b>SKKE 380</b>	1200-1600	380	100	10000	0.8	0.35	0.11	0.04	-40 ... +150	3				
<b>SKKE 600</b>	1200-2200	600	100	18000	0.75	0.25	0.07	0.02	-40 ... +150	4				
<b>SKKE 1200</b>	1800-2200	1180	85	40000	0.72	0.19	0.0385	0.01	-40 ... +125	6				
<b>SKET 740</b>	1800-2200	700	85	31000	0.88	0.28	0.0405	0.01	-40 ... +125	6				
<b>SKET 800</b>	1400-1800	805	85	32000	0.83	0.25	0.0405	0.01	-40 ... +130	6				
<b>SKKL 92</b>	800-1800	95	85	1750	0.9	2	0.28	0.2	-40 ... +125	1				
<b>SKMT 92</b>	800-1800	95	85	1750	0.9	2	0.28	0.2	-40 ... +125	1				
<b>SKNH 56</b>	1200-1800	50	85	1250	0.9	3.5	0.57	0.2	-40 ... +125	1				
<b>SKNH 91</b>	1200-1800	95	85	1750	0.9	2	0.28	0.2	-40 ... +125	1				
<b>SKKD 15</b>	600-1600	14	85	280	0.85	15.5	2	0.2	-40 ... +125	0				
<b>SKKD 26</b>	1200-1600	31	85	480	0.85	6	1	0.2	-40 ... +125	1				
<b>SKKD 46</b>	400-1800	47	85	600	0.85	5	0.6	0.2	-40 ... +125	1				
<b>SKKD 81</b>	400-1800	82	85	1750	0.85	1.8	0.4	0.2	-40 ... +125	1				
<b>SKKD 81 H4</b>	2000-2200	82	85	1750	0.85	1.8	0.4	0.2	-40 ... +125	1				
<b>SKKD 100</b>	400-1800	100	85	2000	0.85	1.3	0.35	0.2	-40 ... +125	1				
<b>SKKD 101/16<sup>1)</sup></b>	1600	115	85	2000	0.87	2.45	0.19	0.22	-40 ... +130	1				
<b>SKKD 162</b>	800-2200	195	85	5000	0.85	1.2	0.17	0.1	-40 ... +135	2				
<b>SKKD 212</b>	1200-1800	212	85	5500	0.75	1.05	0.18	0.1	-40 ... +135	2				
<b>SKKD 260</b>	800-2200	260	100	10000	0.9	0.37	0.14	0.04	-40 ... +130	3				
<b>SKKD 380</b>	800-2200	380	100	10000	0.8	0.35	0.11	0.04	-40 ... +150	3				
<b>SKKD 701</b>	1200-2200	701	100	22500	0.7	0.28	0.069	0.02	-40 ... +160	5				

# Modules - Thyristor / Diode - SEMIPACK

Type	V <sub>RRM</sub> V	V <sub>DRM</sub>	I <sub>TAV</sub> @T <sub>C</sub>	T <sub>C</sub>	I <sub>TSM</sub> @T <sub>jmax</sub>	I <sub>FSM</sub>	V <sub>T(TO)</sub> @T <sub>jmax</sub>	r <sub>T</sub> @T <sub>jmax</sub>	R <sub>th(j-c)</sub> cont. per chip	R <sub>th(c-s)</sub> per chip	T <sub>j</sub>	Case	Circuit
	V	A	°C	A	V	mΩ	K/W	K/W	K/W	K/W	°C		
<b>SKKH 15</b>	600-1600	13.5	85	280	1.1	20	1.6	0.2	-40 ... +125	0			
<b>SKKH 27</b>	800-1800	25	85	480	0.9	12	0.9	0.2	-40 ... +125	1			
<b>SKKH 42</b>	800-1800	40	85	850	1	4.5	0.65	0.2	-40 ... +125	1			
<b>SKKH 58/16 E<sup>1)</sup></b>	1600	55	85	1200	1	4.8	0.47	0.22	-40 ... +130	1			
<b>SKKH 57</b>	800-1800	50	85	1250	0.9	3.5	0.57	0.2	-40 ... +125	1			
<b>SKKH 57 H4</b>	2000-2200	50	85	1250	0.9	3.5	0.57	0.2	-40 ... +125	1			
<b>SKKH 72</b>	800-1800	70	85	1450	0.9	3.5	0.35	0.2	-40 ... +125	1			
<b>SKKH 72 H4</b>	2000-2200	70	85	1450	0.9	3.5	0.35	0.2	-40 ... +125	1			
<b>SKKH 92</b>	800-1800	95	85	1750	0.9	2	0.28	0.2	-40 ... +125	1			
<b>SKKH 106</b>	800-1800	106	85	1900	0.9	2	0.28	0.2	-40 ... +130	1			
<b>SKKH 107/16 E<sup>1)</sup></b>	1600	119	85	1900	0.9	3.35	0.19	0.22	-40 ... +130	1			
<b>SKKH 122</b>	800-1800	129	85	3200	0.85	2	0.2	0.1	-40 ... +125	2			
<b>SKKH 132</b>	800-1800	137	85	4000	1	1.6	0.18	0.1	-40 ... +125	2			
<b>SKKH 132 H4</b>	2000-2200	128	85	4000	1.1	2	0.17	0.1	-40 ... +125	2			
<b>SKKH 162</b>	800-1800	156	85	5000	0.85	1.5	0.17	0.1	-40 ... +125	2			
<b>SKKH 162 H4</b>	2000-2200	143	85	5000	0.95	2	0.16	0.1	-40 ... +125	2			
<b>SKKH 172</b>	1400-1800	175	85	5000	0.83	1.3	0.155	0.1	-40 ... +125	2			
<b>SKKH 280</b>	2000-2200	252	85	7500	0.9	0.75	0.11	0.04	-40 ... +125	3			
<b>SKKH 250</b>	1200-1800	250	85	8000	0.925	0.45	0.14	0.04	-40 ... +130	3			
<b>SKKH 273</b>	1200-1800	273	85	8000	0.9	0.92	0.104	0.08	-40 ... +130	3			
<b>SKKH 330</b>	800-1800	305	85	8000	0.8	0.6	0.11	0.04	-40 ... +130	3			
<b>SKKH 323</b>	1200-1600	320	85	8200	0.81	0.85	0.091	0.08	-40 ... +130	3			
<b>SKKH 460</b>	1600-2200	460	85	15500	0.88	0.45	0.072	0.02	-40 ... +130	5			
<b>SKKH 570</b>	1200-1800	570	85	15500	0.78	0.32	0.069	0.02	-40 ... +135	5			



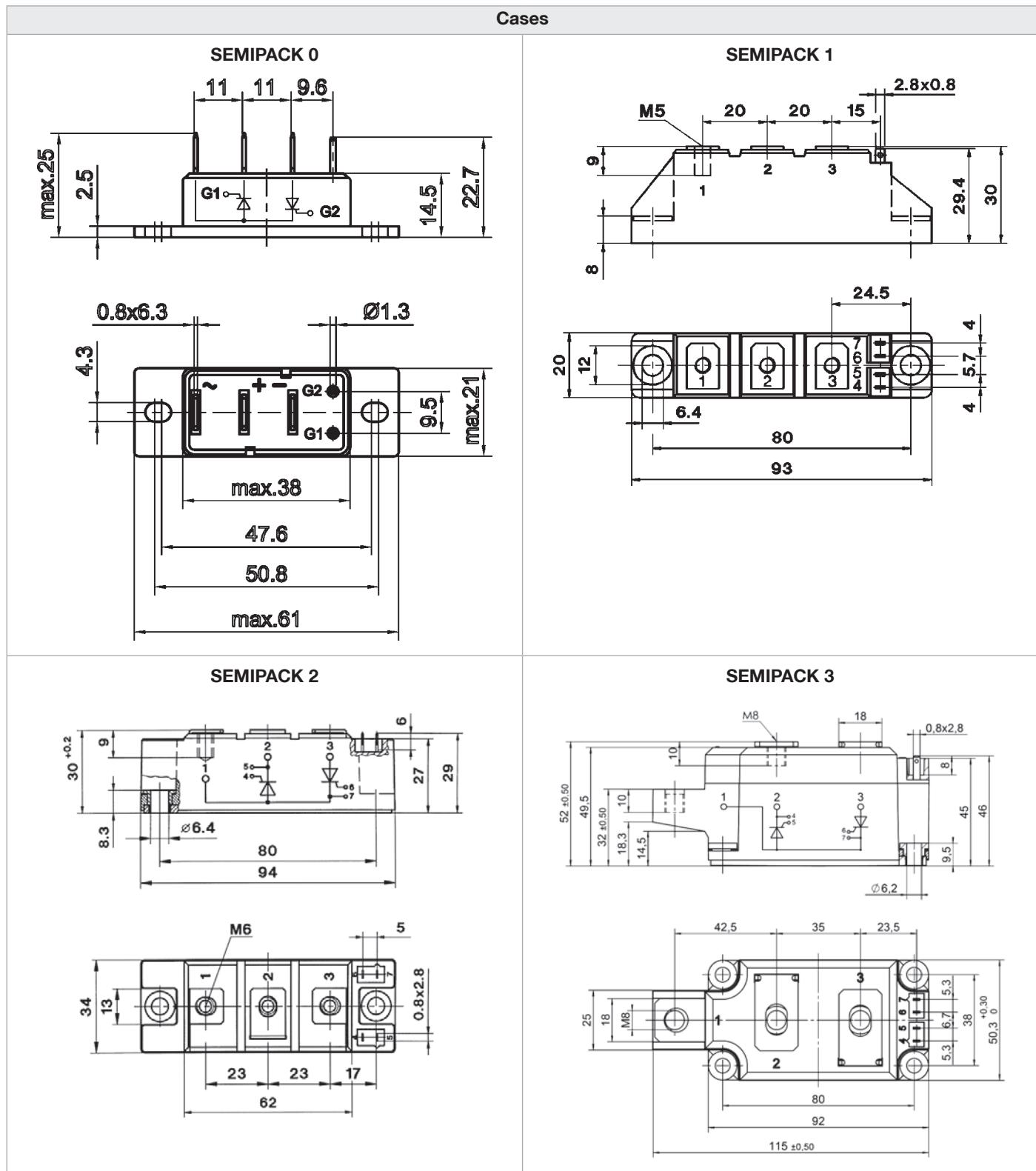
# Modules - Thyristor / Diode - SEMIPACK

Type	V <sub>RRM</sub> V	V <sub>DRM</sub>	I <sub>TAV</sub> @T <sub>C</sub>	T <sub>C</sub>	I <sub>TSM</sub> @T <sub>jmax</sub>	I <sub>FSM</sub>	V <sub>T(TO)</sub> @T <sub>jmax</sub>	r <sub>T</sub> @T <sub>jmax</sub>	R <sub>th(j-c)</sub> cont. per chip	R <sub>th(c-s)</sub> per chip	T <sub>j</sub>	Case	Circuit
	V	A	A	°C	A	V	mΩ	K/W	K/W	K/W	°C		
<b>SKKT 15</b>	600-1600	13.5	85	280	1.1	20	1.6	0.2	-40 ... +125	0			
<b>SKKT 20</b>	800-1600	18	85	280	1	16	1.2	0.2	-40 ... +125	1			
<b>SKKT 20B</b>	800-1600	18	85	280	1	16	1.2	0.2	-40 ... +125	1			
<b>SKKT 27</b>	800-1600	25	85	480	0.9	12	0.9	0.2	-40 ... +125	1			
<b>SKKT 27B</b>	800-1800	25	85	480	0.9	12	0.9	0.2	-40 ... +125	1			
<b>SKKT 42</b>	800-1800	40	85	850	1	4.5	0.65	0.2	-40 ... +125	1			
<b>SKKT 42B</b>	800-1800	40	85	850	1	4.5	0.65	0.2	-40 ... +125	1			
<b>SKKT 58/16 E<sup>1)</sup></b>	1600	55	85	1200	1	4.8	0.47	0.22	-40 ... +130	1			
<b>SKKT 58B16 E<sup>1)</sup></b>	1600	55	85	1200	1	4.8	0.47	0.22	-40 ... +130	1			
<b>SKKT 57</b>	800-1800	50	85	1250	0.9	3.5	0.57	0.2	-40 ... +125	1			
<b>SKKT 57 H4</b>	2000-2200	50	85	1250	0.9	3.5	0.57	0.2	-40 ... +125	1			
<b>SKKT 57B</b>	800-1800	50	85	1250	0.9	3.5	0.57	0.2	-40 ... +125	1			
<b>SKKT 72</b>	800-1800	70	85	1450	0.9	3.5	0.35	0.2	-40 ... +125	1			
<b>SKKT 72 H4</b>	2000-2200	70	85	1450	0.9	3.5	0.35	0.2	-40 ... +125	1			
<b>SKKT 72B</b>	800-1800	70	85	1450	0.9	3.5	0.35	0.2	-40 ... +125	1			
<b>SKKT 92</b>	800-1800	95	85	1750	0.9	2	0.28	0.2	-40 ... +125	1			
<b>SKKT 92B</b>	800-1800	95	85	1750	0.9	2	0.28	0.2	-40 ... +125	1			
<b>SKKT 106</b>	800-1800	106	85	1900	0.9	2	0.28	0.2	-40 ... +130	1			
<b>SKKT 106B</b>	800-1800	106	85	1900	0.9	2	0.28	0.2	-40 ... +130	1			
<b>SKKT 107/16 E<sup>1)</sup></b>	1600	119	85	1900	0.9	3.35	0.19	0.22	-40 ... +130	1			
<b>SKKT 107B16 E<sup>1)</sup></b>	1600	119	85	1900	0.9	3.35	0.19	0.22	-40 ... +130	1			
<b>SKKT 122</b>	800-1800	129	85	3200	0.85	2	0.2	0.1	-40 ... +125	2			
<b>SKKT 132 H4</b>	2000-2200	128	85	3800	1.1	2	0.18	0.1	-40 ... +125	2			
<b>SKKT 132</b>	800-1800	137	85	4000	1	1.6	0.18	0.1	-40 ... +125	2			
<b>SKKT 162</b>	800-1800	156	85	5000	0.85	1.5	0.17	0.1	-40 ... +125	2			
<b>SKKT 162 H4</b>	2000-2200	143	85	5000	0.95	2	0.16	0.1	-40 ... +125	2			
<b>SKKT 172</b>	1400-1800	175	85	5000	0.83	1.3	0.155	0.1	-40 ... +125	2			
<b>SKKT 280</b>	2000-2200	252	85	7500	0.9	0.75	0.11	0.04	-40 ... +125	3			
<b>SKKT 250</b>	800-1800	250	85	8000	0.925	0.45	0.14	0.04	-40 ... +130	3			
<b>SKKT 273</b>	1200-1800	273	85	8000	0.9	0.92	0.104	0.08	-40 ... +130	3			
<b>SKKT 330</b>	800-1800	305	85	8000	0.8	0.6	0.11	0.04	-40 ... +130	3			
<b>SKKT 323</b>	1200-1600	320	85	8200	0.81	0.85	0.091	0.08	-40 ... +130	3			
<b>SKKT 460</b>	1600-2200	460	85	15500	0.88	0.45	0.072	0.02	-40 ... +130	5			
<b>SKKT 460 H4</b>	2000-2200	460	85	15500	0.88	0.45	0.072	0.02	-40 ... +130	5			
<b>SKKT 570</b>	1200-1800	570	85	15500	0.78	0.32	0.069	0.02	-40 ... +135	5			
<b>SKMD 100</b>	400-1600	100	85	2000	0.85	1.3	0.35	0.2	-40 ... +125	1			

## Footnotes

<sup>1)</sup> New

# Modules - Thyristor / Diode - SEMIPACK

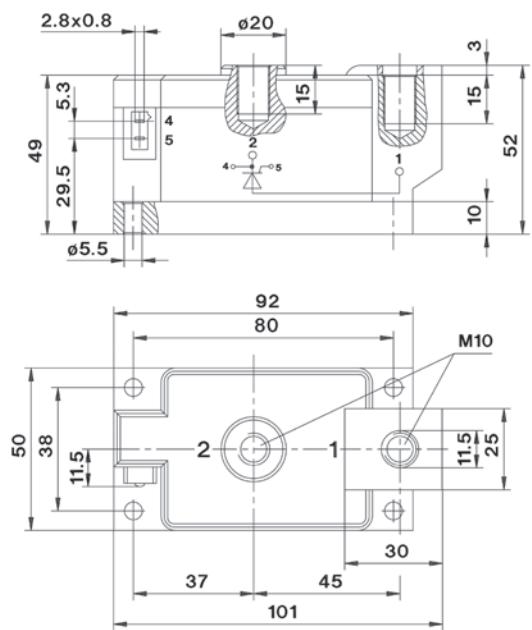


Dimensions in mm

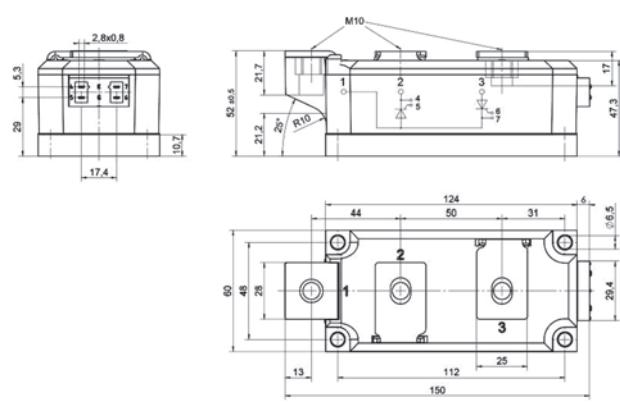
# Modules - Thyristor / Diode - SEMIPACK

## Cases

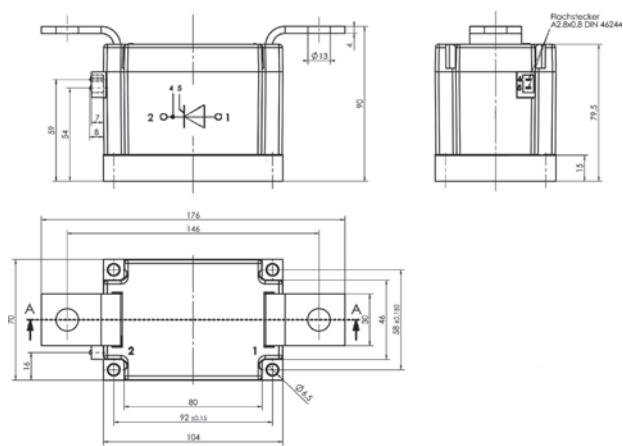
**SEMIPACK 4**



**SEMIPACK 5**



**SEMIPACK 6**



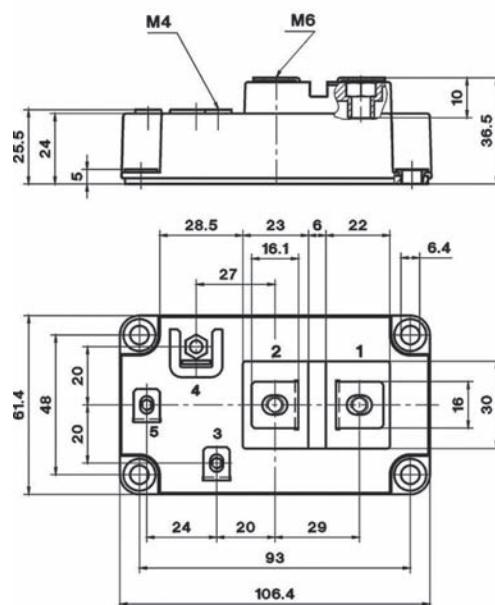
Dimensions in mm

# Modules - Thyristor / Diode - SEMIPACK Fast

Type	$V_{RRM}$ V	$V_{DRM}$	$I_{TAV}$ @ $T_c$	$T_c$ °C	$I_{FSM}$ @ $T_{jmax}$	$V_{T(TO)}$ @ $T_{jmax}$	$r_T$ @ $T_{jmax}$	$R_{th(j-c)}$ per chip	$R_{th(c-s)}$ per chip	$T_j$ °C	Case	Circuit
	A	A	A		V	mΩ	K/W	K/W	K/W			
<b>SKKE 120F</b>	1700	120	82	1800	1.5	4.5	0.2	0.05	-40 ... +150	2		
<b>SKKE 290F</b>	600	290	109	6000	0.9	1.2	0.08	0.05	-40 ... +150	2		
<b>SKKE 301F</b>	1200	300	43	3600	1.2	2.75	0.11	0.05	-40 ... +150	2		
<b>SKKE 310F</b>	1200	310	84	5500	1.2	1.9	0.08	0.05	-40 ... +150	2		
<b>SKKE 330F<sup>1)</sup></b>	1700	330	70	5200	1.5	1.9	0.079	0.038	-40 ... +150	4		
<b>SKKE 600F<sup>1)</sup></b>	1200	600	85	5800	1.2	1.9	0.062	0.038	-40 ... +150	4		
<b>SKKD 40F</b>	400-1000	40	80	940	1.2	4	0.7	0.2	-40 ... +125	1		
<b>SKKD 42F</b>	1000-1500	42	85	1100	1	5	0.7	0.2	-40 ... +130	1		
<b>SKKD 60F</b>	1700	60	83	900	1.5	9	0.4	0.1	-40 ... +150	2		
<b>SKKD 75F12</b>	1200	75	55	900	1.2	11	0.4	0.1	-40 ... +150	2		
<b>SKKD 105F</b>	800-1600	105	83	2100	1.2	2.5	0.24	0.2	-40 ... +130	1		
<b>SKKD 115F</b>	1200-1400	115	83	2100	1.1	2	0.24	0.2	-40 ... +130	1		
<b>SKKD 150F</b>	1200	150	54	1800	1.2	5.5	0.2	0.1	-40 ... +150	2		
<b>SKKD 170F</b>	1200	170	85	2300	1.2	3.5	0.14	0.1	-40 ... +150	2		
<b>SKKD 205F</b>	600	205	87	3000	0.9	2	0.16	0.1	-40 ... +150	2		
<b>SKMD 40F</b>	400-1000	40	80	940	1.2	4	0.7	0.2	-40 ... +125	1		
<b>SKMD 42F</b>	1000-1500	42	85	1100	1	5	0.7	0.2	-40 ... +130	1		
<b>SKMD 105F</b>	800-1600	105	83	2100	1.2	2.5	0.24	0.2	-40 ... +130	1		
<b>SKMD 150F12</b>	1200	150	54	1800	1.2	5.5	0.2	0.1	-40 ... +150	2		
<b>SKMD 202E</b>	200-300	202	87	2800	0.8	1.5	0.2	0.1	-40 ... +150	2		
<b>SKND 42F</b>	1000-1500	42	85	1100	1	5	0.7	0.2	-40 ... +130	1		
<b>SKND 105F</b>	800-1600	105	83	2100	1.2	2.5	0.24	0.2	-40 ... +130	1		
<b>SKND 150F</b>	1200	150	54	1800	1.2	5.5	0.2	0.1	-40 ... +150	2		
<b>SKND 202E</b>	200-300	202	87	2800	0.8	1.5	0.2	0.1	-40 ... +150	2		
<b>SKND 205F</b>	600	205	87	3000	0.9	2	0.16	0.1	-40 ... +150	2		

## Cases

### SEMIPACK Fast in SEMITRANS 4



Dimensions in mm

## Footnotes

<sup>1)</sup> SEMIPACK Fast in SEMITRANS 4 case

# Modules - Thyristor / Diode - SEMITOP

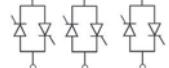
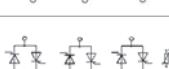
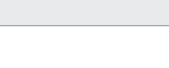
Type	$V_{RRM}$ V	$V_{DRM}$	$I_{TAV}$ @ $T_c$	$I_{FAV}$	$T_c$	$I_{TSM}$ @ $T_{jmax}$	$I_{FSM}$	$V_{T(TO)}$ @ $T_{jmax}$	$r_T$ @ $T_{jmax}$	$R_{th(j-s)}$ cont. per chip	$T_j$	Case	Circuit
	V	A	°C	A	V	mΩ	K/W	°C					
<b>SK 25 KQ</b>	800-1600	29	85	280	1.1	20	1.7	-40 ... +125	1				
<b>SK 45 KQ</b>	800-1600	47	85	380	1	10	1.2	-40 ... +125	1				
<b>SK 70 KQ</b>	800-1600	72	85	900	1	6	0.8	-40 ... +125	1				
<b>SK 100 KQ</b>	800-1600	101	85	1350	0.9	4.5	0.6	-40 ... +125	2				
<b>SK 120 KQ</b>	800-1600	134	85	1800	0.9	3.5	0.45	-40 ... +125	2				
<b>SK 35 NT<sup>1)</sup></b>	800-1600	33	85	900	1	6	0.8	-40 ... +125	1				
<b>SK 35 TAA</b>	800-1600	35	80	380	0.85	9.1	1.2	-40 ... +130	2				
<b>SK 55 TAA</b>	800-1600	55	80	900	0.85	5.7	0.8	-40 ... +130	2				
<b>SK 75 TAA</b>	800-1600	75	80	1500	0.9	4.5	0.6	-40 ... +130	2				
<b>SK 100 TAA</b>	800-1600	100	80	2000	0.9	3.5	0.45	-40 ... +130	2				
<b>SK 75 TAE 12</b>	1200	75	80	1250	0.85	4.4	0.6	-40 ... +130	2				
<b>SK 25 WT</b>	800-1600	29	85	280	1.1	20	1.7	-40 ... +125	2				
<b>SK 45 WT</b>	800-1600	47	85	380	1	10	1.2	-40 ... +125	2				
<b>SK 70 WT</b>	800-1600	72	85	900	1	6	0.8	-40 ... +125	3				
<b>SK 100 WT</b>	800-1600	101	85	1350	0.9	4.5	0.6	-40 ... +125	3				
<b>SK 35 BZ</b>	800-1600	35	80	270	0.85	14	1.7	-40 ... +125	2				
<b>SK 45 STA</b>	800-1600	47	75	380	1	10	1.2	-40 ... +125	3				
<b>SK 25 UT</b>	800-1600	29	85	280	1.1	20	1.7	-40 ... +125	3				
<b>SK 45 UT</b>	800-1600	47	85	380	1	10	1.2	-40 ... +125	2				
<b>SK 30 DTA</b>	800-1600	25	80	900	1	6	1.7	-40 ... +150	3				
<b>SK 60 DTA</b>	800-1600	61	80	1350	0.9	0.6	0.6	-40 ... +125	3				
<b>SK 80 DTA</b>	800-1600	65	80	1800	0.9	3.5	1	-40 ... +150	3				

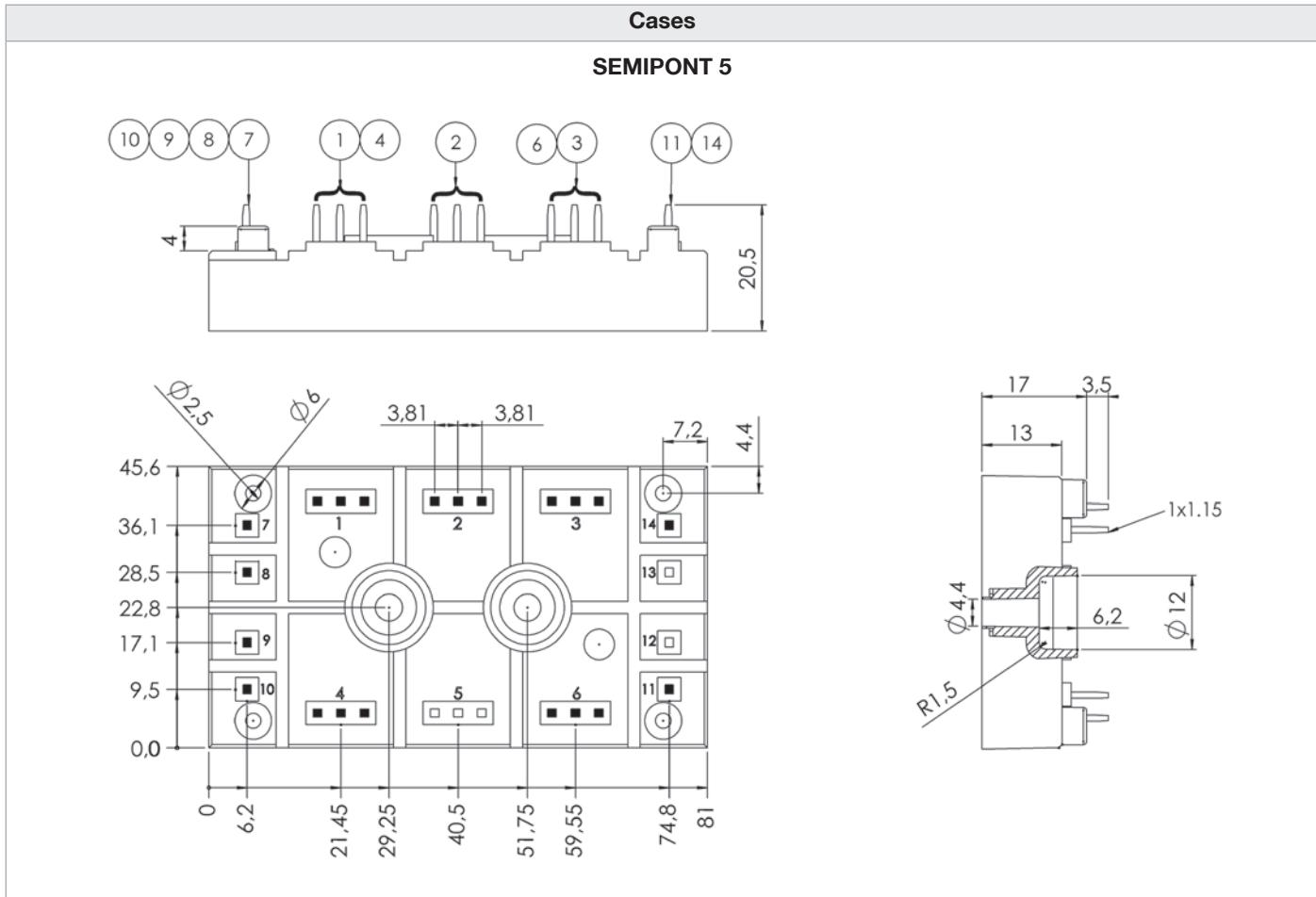
For detailed case drawings please see page 23

## Footnotes

<sup>1)</sup> Not for New Design

# Modules - Thyristor / Diode - SEMIPONT

Type	$V_{RRM}$ V	$V_{DRM}$	$I_{RMS}$ @ $T_c$ A	$T_c$ °C	$I_{TSM}$ @ $T_{jmax}$ A	$I_{FSM}$ @ $T_{jmax}$ A	$V_{T(TO)}$ @ $T_{jmax}$ V	$r_T$ @ $T_{jmax}$ mΩ	$R_{th(j-s)}$ cont. per chip K/W	$T_j$ °C	Case	Circuit
<b>SKUT 85</b>	1200-1600		85	85	1050		1.1	6	0.85	-40 ... +125	5	
<b>SKUT 115</b>	1200-1600		105	85	1250		0.9	5	0.63	-40 ... +125	5	
<b>SKUT 85 T</b>	1200-1600		85	85	1050		1.1	6	0.85	-40 ... +125	5	
<b>SKUT 115 T</b>	1200-1600		105	85	1250		0.9	5	0.63	-40 ... +125	5	



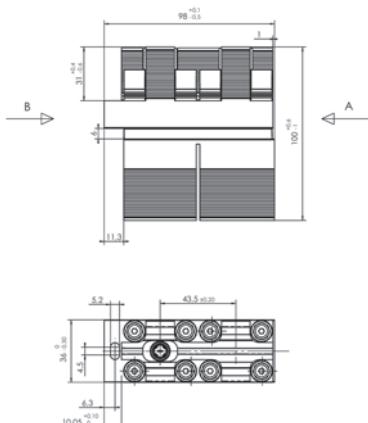
Dimensions in mm

# Modules - Thyristors - SEMiSTART

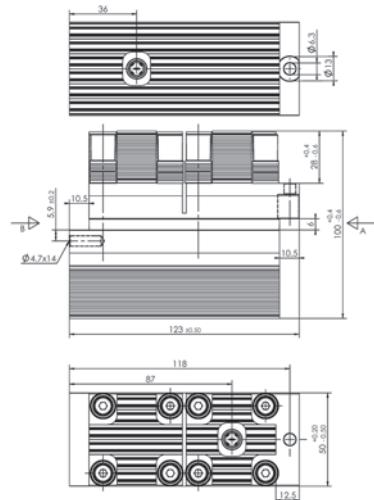
Type	$V_{RRM}$	$V_{DRM}$	$I_{overload W1C}$ (for 20s)	$T_c$	$I_{TSM}$ @ $T_j = 125^\circ C$	$V_{T(TO)}$ @ $T_j = 125^\circ C$	$r_T$ @ $T_j = 125^\circ C$	$R_{th(j-s)}$ cont. per chip	$T_j$ (for 20s)	Case	Circuit
	V	A	A	°C	A	V	mΩ	K/W	°C		
<b>SKKQ 560</b>	1400-1800	560	150	5200	0.9	0.9	0.106	150	1		
<b>SKKQ 800</b>	1400-1800	800	150	5200	0.9	0.8	0.106	150	2		
<b>SKKQ 1200</b>	1400-1800	1225	150	8000	0.9	0.5	0.066	150	2		
<b>SKKQ 1500</b>	1400-1800	1500	150	15000	0.85	0.3	0.037	150	2		
<b>SKKQ 3000</b>	1400-1800	3080	150	25500	0.95	0.18	0.026	150	3		

## Cases

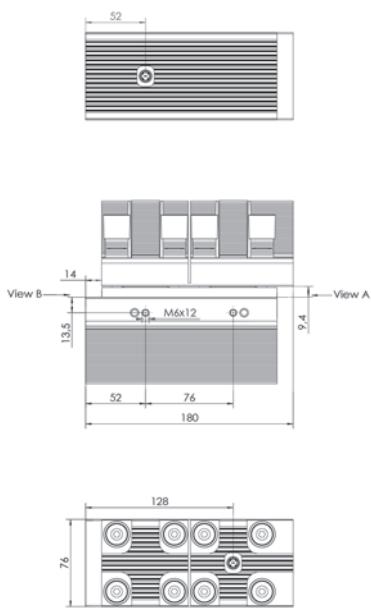
**SEMiSTART 1**



**SEMiSTART 2**



**SEMiSTART 3**



Dimensions in mm

# Bridge Rectifier

## Input rectifier+brake chopper



55A 140A

170A  
260A

## 3 phase input



40A 110A

40A 140A

35A 220A

240A 490A

## Single phase input



30A 46A

24A 46A

2A 85A

## Miniature Bridge Rectifier

### Leaded



9A 25A

### Fast on



17A 35A

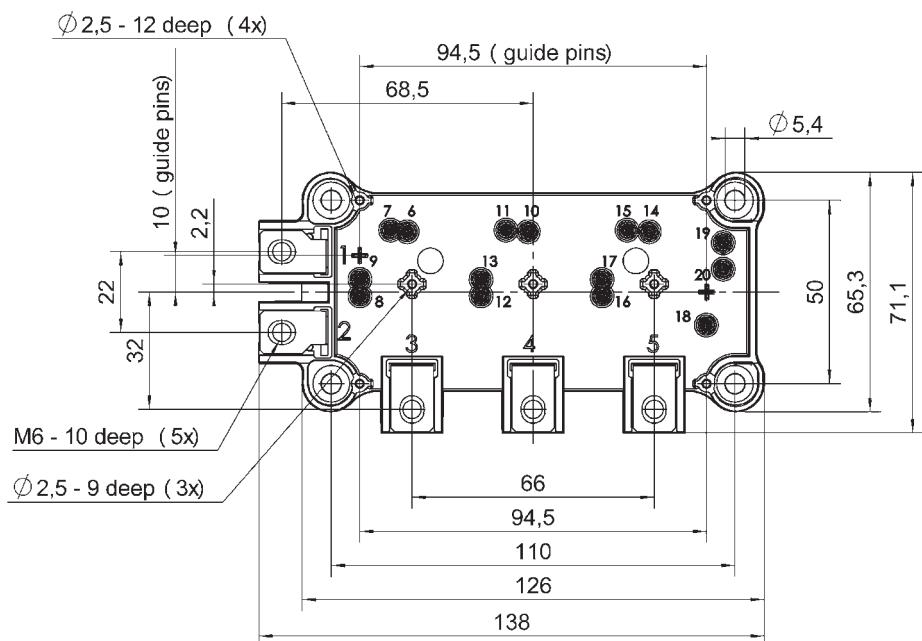
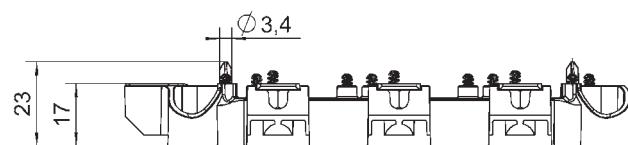
$I_D$  [A] 2 9 24 30 35 40 46 55 85 110 140 220 260 490  
25

# Modules - Bridge - SEMiX

Type	$V_{RRM}$ V	$V_{DRM}$ V	$I_D$ @ $T_C$ A	$T_C$ °C	$I_{TSM}$ @ $T_{jmax}$ A	$I_{FSM}$ A	$V_{T(TO)}$ @ $T_{jmax}$ V	$r_T$ @ $T_{jmax}$ mΩ	$R_{th(j-c)}$ per chip K/W	$R_{th(c-s)}$ per module K/W	$T_j$ °C	Case	Circuit
SEMiX251D12Fs	1200	250	85	1330	1.2	7	0.26	0.04	-40 ... +150	13			
SEMiX291D16s <sup>1)</sup>	1600	290	85	1380	0.83	4.6	0.45	0.04	-40 ... +130	13			
SEMiX341D16s	1600	340	85	2000	0.9	2.7	0.22	0.04	-40 ... +130	13			
SEMiX501D17Fs <sup>1)</sup>	1700	489	85	2140	1.1	2.7	0.165	0.04	-40 ... +150	13			
SEMiX241DH16s	1600	240	85	1900	0.85	4	0.32	0.04	-40 ... +130	13			

Cases

SEMiX 13

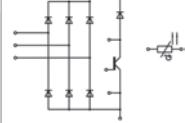
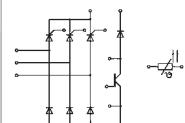
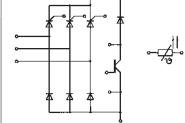


Dimensions in mm

## Footnotes

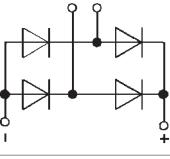
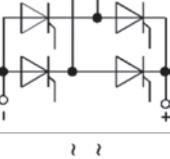
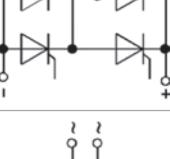
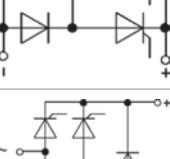
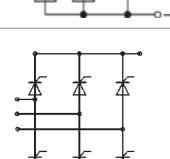
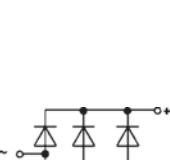
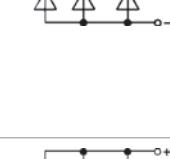
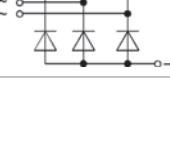
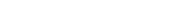
1) New

# Modules - Bridge - MiniSKiiP

Type	IGBT						Diode				Case	Circuit
	$I_c$ @ $T_s =$ $25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{Cnom}$	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$ @ $T_j =$ $25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{on}$	$E_{off}$	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$I_F$ @ $T_s =$ $25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_F$ @ $T_j =$ $25^\circ\text{C}$ typ.	$E_{rr}$	$R_{th(j-s)}$		
	A	A	V	mJ	mJ	K/W	A	V	mJ	K/W		
<b>1200 V - IGBT 3 (Trench)</b>												
<b>SKiiP 28ANB16V1</b>	118	105	1.7	13.1	13	0.4	118	1.60	11.2	0.55	II 2	
<b>SKiiP 39ANB16V1</b>	157	140	1.7	19.9	17.2	0.3	167	1.50	16.2	0.4	II 3	
<b>SKiiP 28AHB16V1</b>	118	105	1.7	14.4	13.3	0.4	118	1.60	10.8	0.55	II 2	
<b>SKiiP 39AHB16V1</b>	157	140	1.7	19.9	17.3	0.3	167	1.50	16.2	0.4	II 3	

For detailed case drawings please see page 38

## Modules - Bridge - SEMIPONT

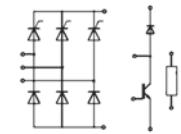
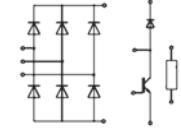
Type	$V_{RRM}$ V	$V_{DRM}$ V	$I_D$ @ $T_c$ A	$T_c$ °C	$I_{TSM}$ @ $T_{jmax}$ A	$I_{FSM}$ @ $T_{jmax}$ A	$V_{T(TO)}$ @ $T_{jmax}$ V	$r_T$ @ $T_{jmax}$ mΩ	$R_{th(j-c)}$ cont. per chip K/W	$T_j$ °C	Case	Circuit
<b>1 and 3 phase</b>												
<b>SKB 52</b>	400-1800	50	99	425	0.85	8	1.5	-40 ... +150	3			
<b>SKB 60</b>	400-1600	60	88	850	0.85	5	1	-40 ... +125	2			
<b>SKB 72</b>	400-1800	70	101	640	0.85	5	1.1	-40 ... +150	3			
<b>SKBT 28</b>	600-1400	28	89	280	1	16	1.8	-40 ... +125	1			
<b>SKBT 40</b>	800-1400	46	92	400	1	16	1	-40 ... +125	2			
<b>SKBZ 28</b>	400-1400	28	89	280	1	16	1.8	-40 ... +125	1			
<b>SKBH 28</b>	600-1400	28	89	280	1	16	1.8	-40 ... +125	1			
<b>SKCH 28</b>	400-1400	28	89	280	1	16	1.8	-40 ... +125	1			
<b>SKCH 40</b>	400-1600	40	92	400	1	16	1	-40 ... +125	2			
<b>SKDT 60</b>	400-1400	60	86	400	1	16	1	-40 ... +125	2			
<b>SKDT 115</b>	1200-1600	110	80	950	1.1	6	0.84	-40 ... +125	5			
<b>SKDT 145</b>	1200-1600	140	80	1250	0.9	5	0.6	-40 ... +125	5			
<b>SKD 31</b>	200-1600	31	100	320	0.85	12	2	-40 ... +125	1			
<b>SKD 60</b>	400-1600	60	102	850	0.85	5	1	-40 ... +125	2			
<b>SKD 62</b>	400-1800	60	110	425	0.85	8	1.5	-40 ... +150	3			
<b>SKD 82</b>	400-1800	80	110	640	0.85	5	1.1	-40 ... +150	3			
<b>SKD 100</b>	400-1600	100	93	1000	0.85	5	0.85	-40 ... +125	2			
<b>SKD 110</b>	800-1800	110	100	1000	0.85	4	0.9	-40 ... +150	4			
<b>SKD 115</b>	1200-1800	110	85	1150	0.8	7	1	-40 ... +150	5			
<b>SKD 145</b>	1200-1800	140	85	1700	0.8	4	0.8	-40 ... +150	5			
<b>SKD 160</b>	800-1800	205	100	1500	0.85	3	0.65	-40 ... +150	4			
<b>SKD 210</b>	900-1800	207	99	1600	0.85	3	0.5	-40 ... +150	4			
<b>SKDH 100</b>	800-1400	100	84	850	1	4.5	0.85	-40 ... +125	2			
<b>SKDH 115</b>	1200-1600	110	80	950	1.1	6	0.84	-40 ... +125	5			
<b>SKDH 145</b>	1200-1600	110	80	1250	0.9	5	0.63	-40 ... +125	5			

# Modules - Bridge - SEMIPONT

Type	$V_{RRM}$ V	$V_{DRM}$	$I_D$ @ $T_c$ A	$T_c$ °C	$I_{TSM}$ @ $T_{jmax}$ A	$I_{FSM}$ @ $T_{jmax}$ A	$V_{T(TO)}$ @ $T_{jmax}$ V	$r_T$ @ $T_{jmax}$ $m\Omega$	$R_{th(j-c)}$ cont. per chip K/W	$T_j$ °C	Case	Circuit
<b>3 phase with brake chopper</b>												
<b>SKD 116/..-L100<sup>1)</sup></b>	1200-1600	110	85	950	0.8	7	0.3	-40 ... +125	6			
<b>SKD 116/..-L105</b>	1200-1600	110	85	1050	0.8	7	1	-40 ... +125	6			
<b>SKD 116/..-L140</b>	1200-1600	110	85	1050	0.8	7	1	-40 ... +125	6			
<b>SKD 116/..-L75<sup>1)</sup></b>	1200-1600	110	85	1050	0.8	7	0.4	-40 ... +125	6			
<b>SKD 146/..-L100<sup>1)</sup></b>	1200-1600	140	85	1250	0.8	4	0.8	-40 ... +125	6			
<b>SKD 146/..-L105</b>	1200-1600	140	85	1250	0.8	4	0.8	-40 ... +125	6			
<b>SKD 146/..-L75<sup>1)</sup></b>	1200-1600	140	85	1250	0.8	4	0.4	-40 ... +125	6			
<b>SKD146/..-L140T4</b>	1200-1600	140	85	1250	0.8	4	0.8	-40 ... +125	6			
<b>SKDH 116/..-L100<sup>1)</sup></b>	1200-1600	110	80	950	1.1	6	0.85	-40 ... +125	6			
<b>SKDH 116/..-L75<sup>1)</sup></b>	1200-1600	110	80	950	1.1	6	0.84	-40 ... +125	6			
<b>SKDH116/..L105</b>	1200-1600	110	85	1050	0.8	7	1	-40 ... +125	6			
<b>SKDH116/..L140</b>	1200-1600	110	85	1050	0.8	7	1	-40 ... +125	6			
<b>SKDH146/..-L105</b>	1200-1600	110	85	1250	0.8	4	0.8	-40 ... +125	6			
<b>SKDH146/..-L140</b>	1200-1600	110	85	1250	0.8	4	0.8	-40 ... +125	6			
<b>SKDH 146/..-L100<sup>1)</sup></b>	1200-1600	140	80	1250	0.8	4	0.3	-40 ... +125	6			
<b>SKDH 146/..-L75<sup>1)</sup></b>	1200-1600	140	80	1250	0.8	4	0.4	-40 ... +150	6			
<b>SKDH 146/08-L200</b>	800	140	80	1250	0.85	3	0.6	-40 ... +125	6			

## Footnotes

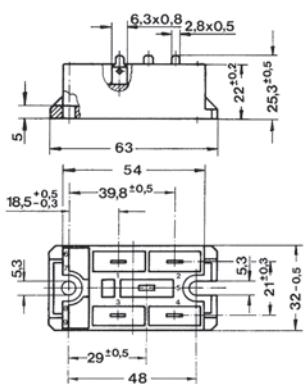
<sup>1)</sup> Not for New Design



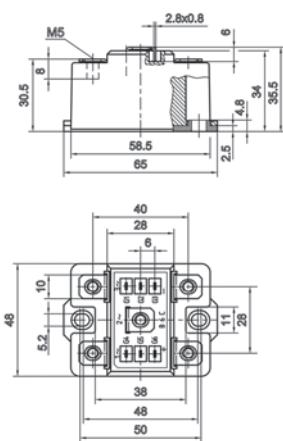
# Modules - Bridge - SEMIPONT

## Cases

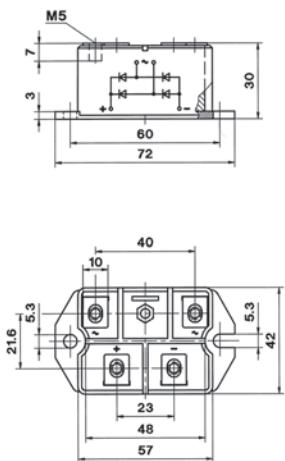
**SEMIPONT 1**



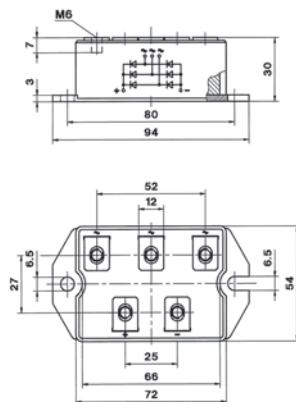
**SEMIPONT 2**



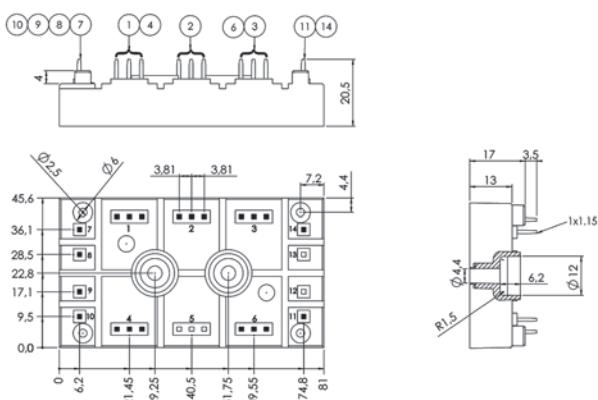
**SEMIPONT 3**



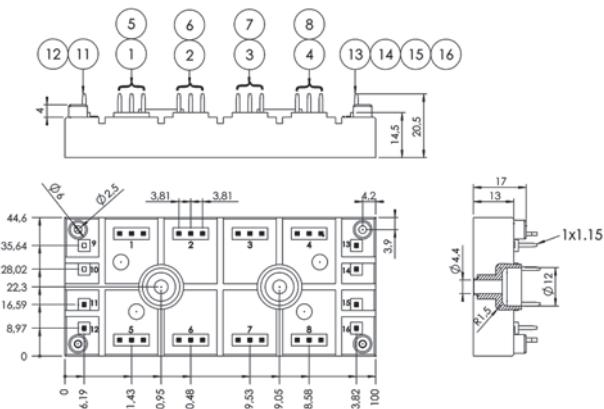
**SEMIPONT 4**



**SEMIPONT 5**



**SEMIPONT 6**



Dimensions in mm

# Modules - Bridge - SEMITOP

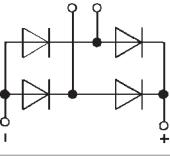
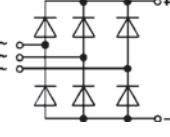
Type	$V_{RRM}$	$V_{DRM}$	$I_D$ @ $T_s$	$T_s$	$I_{TSM}$	$I_{FSM}$	$V_{T(TO)}$ @ $T_{jmax}$	$r_T$ @ $T_{jmax}$	$R_{th(j-s)}$ per chip	$T_j$	Case	Circuit
	V	A	°C	A	V	mΩ	K/W	°C				
<b>1 and 3 phase</b>												
<b>SK 50 B 06 UF</b>	600	46	80	400	0.8	11	0.45	-40 ... +150	2			
<b>SK 50 B</b>	800-1600	51	80	270	0.8	13	1.7	-40 ... +150	2			
<b>SK 55 B 06 F</b>	600	54	80	440	0.9	16	1.2	-40 ... +150	2			
<b>SK 55 B 12 F</b>	1200	57	80	550	1.2	22	0.9	-40 ... +150	2			
<b>SK 70 B</b>	800-1600	68	80	560	0.8	11	1.2	-40 ... +150	2			
<b>SK 100 B</b>	800-1600	100	80	890	0.83	3.9	1	-40 ... +150	2			
<b>SK 40 DT</b>	800-1600	42	80	280	1.1	20	1.7	-40 ... +125	3			
<b>SK 70 DT</b>	800-1600	68	80	380	1	10	1.2	-40 ... +125	3			
<b>SK 55 D</b>	800-1600	55	80	200	0.8	13	2.15	-40 ... +150	2			
<b>SK 70 D</b>	800-1600	70	80	270	0.8	13	1.7	-40 ... +150	2			
<b>SK 80 D 12F</b>	1200	80	80	550	1.2	22	0.9	-40 ... +150	3			
<b>SK 95 D</b>	800-1600	95	80	560	0.8	11	1.2	-40 ... +150	2			
<b>SK 40 DH</b>	800-1600	42	80	270	1.1	20	1.7	-40 ... +150	3			
<b>SK 70 DH</b>	800-1600	68	80	270	1	10	1.2	-40 ... +125	3			
<b>SK 55 DGL 126</b>	1200	55	80	370	0.8	13	2	-40 ... +150	3			
<b>SK 74 DGL 063<sup>1)</sup></b>	600	74	80	370	0.8	13	1.7	-40 ... +150	3			
<b>SK 95 DGL 126</b>	1600	96	80	700	0.8	11	1.2	-40 ... +150	3			
<b>SK 170 DHL 126</b>	1200	170	70	1000	0.8	7	0.51	-40 ... +150	4			
<b>SK 200 DHL 066</b>	600	210	70	1250	0.8	4	0.52	-40 ... +150	4			

For detailed case drawings please see page 23

## Footnotes

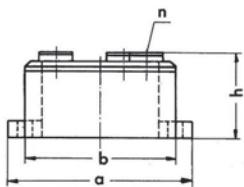
<sup>1)</sup> Not for New Design

# Modules - Bridge - Power Bridge

Type	$V_{RRM}$ V	$V_{DRM}$	$I_D$ @ $T_c$ A	$T_c$ °C	$I_{FSM}$ @ $T_{jmax}$ A	$V_{T(TO)}$ @ $T_{jmax}$ V	$r_T$ @ $T_{jmax}$ mΩ	$R_{th(j-s)}$ cont. per chip K/W	$T_j$ °C	Case	Circuit
<b>1 and 3 phase</b>											
<b>SKB 30</b>	200-1600		30	94	320	0.85	12	3.2	-40 ... +150	G12	
<b>SKD 30</b>	200-1600		30	98	320	0.85	12	4.8	-40 ... +150	G13	
<b>SKD 33</b>	400-1800		33	110	240	0.8	18	2.5	-40 ... +150	G55	
<b>SKD 51</b>	400-1800		50	127	700	0.8	8.5	1.1	-40 ... +150	G51	
<b>SKD 53</b>	400-1800		53	100	270	0.8	13	1.9	-40 ... +150	G55	
<b>SKD 83</b>	400-1800		83	95	560	0.8	7.5	1.4	-40 ... +150	G55	

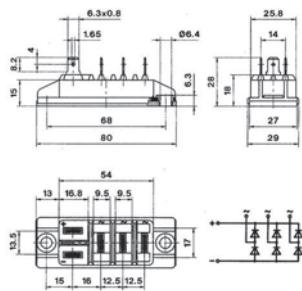
## Cases

**G 12, G 13**

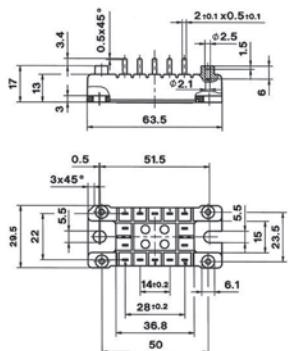


Cases	a	b	h	n
G 12, 13	55	45	24	M 4

**G 51**



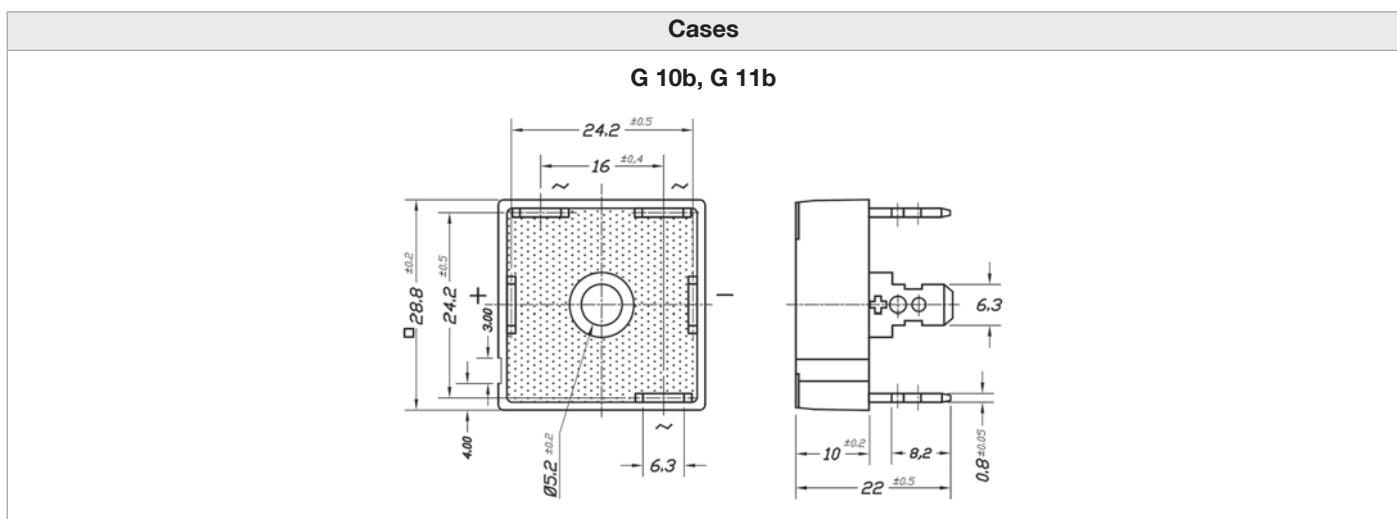
**G 55**



Dimensions in mm

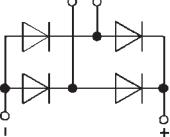
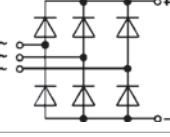
## Modules - Miniature Bridge - Fast-on

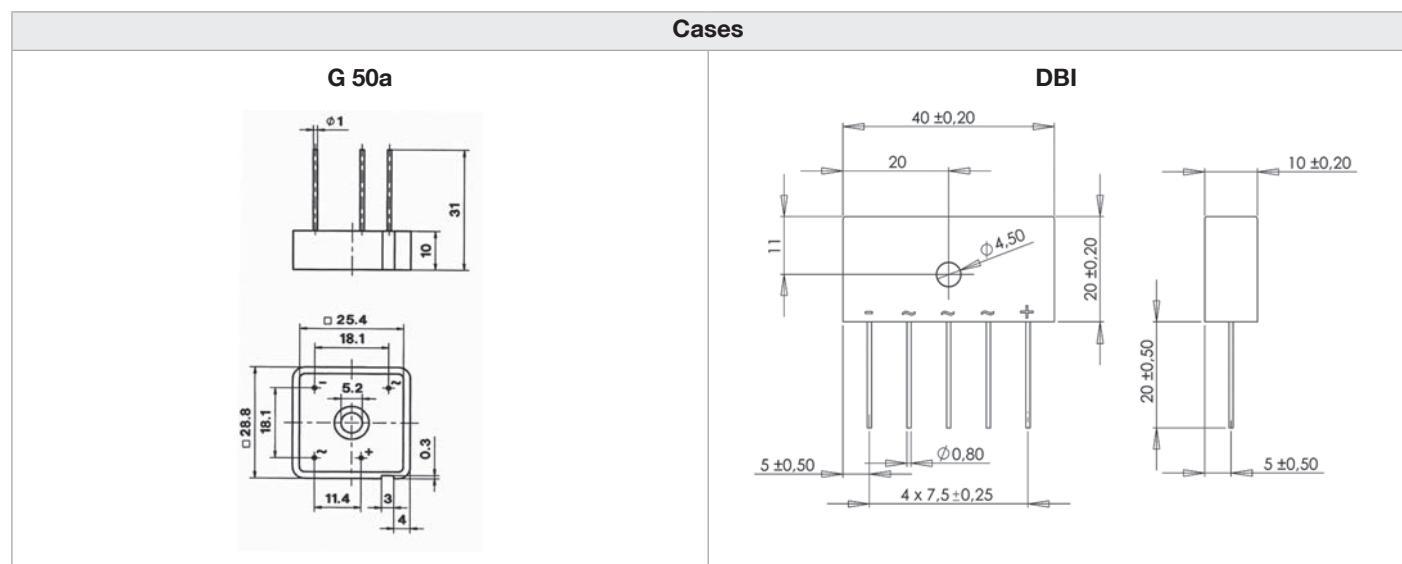
Type	$V_{RRM}$ V	$V_{DRM}$	$I_D$ @ $T_c$ A	$T_c$ °C	$I_{FSM}$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ C$ A	$V_F @ I_F$ $T_j = 25^\circ C$ V	$I_F$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ C$ A	$R_{th(j-s)}$ total K/W	$T_j$ °C	Case	Circuit
<b>Standard recovery - 1 phase</b>											
<b>SKB 25</b>	100-1600		17	75	370	2.2	150	2.15	-40 ... +150	G 10b	
<b>Standard recovery - 3 phase</b>											
<b>SKD 25</b>	200-1600		20	73	370	2.2	150	1.9	-40 ... +150	G 11b	



Dimensions in mm

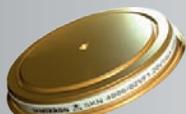
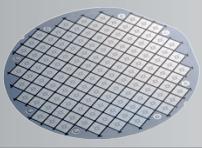
## Modules - Miniature Bridge - Leaded

Type	$V_{RRM}$ V	$V_{DRM}$ V	$I_D$ @ $T_C$ A	$T_C$ °C	$I_{FSM}$ @ $T_i =$ 25°C A	$V_F @ I_F$ $T_j = 25^\circ C$ V	$I_F$ @ $T_j =$ 25°C A	$R_{th(j-a)}$ total K/W	$T_j$ °C	Case	Circuit
<b>Standard recovery - 1 phase</b>											
<b>SKB 26</b>	200-1600	18	75	370	2.2	150	15	-40 ... +150	G 50a		
<b>Standard recovery - 3 phase</b>											
<b>DBI 6</b>	200-1600	9	90	180	1.2	10	22	-40 ... +150	DBI		
<b>DBI 15</b>	200-1600	15	75	250	1.7	50	21	-40 ... +150	DBI		
<b>DBI 25</b>	200-1600	25	32	370	1.05	12.5	21	-40 ... +150	DBI		



Dimensions in mm

# Discretes

Discrete Diode Leaded													
		1A		30A									
Surface mount				1A		5A							
Stud screw fit				5A		400A							
Capsule										4000A 6000A			
Chip				5A						6000A			
Discrete Thyristor													
Stud screw fit				10A		300A							
Capsule						240A		2400A					
Chip				35A		1200A							
[A] 1 5 10 30 35 240 300 400 1200 2400 4000 6000													

## Discretes - Diodes - Leaded

Type	$V_{RRM}$	$I_{FAV} @ T_A$	$T_A$	$I_{FSM} @ T_A = 25^\circ C$	$V_F @ I_F = 25^\circ C$	$I_F - V_F$	$I_R @ T_j = 25^\circ C$	$R_{th(j-L)}$	$T_j$	Case	Circuit
	V	A	°C	A	V	A	mA	K/W	°C		
<b>Standard recovery</b>											
<b>SK 1</b>	1000-1600	1.45	60	60	1.50	10	0.4	85	-40 ... +150	E33	
<b>SKN 2,5</b>	400-1600	2.5	45	180	1.20	10	1.5	55	-40 ... +180	E5	
<b>SK 3</b>	1000-1600	3.3	85	180	1.20	10	0.6	60	-40 ... +150	E34	
<b>SKN 5</b>	200-1600	5	45	190	1.25	15	2.2	25	-40 ... +180	E6	
<b>P 600 A ... P 600 S</b>	50-1200	6	50	400	1.00	5	0.025	3.5	-50 ... +175	8 x 7,5	
<b>P 1000 A ... P 1000 S</b>	50-1200	10	50	400	0.90	5	0.025	3	-50 ... +175	8 x 7,5	
<b>P 1200 A ... P 1200 S</b>	50-1200	12	50	600	0.84-0.88	5	0.025	2.5	-50 ... +175	8 x 7,5	
<b>P 1500 ATL ... P 1500 STL</b>	50-1200	15	50	600	0.84-0.88	5	0.025	1.8	-50 ... +175	8 x 7,5 TL	
<b>P 2000 A ... P 2000 M</b>	50-1000	20	50	650	0.85-0.87	5	0.025	1	-50 ... +175	8 x 7,5	
<b>P 2500 ATL ... P 2500 MTL</b>	50-1000	25	50	650	0.85-0.87	5	0.025	0.7	-50 ... +175	8 x 7,8 TL	

Type	$V_{RRM}$	$t_{rr}$	$I_{FAV} @ T_A$	$T_A$	$I_{FSM} @ T_A = 25^\circ C$	$V_F @ I_F = 25^\circ C$	$I_F - V_F$	$I_R @ T_j = 25^\circ C$	$R_{th(j-L)}$	$T_j$	Case	Circuit
	V	ns	A	°C	A	V	A	mA	K/W	°C		
<b>Fast recovery</b>												
<b>MR 820 ... MR 828</b>	50-800	300	5	50	300	1.20	5	0.025	20	-50 ... +150	8 x 7,5	
<b>HE 12FA ... HE 12FG</b>	50-400	200	12	50	650	0.82	5	0.025	2.5	-50 ... +175	8 x 7,5	
<b>HE 15FATL ... HE 15FGTL</b>	50-400	200	15	50	700	0.82-0.84	5	0.025	1.8	-50 ... +175	8 x 7,5 TL	
<b>HE 20FA ... HE 20FG</b>	50-400	200	20	50	700	0.82-0.84	5	0.025	1.5	-50 ... +175	8 x 7,5	
<b>HE 25FATL ... HE 25FGTL</b>	50-400	200	25	50	700	0.82-0.84	5	0.025	1	-50 ... +175	8 x 7,8 TL	
<b>Ultrafast recovery</b>												
<b>UF 600A ... UF 600M</b>	50-1000	75-100	6	50	270	1.0-1.7	5	0.025	20	-50 ... +150	8 x 7,5	

Type	$V_{(BR)min.}$	$I_{FAV} @ T_A$	$T_A$	$I_{FSM} @ T_A = 25^\circ C$	$V_F @ I_F = 25^\circ C$	$I_F - V_F$	$R_{th(j-L)}$	$T_j$	Case	Circuit
	V	A	°C	A	V	A	K/W	°C		
<b>Avalanche</b>										
<b>SKa1</b>	1300-1700	1.45	60	60	1.50	10	85	-40 ... +150	E33	
<b>SKNa2</b>	1300-1700	2	45	180	1.20	10	55	-40 ... +150	E5	
<b>SKa3</b>	1300-1700	3.3	90	180	1.20	10	60	-40 ... +150	E34	
<b>SKNa4</b>	1300-1700	3.7	35	190	1.20	10	25	-40 ... +150	E6	

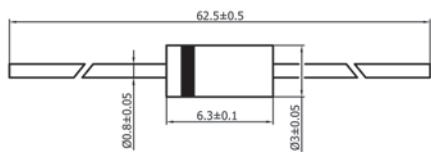
## Discretes - Diodes - Leaded

Type	$V_{RRM}$	$I_{FAV} @ T_A$	$T_A$	$I_{FSM} @ T_A = 25^\circ C$	$V_F @ I_F = 25^\circ C$	$I_F - V_F$	$I_R @ T_j = 25^\circ C$	$R_{th(j-L)}$	$T_j$	Case	Circuit
	V	A	°C	A	V	A	mA	K/W	°C		
<b>Schottky</b>											
<b>1N 5817 ... 1N 5819</b>	20-40	1	50	40	0.75-0.9	3	1	45	-50 ... +150	DO-15	
<b>SB 120 ... SB 1100</b>	20-100	1	50	40	0.5-0.79	1	0.5	45	-50 ... +150	DO-15	
<b>SB 220 ... SB 2100</b>	20-100	2	50	50	0.5-0.79	2	0.5	45	-50 ... +150	DO-15	
<b>1N 5820 ... 1N 5822</b>	20-40	3	50	100	0.85-0.95	9	2	25	-50 ... +150	DO-201	
<b>SB 320 ... SB 3100</b>	20-100	3	50	100	0.5-0.79	3	0.5	25	-50 ... +150	DO-201	
<b>SB 520 ... SB 5100</b>	20-100	5	50	150	0.55-0.79	5	0.5	25	-50 ... +150	DO-201	
<b>SB 820 ... SB 845</b>	20-45	8	50	200	0.49	5	0.4	5	-50 ... +150	5,4 x 7,5	
<b>SB 1220 ... SB 1245</b>	20-45	12	50	280	0.45-0.48	5	0.5	4	-50 ... +150	5,4 x 7,5	
<b>SB 1520 ... SB 1545</b>	20-45	15	50	320	0.43	5	0.5	3	-50 ... +150	8 x 7,5	
<b>SB 1520S ... SB 1540S</b>	20-40	15	50	320	0.43	5	0.5	4	-50 ... +150	5,4 x 7,5	
<b>SB 1520TL ... SB 1540TL</b>	20-40	15	50	350	0.43	5	0.5	1.8	-50 ... +150	8 x 7,5 TL	
<b>SB 2020TL ... SB 2040TL</b>	20-40	20	50	550	0.39	5	0.5	1.8	-50 ... +150	8 x 7,5 TL	
<b>SB2020 ... SB2040</b>	20-40	20	50	550	0.39	5	0.5	2.5	-50 ... +150	8 x 7,5	
<b>SB 2520 ... SB 2540</b>	20-40	25	50	700	0.38	5	0.6	2.5	-50 ... +150	8 x 7,5	
<b>SB 3020 ... SB 3040</b>	20-40	30	50	700	0.37	5	0.6	2.5	-50 ... +150	8 x 7,5	
<b>SB 3020TL ... SB 3040TL</b>	20-40	30	50	700	0.37	5	0.6	1.7	-50 ... +150	8 x 7,5 TL	
<b>High Temperature Schottky</b>											
<b>SBH 820 ... SBH 845</b>	20-45	8	50	180	0.53	5	0.04	5	-50 ... +200	5,4 x 7,5	
<b>SBH 1220 ... SBH 1245</b>	20-45	12	50	280	0.51	5	0.05	4	-50 ... +200	5,4 x 7,5	
<b>SBH 1520 ... SBH 1545</b>	20-45	15	50	350	0.48	5	0.05	3	-50 ... +185	8 x 7,5	
<b>SBH 1520S ... SBH 1545S</b>	20-45	15	50	350	0.48	5	0.05	4	-50 ... +185	5,4 x 7,5	
<b>SBH 2020 ... SBH 2045</b>	20-45	20	75	400	0.45	5	0.065	3.2	-50 ... +185	8 x 7,8	
<b>SBH 2020TL ... SBH 2045TL</b>	20-45	20	50	650	0.45	5	0.065	1.8	-50 ... +185	8 x 7,5 TL	
<b>SBH 2520 ... SBH 2540</b>	20-40	25	50	700	0.45	5	0.1	2.5	-50 ... +175	8 x 7,5	
<b>SBH 3020 ... SBH 3045</b>	20-45	30	50	700	0.43	5	0.15	2.5	-50 ... +175	8 x 7,5	
<b>SBH 3020TL ... SBH 3045TL</b>	20-45	30	50	700	0.43	5	0.15	1.7	-50 ... +175	8 x 7,5 TL	
Type	$V_{WM}$	$I_D @ T_A$	$P_{PPM} @ T_A$	$T_A$	$I_{FSM} @ T_A = 25^\circ C$	$V_{BR} @ I_T$	$I_{T\_VBR}$	$R_{th(j-L)}$	$T_j$	Case	Circuit
	V	mA	W	°C	A	V	mA	K/W	°C		
<b>Transient voltage suppressor</b>											
<b>1.5 KE6.8 ... 1.5 KE440CA</b>	5,5-376	0.005	1500	25	200	6.12-462	1-10	8	-50 ... +175	5,4 x 7,5	
<b>5 KP6.5 ... 5 KP110CA</b>	6,5-110	0.005	5000	25	400	7.22-140.5	5-50	4	-50 ... +175	8 x 7,5	
<b>BZW 04-5V8 ... BZW 04-376B</b>	5,8-376	0.005	400	25	40	6.45-462	1-10	15	-50 ... +175	DO-15	
<b>BZW 06-5V8 ... BZW 06-376B</b>	5,8-376	0.005	600	25	100	6.45-462	1-10	15	-50 ... +175	DO-15	
<b>P4 KE6,8 ... P4 KE440CA</b>	5.5-376	0.005	400	25	40	6.12-462	1-10	15	-50 ... +175	DO-15	
<b>P6KE6,8...P6KE440CA, P6KE520C</b>	5,5-423	0.005	600	25	100	6.12-570	1-10	15	-50 ... +175	DO-15	

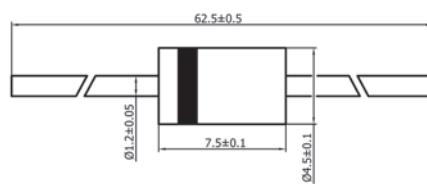
# Discretes - Diodes - Leaded

## Cases

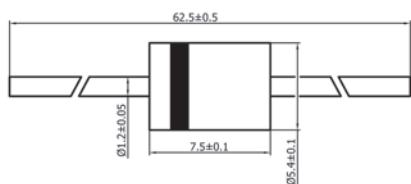
**DO-15**



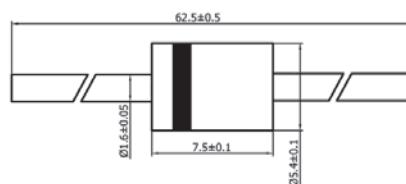
**DO-201**



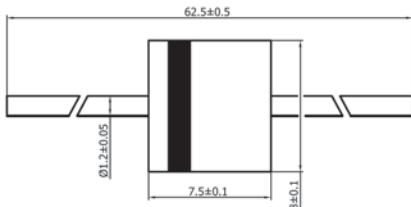
**$\varnothing 5.4 \times 7,5$**



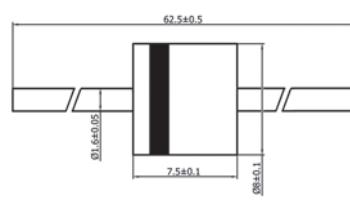
**$\varnothing 5,4 \times 7,5\ TL$**



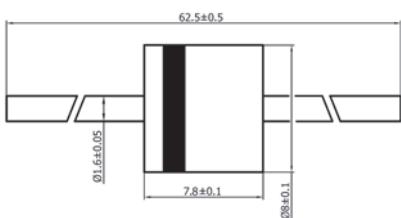
**$\varnothing 8 \times 7,5$**



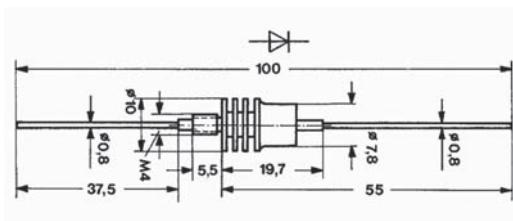
**$\varnothing 8 \times 7,5\ TL$**



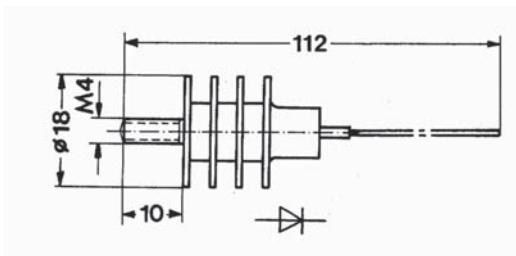
**$\varnothing 8 \times 7,8\ TL$**



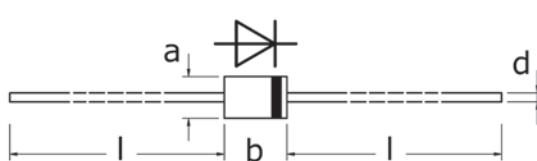
**E5**



**E6**



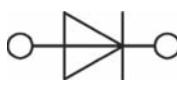
**E33 / E34**

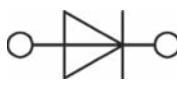


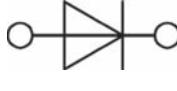
Cases	a	b	c	d
E 33	4,5	7	28	0,75
E 34	6	9	27	1,18

Dimensions in mm

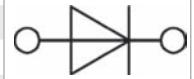
## Discretes - Diodes - Surface Mount

Type	$V_{RRM}$	$I_{FAV} @ T_T$	$T_T$	$I_{FSM} @ T_A = 25^\circ C$	$V_F @ I_F T_j = 25^\circ C$	$I_F - V_F$	$I_R @ T_j = 25^\circ C$	$R_{th(j-a)}$	$T_j$	Case	Circuit
	V	A	°C	A	V	A	mA	K/W	°C		
<b>Standard recovery</b>											
<b>S1 A ... S1 M</b>	50-1000	1	100	30	1.10	1	0.005	30	-50 ... +150	SMA	
<b>S1 T ... S1 Y</b>	1300-2000	1	100	30	1.10	1	0.005	30	-50 ... +150	SMA	
<b>SM 4001 ... SM 4007</b>	50-1000	1	75	40	1.10	1	0.005	10	-50 ... +175	MELF	
<b>SM 513, SM 516, SM 518, SM 2000</b>	1300-2000	1	75	40	1.10	1	0.005	10	-50 ... +175	MELF	
<b>S2 A ... S2 M</b>	50-1000	2	100	50	1.15	2	0.005	15	-50 ... +150	SMB	
<b>S2 SMA A ... S2 SMA M</b>	50-1000	2	80	50	1.15	2	0.005	30	-50 ... +150	SMA	
<b>S2 T ... S2 Y</b>	1300-2000	2	100	50	1.15	2	0.005	15	-50 ... +150	SMB	
<b>SM 5059 ... SM 5063</b>	200-1000	2	50	50	1.10	2	0.005	10	-50 ... +175	MELF	
<b>S3 A ... S3 M</b>	50-1000	3	100	100	1.15	3	0.005	10	-50 ... +150	SMC	
<b>S3 SMB A ... S3 SMB M</b>	50-1000	3	90	100	1.15	3	0.005	15	-50 ... +150	SMB	
<b>S3 T ... S3 Y</b>	1300-2000	3	100	100	1.15	3	0.005	10	-50 ... +150	SMC	
<b>SM 5400 ... SM 5408</b>	50-1000	3	50	70	1.20	3	0.01	10	-50 ... +175	MELF	
<b>S5 A ... S5 M</b>	50-1000	5	100	225	1.15	5	0.01	15	-50 ... +150	SMC	

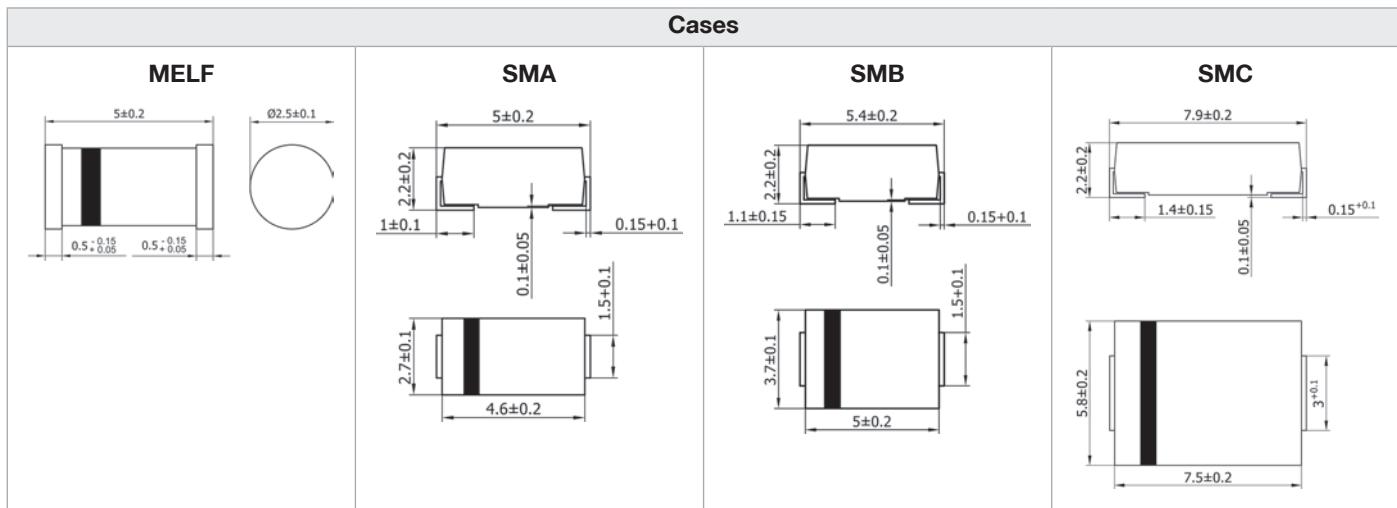
Type	$V_{RRM}$	$t_{rr}$	$I_{FAV} @ T_T$	$T_T$	$I_{FSM} @ T_A = 25^\circ C$	$V_F @ I_F T_j = 25^\circ C$	$I_F - V_F$	$I_R @ T_j = 25^\circ C$	$R_{th(j-a)}$	$T_j$	Case	Circuit
	V	ns	A	°C	A	V	A	mA	K/W	°C		
<b>Fast recovery</b>												
<b>FR 1A ... FR 1M</b>	50-1000	150-500	1	100	30	1.30	1	0.005	30	-50 ... +150	SMA	
<b>FR1T ... FR1Y</b>	1300-2000	500	1	100	20	1.80	1	0.01	30	-50 ... +150	SMA	
<b>SA 154 ... SA 160</b>	50-1000	300	1	100	35	1.30	1	0.005	15	-50 ... +175	MELF	
<b>FR 2A ... FR 2M</b>	50-1000	150-500	2	100	50	1.30	2	0.005	15	-50 ... +150	SMB	
<b>FR2 SMA A...FR2 SMA M</b>	50-1000	150-500	2	65	50	1.30	2	0.005	30	-50 ... +150	SMA	
<b>FR2T ... FR2Y</b>	1300-2000	500	2	100	50	1.80	2	0.01	15	-50 ... +150	SMB	
<b>SA 261 ... SA 265</b>	1200-2000	500	2	100	50	1.80	2	0.005	15	-50 ... +175	MELF	
<b>FR 3 SMB A ... FR 3 SMB M</b>	50-1000	150-500	3	80	100	1.30	3	0.005	15	-50 ... +150	SMB	
<b>FR 3A ... FR 3M</b>	50-1000	150-500	3	100	100	1.30	3	0.005	10	-50 ... +150	SMC	
<b>FR3T ... FR3Y</b>	1300-2000	500	3	100	100	1.80	3	0.01	10	-50 ... +150	SMC	
<b>FR 5A ... FR 5M</b>	50-1000	150-500	5	70	175	1.30	5	0.005	10	-50... +150	SMC	

Type	$V_{RRM}$	$t_{rr}$	$I_{FAV} @ T_T$	$T_T$	$I_{FSM} @ T_A = 25^\circ C$	$V_F @ I_F T_j = 25^\circ C$	$I_F - V_F$	$I_R @ T_j = 25^\circ C$	$R_{th(j-a)}$	$T_j$	Case	Circuit
	V	ns	A	°C	A	V	A	mA	K/W	°C		
<b>Ultrafast recovery</b>												
<b>SUF 4001 ... SUF 4007-1200</b>	50-1200	50-75	1	50	27	1-1.7	1	0.01	10	-50 ... +175	MELF	
<b>US 1A ... US 1S</b>	50-1200	50-75	1	100	30	1-1.7	1	0.01	30	-50 ... +150	SMA	
<b>US 2A ... US 2S</b>	50-1200	50-75	2	100	50	1-1.7	2	0.01	15	-50 ... +150	SMB	
<b>US 2SMA A ... US 2SMA M</b>	50-1000	50-75	2	50	50	1-1.7	2	0.01	30	-50 ... +150	SMA	
<b>US 3SMB A ... US 3SMB M</b>	50-1000	50-75	2.5	70	70	1-1.7	2.5	0.01	15	-50 ... +150	SMB	
<b>US 3A ... US 3S</b>	50-1200	50-75	3	100	100	1-1.7	3	0.01	10	-50 ... +150	SMC	

## Discretes - Diodes - Surface Mount

Type	$V_{(BR)min.}$	$t_{rr}$	$I_{FAV} @ T_T$	$T_T$	$I_{FSM} @ T_A = 25^\circ C$	$V_F @ I_F, T_j = 25^\circ C$	$I_F - V_F$	$I_R @ T_j = 25^\circ C$	$R_{th(j-a)}$	$T_j$	Case	Circuit
	V	ns	A	°C	A	V	A	mA	K/W	°C		
<b>Avalanche</b>												
FRA 1A ... FRA 1M	50-1000	150-500	1	100	30	1,3	1	0.003	30	-50 ... +150	SMA	
SA 1A ... SA 1M	50-1000	-	1	100	30	1,1	1	0.001	30	-50 ... +150	SMA	
SAA 154 ... SAA 160	50-1000	300	1	100	35	1,3	1	0.015	15	-50 ... +175	MELF	
SAM 4001 ... SAM 4007	50-1000	-	1	75	40	1,1	1	0.015	10	-50 ... +175	MELF	
SUFA4001 ... SUFA4007	50-1000	50-75	1	50	27	1-1,7	1	0.005	10	-50 ... +175	MELF	
USA 1A ... USA 1M	50-1000	50-75	1	90	30	1-1,7	1	0.005	30	-50 ... +150	SMA	
FRA 2A ... FRA 2M	50-1000	150-500	2	100	50	1,3	2	0.003	15	-50 ... +150	SMB	
SA 2A ... SA 2 M	50-1000	-	2	100	50	1,15	2	0.0015	15	-50 ... +150	SMB	
USA 2A ... USA 2M	50-1000	50-75	2	90	50	1-1,7	2	0.01	15	-50 ... +150	SMB	
FRA 3A ... FRA 3M	50-1000	150-500	3	100	100	1,3	3	0.003	10	-50 ... +150	SMC	
SA 3A ... SA 3M	50-1000	-	3	100	100	1,15	3	0.0015	10	-50 ... +150	SMC	
USA 3A ... USA 3M	50-1000	50-75	3	90	100	1-1,7	3	0.01	10	-50 ... +150	SMC	
Type	$V_{RRM}$	$I_{FAV} @ T_T$	$T_T$	$I_{FSM} @ T_A = 25^\circ C$	$V_F @ I_F, T_j = 25^\circ C$	$I_F - V_F$	$I_R @ T_j = 25^\circ C$	$R_{th(j-a)}$	$T_j$	Case	Circuit	
	V	A	°C	A	V	A	mA	K/W	°C			
<b>Schottky</b>												
SK 12 ... SK 110	20-100	1	100	30	0.5-0.85	1	0.5	30	-50 ... +150	SMA		
SM 5817 ... SM 5819	20-40	1	100	30	0.75-0.9	3	1	10	-50 ... +150	MELF		
SMS 120 ... SMS 1100	20-100	1	100	30	0.5-0.79	1	0.5	10	-50 ... +150	MELF		
SK 22 ... SK 210	20-100	2	100	50	0.5-0.85	2	0.5	15	-50 ... +150	SMB		
SMS 220 ... SMS 2100	20-100	2	100	50	0.5-0.79	2	0.5	10	-50 ... +150	MELF		
SK 32 ... SK 310	20-100	3	100	100	0.5-0.85	3	0.5	10	-50 ... +150	SMC		
Type	$V_{WM}$	$I_D @ T_A$	$P_{PPM} @ T_A$	$T_A$	$I_{FSM} @ T_A = 25^\circ C$	$V_{BR} @ I_T$	$I_{T_VBR}$	$R_{th(j-a)}$	$T_j$	Case	Circuit	
	V	A	W	°C	A	V	mA	K/W	°C			
<b>Transient voltage suppressor</b>												
1,5 SMCJ 6,5 ... 1,5 SMCJ 180CA	6,5-150	0.000005	1500	25	100	7,2-231	1-10	10	-50 ... +150	SMC		
P4 SMAJ 6,5 ... P4 SMAJ 180CA	6,5-130	0.000005	400	25	40	7,2-231	1-10	30	-50 ... +150	SMA		
P6 SMBJ 6,5 ... P6 SMBJ 180CA	6,5-130	0.000005	600	25	100	7,2-231	1-10	15	-50 ... +150	SMB		
TGL 41-520C	423	0.000005	400	25	40	470-570	1	10	-50 ... +150	MELF		
SDA 2AK, SDA 4AK	0,5-1	0.001	300	25	-	0,8-2	1000	0	-50 ... +150	MELF		
TGL 41-6,8 ... TGL 41-400CA	5,5-342	0.001	400	25	40	6,12-420	1-10	10	-50 ... +150	MELF		
Type	$V_z @ I_{ZT}$	$I_{ZT} @ T_A$	$P_{tot} @ T_A$	$T_A$	$V_R @ I_R, T_j = 25^\circ C$	$I_{R-V_R}$	$R_{th(j-a)}$	$T_j$	Case	Circuit		
	V	A	W	°C	V	μA	K/W	°C				
<b>Zener</b>												
ZMY 1 ... ZMY 200 (1,3W)	0,71-212	0.0025	1.3	50	1,5-90	0,5-1	10	-50 ... +150	MELF			
SMZ 1 ... SMZ 200 (2W)	0,71-212	0.005	2	50	1,5-90	1	10	-50 ... +150	MELF			
SZ3C 1 ... SZ3C 200 (3W)	0,71-212	0.005	3	50	1,5-90	1	10	-50 ... +150	MELF			
Z1 SMA 1 ... Z1 SMA 100 (1W)	0,71-106	0.005	1	50	1,5-75	1	30	-50 ... +150	SMA			
Z2 SMB 1 ... Z2 SMB 200 (2W)	0,71-212	0.005	2	50	1,5-90	1	15	-50 ... +150	SMB			
Z3 SMC 1 ... Z3 SMC 200 (3W)	0,71-212	0.005	3	50	1,5-90	1	10	-50 ... +150	SMC			

## Discretes - Diodes - Surface Mount



Dimensions in mm

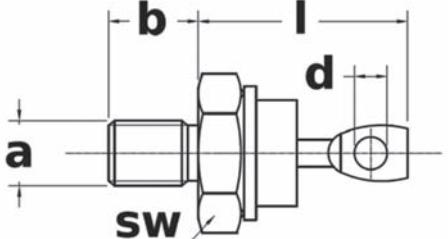
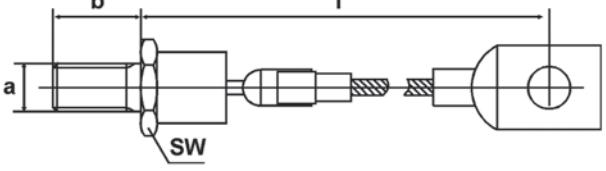
## Discretes - Diodes - Stud Screw Fit

Type	$V_{RRM}$	$I_{FAV} @ T_c$	$T_c$	$I_{FSM} @ T_j = 25^\circ C$	$V_F @ I_F T_j = 25^\circ C$	$I_F - V_F$	$R_{th(j-c)}$	$T_j$	also available with UNF-thread	Case	Circuit
	V	A	°C	A	V	A	K/W	°C			
<b>Standard recovery</b>											
<b>SKN 20</b>	400-1600	20	125	375	1.55	60	2	-40 ... +180	yes	E9	
<b>SKN 26</b>	400-1600	25	100	375	1.55	60	2	-40 ... +180	yes	E8	
<b>SKN 45</b>	400-1600	45	125	700	1.60	150	0.85	-40 ... +180	yes	E12	
<b>SKN 70</b>	400-1600	70	125	1150	1.50	200	0.55	-40 ... +180	yes	E12	
<b>SKN 71</b>	400-1600	70	125	1150	1.50	200	0.55	-40 ... +180	yes	E11	
<b>SKN 100</b>	400-1800	100	120	1750	1.55	400	0.45	-40 ... +180	yes	E13	
<b>SKN 130</b>	400-1800	130	125	2500	1.50	500	0.35	-40 ... +180	yes	E14	
<b>SKN 240</b>	400-1800	240	125	6000	1.40	750	0.2	-40 ... +180	yes	E15	
<b>SKN 320</b>	400-1600	320	125	9000	1.35	1000	0.16	-40 ... +180	yes	E16	
<b>SKN 400</b>	1800-3000	400	100	9000	1.45	1200	0.11	-40 ... +160	yes	E17	
<b>SKR 20</b>	400-1600	20	125	375	1.55	60	2	-40 ... +180	yes	E9	
<b>SKR 26</b>	400-1600	25	100	375	1.55	60	2	-40 ... +180	yes	E8	
<b>SKR 45</b>	400-1600	45	125	700	1.60	150	0.85	-40 ... +180	yes	E12	
<b>SKR 70</b>	400-1600	70	125	1150	1.50	200	0.55	-40 ... +180	yes	E12	
<b>SKR 71</b>	400-1600	70	125	1150	1.50	200	0.55	-40 ... +180	yes	E11	
<b>SKR 100</b>	400-1800	100	120	1750	1.55	400	0.45	-40 ... +180	yes	E13	
<b>SKR 130</b>	400-1800	130	125	2500	1.50	500	0.35	-40 ... +180	yes	E14	
<b>SKR 240</b>	400-1800	240	125	6000	1.40	750	0.2	-40 ... +180	yes	E15	
<b>SKR 320</b>	400-1600	320	125	9000	1.35	1000	0.16	-40 ... +180	yes	E16	

Type	$V_{RRM}$	$t_{rr}$	$I_{FAV} @ T_c$	$T_c$	$I_{FSM} @ T_j = 25^\circ C$	$V_F @ I_F T_j = 25^\circ C$	$I_F - V_F$	$R_{th(j-c)}$	$T_j$	also available with UNF-thread	Case	Circuit
	V	ns	A	°C	A	V	A	K/W	°C			
<b>Fast recovery</b>												
<b>SKN 2F17</b>	400-1000	440	17	113	450	2.15	50	1.2	-40 ... +150	yes	E7	
<b>SKN 3F20</b>	800-1200	600	20	104	375	2.15	50	1.2	-40 ... +150	yes	E7	
<b>SKN 2F50</b>	400-1000	600	50	105	1100	1.80	50	0.5	-40 ... +150	yes	E10	
<b>SKN 60F</b>	1200-1700	2100	60	100	1400	1.75	150	0.5	-40 ... +150	yes	E10	
<b>SKN 135F</b>	800-1200	1900	135	100	2500	1.95	300	0.2	-40 ... +150	yes	E14	
<b>SKN 136F</b>	800-1200	1900	135	100	2500	1.95	300	0.2	-40 ... +150	yes	E31	
<b>SKN 140F</b>	1200-1700	2000	140	100	2500	1.80	300	0.2	-40 ... +150	yes	E14	
<b>SKN 141F</b>	1200-1700	2000	140	100	2500	1.80	300	0.2	-40 ... +150	yes	E31	
<b>SKR 2F17</b>	400-1000	440	17	113	450	2.15	50	1.2	-40 ... +150	yes	E7	
<b>SKR 3F20</b>	800-1200	600	20	104	375	2.15	50	1.2	-40 ... +150	yes	E7	
<b>SKR 2F50</b>	400-1000	600	50	95	800	1.80	50	0.65	-40 ... +150	yes	E10	
<b>SKR 60F</b>	1200-1700	2100	60	100	1400	1.75	150	0.5	-40 ... +150	yes	E10	
<b>SKR 135F</b>	800-1200	1900	135	100	2500	1.95	300	0.2	-40 ... +150	yes	E14	
<b>SKR 136F</b>	800-1200	1900	135	100	2500	1.95	300	0.2	-40 ... +150	yes	E31	
<b>SKR 140F</b>	1200-1700	2000	140	100	2500	1.80	300	0.2	-40 ... +150	yes	E14	
<b>SKR 141F</b>	1200-1700	2000	140	100	2500	1.80	300	0.2	-40 ... +150	yes	E31	

# Discretes - Diodes - Stud Screw Fit

Type	$V_{RRM}$ V	$I_{FAV}$ @ $T_c$ A	$T_c$ °C	$I_{FSM}$ @ $T_j =$ 25°C A	$V_F @ I_F$ $T_j =$ 25°C V	$I_F - V_F$ A	$R_{th(j-c)}$ K/W	$T_j$ °C	also available with UNF-thread	Case	Circuit
<b>Avalanche</b>											
SKNa 20	1300-1700	20	93	375	1.55	60	2	-40 ... +150	no	E9	
SKNa 22	3600-5000	25	104	450	1.95	60	1	-40 ... +160	no	E42	
SKNa 47	3600-5000	45	106	700	1.80	100	0.6	-40 ... +160	no	E43	
SKNa 102	3600-5000	125	80	1900	1.90	300	0.3	-40 ... +160	no	E44	
SKNa 202	3600-5000	200	80	3800	1.95	600	0.2	-40 ... +160	no	E45	
SKNa 402	3600-5000	400	88	7800	1.85	1200	0.1	-40 ... +160	no	E46	

Cases					
<b>E7 / E8 / E10 / E11 / E31</b>			<b>E9 / E12 ... E17</b>		
					
Cases	a	b	d	l	SW
E 7	M 5	11	2,7	22	11
E 8	M 6	11	2,7	21,5	11
E 10	M 6	11	4	25	17
E 11	M 8	11	4	25,5	17
E 31	M 12	18	8,4	55	24
Cases	a	b	c	l	SW
E 42	M 6	28,5	45	150	
E 43	M 8	32	54	160	
E 44	M 12	38	57	185	
E 45	M 16 x 1,5	48	70	205	
E 46	M 24 x 1,5	54	82	250	

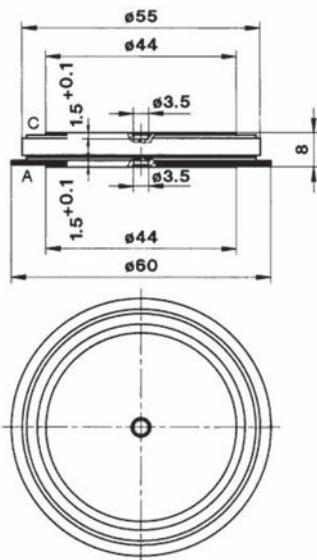
Dimensions in mm

## Discretes - Diodes - Capsule

Type	$V_{RRM}$	$I_{FAV} @ T_c$	$T_c$	$I_{FSM} @ T_j = 25^\circ C$	$V_F @ I_F = 25^\circ C$	$I_F - V_F$	$R_{th(j-c)}$ per chip	$T_j$	Case	Circuit
	V	A	°C	A	V	A	K/W	°C		
SKN 4000	200-600	4000	50	60000	1.30	14000	0.03	-40 ... +180	E35	
SKN 6000	200-600	6000	85	60000	1.30	14000	0.012	-40 ... +180	E35	

### Cases

E35



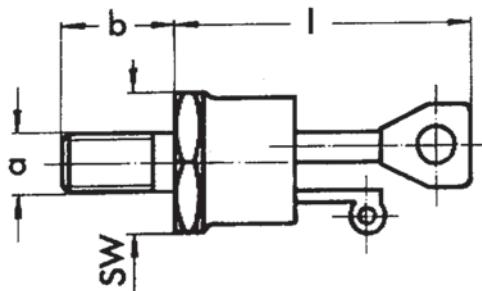
Dimensions in mm

# Discretes - Thyristor - Stud Screw Fit

Type	$V_{RRM}$ $V_{DRM}$	$I_{TAV}$ @ $T_c$	$T_c$	$I_{TSM}$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ C$	$V_T @ I_T$ $T_j = 25^\circ C$	$I_T - V_T$	$R_{th(j-c)}$ @sin. 180°	$T_j$	also available with UNF-thread	Case	Circuit
	V	A	°C	A	V	A	K/W	°C			
<b>SKT 10</b>	600-1200	10	111	250	1.6	30	1.3	-40 ... +130	no	B1	
<b>SKT 16</b>	400-1800	16	104	370	2.4	75	0.9	-40 ... +130	yes	B2	
<b>SKT 24</b>	400-1800	24	95	450	1.9	75	0.9	-40 ... +130	yes	B2	
<b>SKT 40</b>	400-1800	40	80	700	1.95	120	0.66	-40 ... +130	no	B3	
<b>SKT 50</b>	600-1800	50	78	1050	1.8	120	0.6	-40 ... +130	yes	B3	
<b>SKT 55</b>	400-1800	55	92	1300	1.8	200	0.47	-40 ... +130	no	B5	
<b>SKT 80</b>	600-1800	80	85	1700	2.25	300	0.28	-40 ... +130	yes	B5	
<b>SKT 100</b>	400-1800	100	85	2000	1.75	300	0.28	-40 ... +130	yes	B5	
<b>SKT 130</b>	400-1600	130	85	3500	2.25	500	0.18	-40 ... +130	no	B6	
<b>SKT 160</b>	400-1600	160	84	4300	1.75	500	0.18	-40 ... +130	yes	B6	
<b>SKT 250</b>	400-1600	250	85	7000	1.65	800	0.123	-40 ... +130	no	B7	
<b>SKT 300</b>	400-1600	300	93	11000	1.45	800	0.096	-40 ... +130	yes	B7	

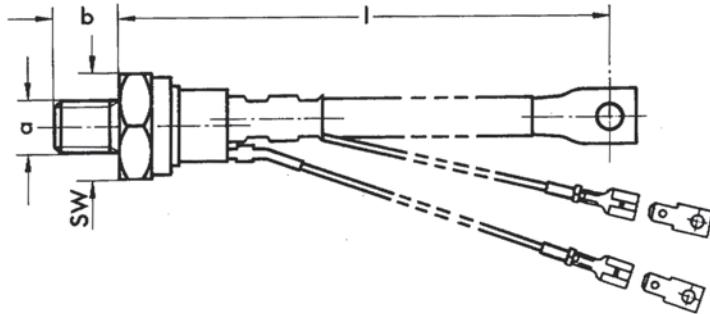
## Cases

### B1 ... B3



Cases	a	b	I	SW
B 1	M 5	11	20,3	11
B 2	M 6	11	30	14
B 3	M 8	11	33,5	17

### B5 ... B7

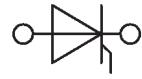


Cases	a	b	I	SW
B 5	M 12	18	160	24
B 6	M 16 x 1,5	20	190	32
B 7	M 24 x 1,5	20	230	41

Dimensions in mm

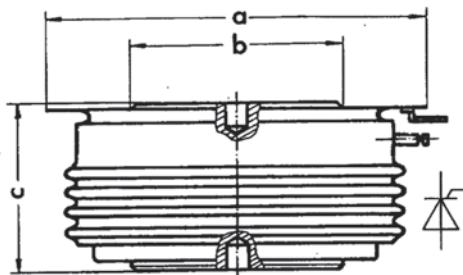
## Discretes - Thyristor - Capsule

Type	$V_{RRM}$	$I_{TAV}$	$T_c$	$I_{TSM}$	$V_T @ I_T$	$I_T - V_T$	$R_{th(j-c)}$	$T_j$	Case	Circuit
	$V$	A	°C	A	V	A	K/W	°C		
SKT 240	400-1800	240	93	5000	2.3	1000	0.072	-40 ... +125	B8	
SKT 340	800-1800	340	82	5700	1.9	1000	0.072	-40 ... +125	B8	
SKT 491	400-1800	490	80	8000	2.1	1500	0.047	-40 ... +125	B11	
SKT 493	400-1800	490	80	8000	2.1	1500	0.047	-40 ... +125	B11a	
SKT 551	800-1800	550	85	9000	1.65	1500	0.047	-40 ... +125	B11	
SKT 553	400-1800	550	85	9000	1.65	1500	0.047	-40 ... +125	B11a	
SKT 600	800-1800	600	86	11500	2	2400	0.04	-40 ... +125	B10	
SKT 760	800-1800	760	80	15000	1.65	2400	0.04	-40 ... +125	B10	
SKT 1000	1200-1600	1000	85	19000	2	3600	0.022	-40 ... +125	B14	
SKT 1200	1200-1800	1200	85	30000	1.65	3600	0.022	-40 ... +125	B14	



### Cases

#### B8 ... B20



Cases	a	b	c
B 8	41	19	14
B 10	57,3	34	26
B 11	41	25	14
B 11a	41	25	14
B 14	73	47	26

Dimensions in mm

## Discretes - Chips - SEMICELL

Type	$V_{RRM}$	$I_F$ @ $T_j = 150^\circ C$	$I_{FSM}$ @ $T_j = 150^\circ C$ 10ms	$V_F$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ C$	$I_F @ V_F$ $T_j = 25^\circ C$	$Q_{rr}$ @ $T_j = 125^\circ C$
	V	A	A	V	A	$\mu C$
<b>600 V - Freewheeling Diodes CAL I3 Fast</b>						
SKCD 06 C 060 I3	600	15	-	1.35	10	0.7
SKCD 09 C 060 I3	600	20	100	1.35	15	1.2
SKCD 18 C 060 I3	600	30	200	1.35	25	2.5
SKCD 31 C 060 I3	600	50	440	1.35	50	3.3
SKCD 47 C 060 I3	600	80	720	1.35	85	5.5
SKCD 61 C 060 I3	600	100	1000	1.35	110	7
SKCD 81 C 060 I3	600	150	1260	1.35	155	8.5
SKCD 121 C 060 I3	600	210	2100	1.35	245	10.7

### 1200 V - Freewheeling Diodes CAL I3 Fast

SKCD 06 C 120 I3	1200	10	-	2.00	5	-
SKCD 11 C 120 I3	1200	15	-	2.00	10	-
SKCD 18 C 120 I3	1200	25	180	2.00	15	2.7
SKCD 23 C 120 I3	1200	30	250	2.00	25	3.7
SKCD 31 C 120 I3	1200	40	350	2.00	35	4.5
SKCD 47 C 120 I3	1200	55	550	2.00	55	8
SKCD 61 C 120 I3	1200	75	720	2.00	70	11
SKCD 81 C 120 I3	1200	100	900	2.00	100	15
SKCD 121 C 120 I3	1200	150	-	2.00	155	-

### 1700 V - Freewheeling Diodes CAL Fast

SKCD 47 C 170 I	1700	55	550	2.05	55	15
SKCD 61 C 170 I	1700	75	720	2.05	75	19

Type	$V_{RRM}$	$I_F$ @ $T_j = 175^\circ C$	$I_{FSM}$ @ $T_j = 150^\circ C$ 10ms	$V_F$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ C$	$I_F @ V_F$ $T_j = 25^\circ C$	$E_{off}$ @ $T_j = 150^\circ C$
	V	A	A	V	A	mJ
<b>1200 V - Freewheeling Diodes CAL I4 Fast</b>						
SKCD 08 C 120 I4F	1200	8	36	2.33	8	0.4
SKCD 11 C 120 I4F	1200	15	65	2.38	15	0.6
SKCD 16 C 120 I4F	1200	25	100	2.41	25	1
SKCD 22 C 120 I4F	1200	35	170	2.30	35	1.6
SKCD 31 C 120 I4F	1200	50	270	2.22	50	2.6
SKCD 46 C 120 I4F	1200	75	430	2.17	75	4.2
SKCD 46 C 120 I4F R	1200	75	430	2.17	75	4.2
SKCD 53 C 120 I4F	1200	100	550	2.20	100	5.4
SKCD 81 C 120 I4F	1200	150	900	2.14	150	8.7

## Discretes - Chips - SEMICELL

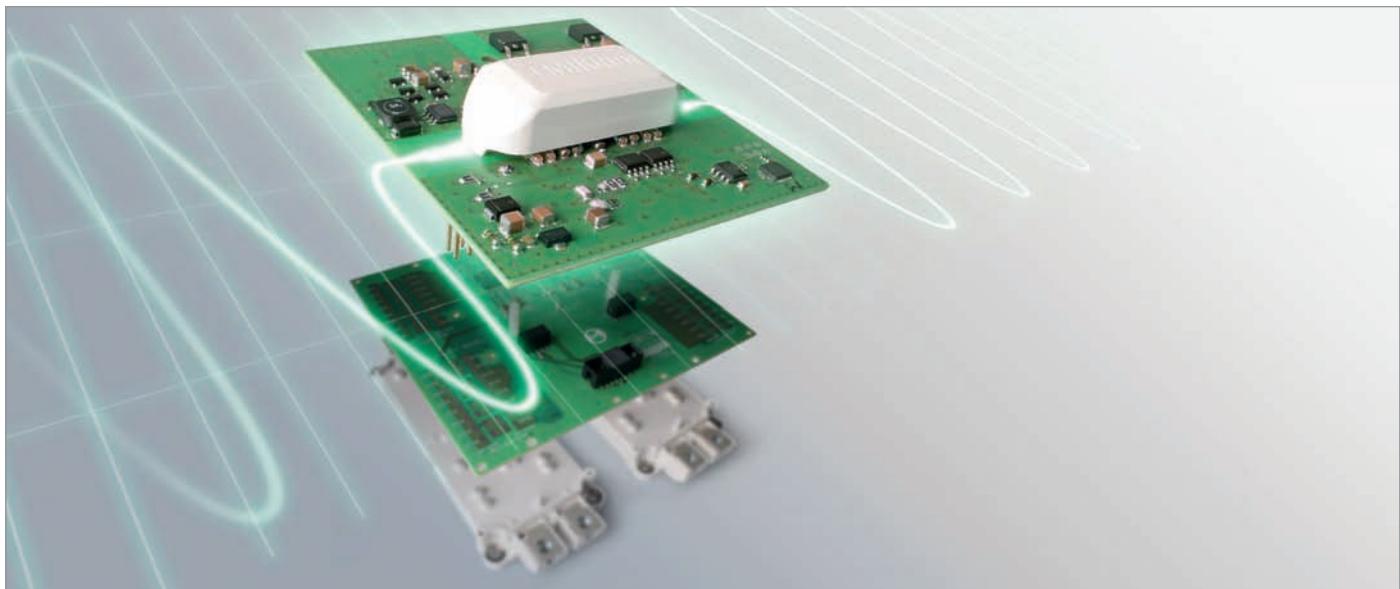
Type	V <sub>RRM</sub> V	I <sub>F</sub> @T <sub>j</sub> = 175°C A	I <sub>FSM</sub> @T <sub>j</sub> = 150°C 10ms A	V <sub>F</sub> @T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C V	I <sub>F</sub> @ V <sub>F</sub> T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C A	Q <sub>rr</sub> @T <sub>j</sub> = 150°C μC
<b>600 V - Freewheeling Diodes CAL High Density</b>						
SKCD 04 C 060 I HD	600	10	65	1.35	7	0.89
SKCD 06 C 060 I HD	600	20	95	1.35	12	0.93
SKCD 09 C 060 I HD	600	30	160	1.35	19	1.6
SKCD 16 C 060 I HD	600	50	320	1.35	37	5.64
SKCD 24 C 060 I HD	600	75	395	1.35	60	7.8
SKCD 42 C 060 I HD	600	100	810	1.35	110	14
SKCD 61 C 060 I HD	600	150	1080	1.35	160	22
SKCD 81 C 060 I HD	600	200	1310	1.35	230	32
Type	V <sub>RRM</sub> V	I <sub>F</sub> @T <sub>j</sub> = 150°C A	I <sub>FSM</sub> @T <sub>j</sub> = 150°C 10ms A	V <sub>F</sub> @T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C V	I <sub>F</sub> @ V <sub>F</sub> T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C A	Q <sub>rr</sub> @T <sub>j</sub> = 125°C μC
<b>1200 V - Freewheeling Diodes CAL High Density</b>						
SKCD 06 C 120 I HD	1200	6	55	1.50	5	1.4
SKCD 11 C 120 I HD	1200	15	125	1.50	12	3.3
SKCD 14 C 120 I HD	1200	20	170	1.50	15	4.2
SKCD 18 C 120 I HD	1200	25	200	1.50	20	5
SKCD 31 C 120 I HD	1200	55	480	1.50	45	10
SKCD 47 C 120 I HD	1200	85	640	1.50	70	12
SKCD 61 C 120 I HD	1200	115	900	1.50	90	18
SKCD 81 C 120 I HD	1200	160	1100	1.50	130	23
<b>1700 V - Freewheeling Diodes CAL High Density</b>						
SKCD 47 C 170 I HD	1700	75	650	1.73	75	19
SKCD 61 C 170 I HD	1700	100	710	1.73	100	26
SKCD 81 C 170 I HD	1700	150	1070	1.73	150	44

## Discretes - Chips - SEMICELL

Type	solderable	$V_{RRM}$	$I_{F(DC)}$ @ $T_j = 150^\circ C$	$I_{FSM}$ @ $T_j = 150^\circ C$ 10ms	$V_F$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ C$	$I_F @ V_F$ $T_j = 25^\circ C$	$t_{rr}$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ C$ 10ms
		V	A	A	V	A	μs
<b>1600 V - Rectifier</b>							
<b>SKR 3,5 Qu bond</b>	on request	1600	25	200	1	8	20
<b>SKR 4,2 Qu bond</b>	on request	1600	35	270	1	13	20
<b>SKR 4,8 Qu bond</b>	yes	1600	45	350	1	18	21
<b>SKR 5,6 Qu bond</b>	on request	1600	50	490	1	25	22
<b>SKR 6,2 Qu bond</b>	yes	1600	65	600	1	33	22
<b>SKR 7,0 Qu bond</b>	on request	1600	75	890	1	45	23
<b>SKR 8,9 Qu bond</b>	yes	1600	140	1380	1	77	26
<b>SKR 10,3 Qu bond</b>	yes	1600	170	1650	1	106	29
<b>SKR 12,4 Qu bond</b>	yes	1600	235	2300	1	160	34
<b>SKR 15,2 Qu bond</b>	on request	1600	330	3800	1	245	42
<b>SKR 16,3 x 18,2 Qu bond</b>	on request	1600	365	5100	1	320	49
<b>SKR 18,2 Qu bond</b>	on request	1600	380	5500	1	360	53
<b>SKR 22,4 Qu bond</b>	on request	1600	770	9450	1	550	72

Type	solderable	$V_{RRM}$	$V_{DRM}$	$I_{T(DC)}$ @ $T_c = 80^\circ C$ , $T_j = 130^\circ C$	$I_{TSM}$ @ $T_j = 130^\circ C$ 10ms	$V_{GT}$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ C$	$I_{GT}$ @ $T_j = 25^\circ C$	$t_q$ @ $T_j = 130^\circ C$ 10ms
		V	A	A	V	A	A	μs
<b>1600 V - Thyristor Central Gate</b>								
<b>SKT 8,9 Qu ZG bond.</b>	on request	1600	105	1000	1.98	100	100	150
<b>SKT 10,3 Qu ZG bond.</b>	on request	1600	125	1250	1.98	100	100	150
<b>SKT 13,5 Qu ZG bond.</b>	on request	1600	185	2300	1.98	100	100	135
<b>SKT 15,2 Qu ZG bond.</b>	yes	1600	215	3200	1.98	100	100	150
<b>SKT 18,2 Qu ZG bond.</b>	on request	1600	250	5000	1.98	100	100	150
<b>SKT 24,3 Qu ZG bond.</b>	on request	1600	480	8200	1.98	150	150	150
<b>1600 V - Thyristor Corner Gate</b>								
<b>SKT 5,6 Qu RG bond.</b>	on request	1600	60	280	1.98	100	100	150
<b>SKT 7,0 Qu RG bond.</b>	on request	1600	75	450	1.98	100	100	150
<b>SKT 8,9 Qu RG bond.</b>	yes	1600	105	1000	1.98	100	100	150
<b>SKT 10,3 Qu RG bond.</b>	on request	1600	125	1250	1.98	100	100	150
<b>SKT 12,4 Qu RG bond.</b>	yes	1600	165	1800	1.98	100	100	150

## Robust IGBT Driver



### Applications

SKYPER 32 is solid driving in x-ray devices, industrial drives and process control applications. SKYPER 42 meets the requirements of induction heating/ welding applications that call for high currents, durable solar inverters and variable industrial motor drives between 300 kW to 1.5 MW. The powerful SKYPER 52 is ideal for use in high-power applications such as wind turbines. SKYPER drivers are highly robust two-channel IGBT drivers used to control 50 - 9000 Amp IGBT modules. Boasting a mean time between failures of more than two million hours, the service life of this driver is triple that of standard IGBT drivers. SKYPER 32, 42 and 52 can drive 600 V, 1200 V and 1700 V IGBT modules.

### Product range

#### SKYPER 32 R UL/ 32 PRO R UL/ 32 R/

32 PRO R:	50 mA/ 15 A	50 kHz
SKYPER42 R:	150 mA/ 30 A	100 kHz
SKYPER 52 R:	300 mA/ 50 A	100 kHz

### Benefits

Robust driving technology

- Integrated power and signal transformer provide galvanic insulation
- Internal power supply
- Low coupling capacitance with 100 kV/dt ruggedness
- Steady stabilized gate voltage for safe switching characteristic
- Dynamic short-circuit protection, soft turn-off, dead-time generation and voltage monitoring
- EMC with unique interlayer connection and short-pulse suppression
- SKYPER 52 works as a digital driver, providing differential inputs, digital signal transmission and IntelliOff to rule out voltage spikes

Easy assembly with customized adaptor boards

- Adaptor boards for paralleling SEMiX3S/4S modules, SKiM modules and wire-bonded modules like SEMITRANS
- Decoupled and symmetric gate control to reduce current and voltage peaks
- Assembly service for gate resistors and VCE components for adaptor boards on request

# Driver Electronics - SEMIDRIVER

Type	Channels	V <sub>CE</sub> V	V <sub>G(on)</sub> V	V <sub>G(off)</sub> V	I <sub>outPEAK</sub> A	Q <sub>out/pulse</sub> μC	f <sub>max</sub> kHZ	V <sub>isollo</sub> kV	dv/dt kV/μs
<b>Driver</b>									
<b>SKHI 10/12 R</b>	1	1200	15	-8	8	9.6	100	2500	75
<b>SKHI 10/17 R</b>	1	1700	15	-8	8	9.6	100	4000	75
<b>SKHI 23/12 R</b>	2	1200	15	-8	8	4.8	100	2500	75
<b>SKHI 23/17 R</b>	2	1700	15	-8	8	4.8	100	4000	75
<b>SKHIT 01 R</b> <sup>1)</sup>	3	528	-	-	-	-	10	2500	-
<b>Driver Core</b>									
<b>SKHI 21A R</b> <sup>2)</sup>	2	1200	15	0	8	4	50	2500	50
<b>SKHI 22 A/B H4 R</b>	2	1700	15	-7	8	4	50	4000	50
<b>SKHI 22 A/B R</b>	2	1200	15	-7	8	4	50	2500	50
<b>SKHI 24 R</b>	2	1700	15	-8	15	5	50	4000	50
<b>SKYPER 32 PRO R</b>	2	1700	15	-7	15	6.3	50	4000	50
<b>SKYPER 32 PRO R UL</b>	2	1700	15	-7	15	6.3	50	4000	50
<b>SKYPER 32 R</b>	2	1700	15	-7	15	2.5	50	4000	50
<b>SKYPER 32 R UL</b>	2	1700	15	-7	15	2.5	50	4000	50
<b>SKYPER 42 R</b>	2	1700	15	-8	30	50	100	4000	100
<b>SKYPER 52 R</b>	2	1700	15	-15	50	100	100	4000	100
<b>SKHI 61 R</b>	6	900	14.9	-6.5	2	1	50	2500	15
<b>SKHI 71 R</b>	7	900	14.9	-6.5	2	1	50	2500	15
<b>Adaptor Board</b>									
<b>Board 1 SKYPER 32 R</b>	2	1700	15	-7	15	2.5	50	4000	50
<b>Board 1 SKYPER 32PRO R</b>	2	1700	15	-7	15	6.3	50	4000	50
<b>Board 2 // 4S SKYPER 42 R</b>	2	1700	15	-8	30	50	100	4000	100
<b>Board 2 generic SKYPER 42 R</b>	2	1700	15	-8	30	50	100	4000	100
<b>Board 2/3S SKYPER 42 R</b>	2	1700	15	-8	30	50	100	4000	100
<b>Board 2s SKYPER 32 R</b>	2	1700	15	-7	15	2.5	50	4000	50
<b>Board 2s SKYPER 32PRO R</b>	2	1700	15	-7	15	6.3	50	4000	50
<b>Board 3s SKYPER 32 R</b>	2	1700	15	-7	15	2.5	50	4000	50
<b>Board 3s SKYPER 32PRO R</b>	2	1700	15	-7	15	6.3	50	4000	50
<b>Board 4s SKYPER 32 R</b>	2	1700	15	-7	15	2.5	50	4000	50
<b>Board 4s SKYPER 32PRO R</b>	2	1700	15	-7	15	6.3	50	4000	50

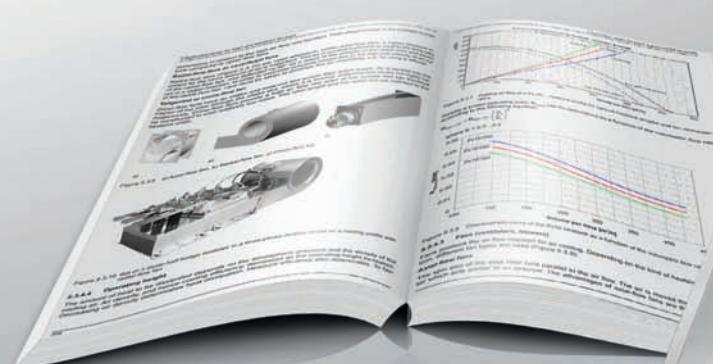
## Footnotes

<sup>1)</sup> Thyristor Driver

<sup>2)</sup> MOSFET Driver

# Application Manual

## Power Semiconductors



Available in German, English and Chinese

### 465 pages of acquired knowledge

IGBT's and MOSFET's integrated in power modules are the key components of power electronic circuits today and are continuously finding their way into new fields of application. This goes hand in hand with the ever increasing call for line rectifier diodes and thyristors as a cost-effective way of connecting the circuits to the power grid. The aim of the application manual is to provide users with support in selecting and using such devices. The manual contains basic background knowledge on semiconductors in order to enable a better understanding of application possibilities and limits. More in-depth explanations are given on packaging and assembly technologies, because of the major influence they have on module properties and limitations in field applications. Statements on reliability data, life cycle analyses and key test processes round off the chapter. The application manual also explains the structure of datasheets and provides notes to help users better understand datasheet parameters.

The Application Manual contains detailed application-related information on electrical configuration under important operating conditions, driver and protection elements for semiconductors; thermal dimensioning and cooling, tips on parallel and series connection, assembly tips for optimized power layouts with regard to parasitic elements and the requirements arising from specific ambient conditions.

This book is written for users and provides help with component selection and design-in work. It couples a vast wealth of experience with detailed practical knowledge, the result being a vast pool of information which up till now has been spread across various individual articles or in the minds of experts only.

Can be ordered at  
[www.sindopower.com](http://www.sindopower.com)

## Spring integration Wire bond-free, solder-free, thermal paste-free



### Applications

SEMIKRON has successfully established its SKiN® packaging technology and is now combining it with spring-contact technology for even better results. These two systems are planned mainly in electric vehicle and wind turbine applications.

### Benefits

SKiN® technology is a flexible foil used in place of wire bonds. In combination with sinter technology, the SKiN® technology can help double inverter power density to 3 A/cm<sup>2</sup>, leading to a 35 % reduction in inverter volume. This high power density requires space-saving and uncomplicated means of connecting the power components with the driver unit. The driver terminals thus

use spring contacts affixed to the surface of the flexible foil. SEMIKRON looks back on ten years of experience with spring-contact technology, with more than 500 million SEMIKRON spring contacts in field applications today. The new connection technology also does away with thermal paste, using a sintered layer instead of thermal paste and soldered base plate. Thermal paste is responsible for around 30 % of the overall thermal resistance in an electronic system, which is why it is a key factor in the electric and thermal dimensioning of a power electronics system. With SKiN® technology, the thermal paste layer between the PCB and heat sink is replaced by a silver sinter layer, improving thermal conductivity between chip and heat sink by 35 %.

## Systems for e-vehicles

### SKAI® 2 IGBT



600V/1200V  
300A

### SKAI® 2 MOSFET Single



100V/150V/200V  
200A 400A

### SKAI® 2 MOSFET Dual



150A 100V/150V/200V 400A

$I_D, I_C$  [A]

150

200

300

400

## 3-phase inverter systems up to 250 kVA for electric vehicle applications



### Applications

SEMIKRON's SKAI2 product platform is predestined for use in automotive applications. The systems are designed to operate with battery voltages of 24 - 800 V, output power ratings of 10 - 250 kVA, and are developed in line with the latest automotive and system qualification standards. The standard systems are supplied with low-voltage MOSFETs or high-voltage IGBTs in single or dual configuration.

### Product range

The IGBT-based SKAI2 is available as watercooled 3-phase inverter in voltage classes 600 V or 1200 V, with or without DSP, with an output power of up to 250 kVA. The MOSFET-based SKAI2 is available as forced-air cooled, water-cooled or baseplate type, in voltage classes 100 V, 150 V or 200 V, in single or dual 3-phase inverter topology with an output power of up to 55 kVA.

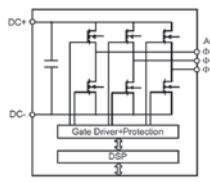
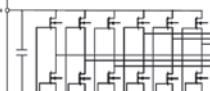
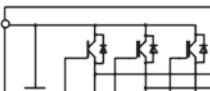
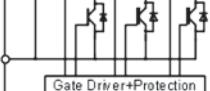
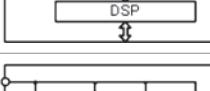
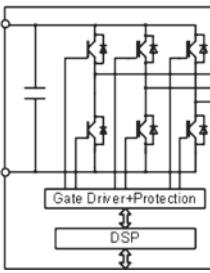
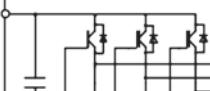
### Benefits

The high-voltage SKAI2 is available as a water-cooled 600 V or 1200 V IGBT-based 3-phase inverter system. It has been optimized for electrification of commercial vehicle drive trains. This system is based on the established, sintered, and 100 % solder-free power

semiconductor technology for an output power of up to 250 kVA. It features a polypropylene film DC-link capacitor, driver electronics, a state of the art DSP controller, EMC filters, and sensors for current, voltage and temperature monitoring. All system components will be protected by a waterproof IP67 metal case against environmental impacts. The system can communicate with the vehicle master controller via CANbus.

The low-voltage SKAI2 MOSFET 3-phase inverter systems are available in different configurations regarding cooling, battery voltage and topology. It is mainly used in medium power electric vehicle applications with motor power of up to 55 kVA. They have extremely short bus-bar connections between the MOSFET dice and multicell DC bus capacitor, leading to low inductance in the commutation circuit. This results in a switching behavior with very low voltage overshoot. The utilization of maximum MOSFET drain-source voltage as well as power density is high. The inverter is integrated in a waterproof IP67 enclosure but with the cost-effective solution of leaving the power terminals open. Thermal and electrical contact of SKAI2 systems are based on SKiiP pressure-contact technology. This results in extended service life and high load cycling capability.

# Systems - SKAI2

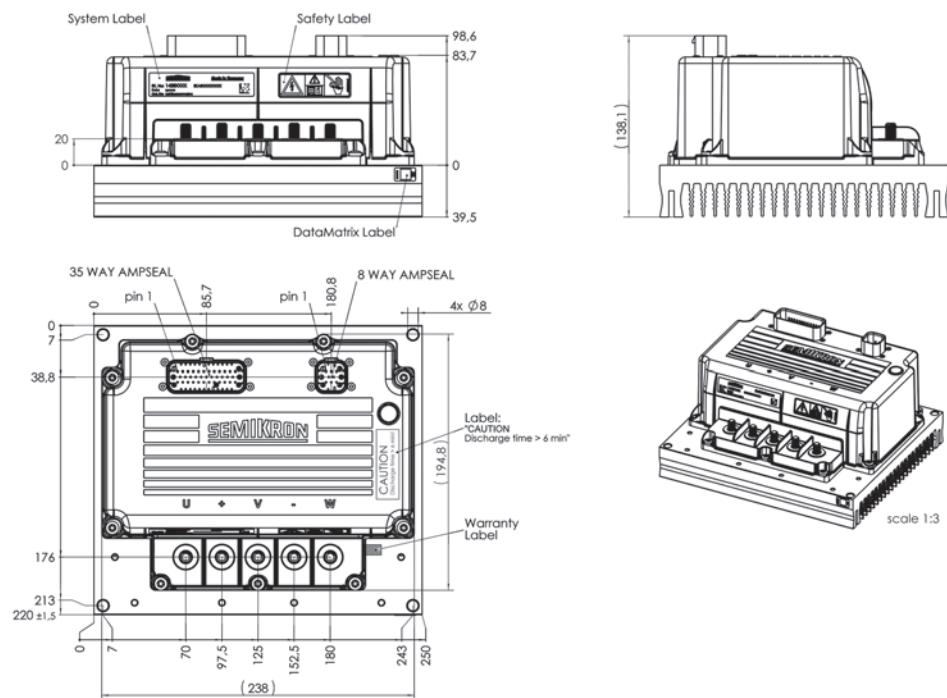
Type	$V_{\text{battery (max)}}$ V	$I_{\text{Cnom}}$ A	Topology	Cooling	DSP	Case	Circuit
<b>MOSFET - Three-phase inverter</b>							
SKAI 60 A2 MD10-L <sup>1)</sup>	72	400	3-Phase	Forced Air	Yes	1	
SKAI 60 A2 MD10-P <sup>1)</sup>	72	400	3-Phase	Baseplate	Yes	3	
SKAI 70 A2 MD15-L <sup>1)</sup>	115	350	3-Phase	Forced Air	Yes	1	
SKAI 70 A2 MD15-W <sup>1)</sup>	115	400	3-Phase	Liquid	Yes	2	
SKAI 50 A2 MD20-L <sup>1)</sup>	160	300	3-Phase	Forced Air	Yes	1	
SKAI 50 A2 MD20-W <sup>1)</sup>	160	350	3-Phase	Liquid	Yes	2	
<b>IGBT - Three-phase inverter</b>							
SKAI 90 A2 GD06-WCI <sup>1)</sup>	450	300	3-Phase	Liquid	Yes	7	
SKAI 45 A2 GD12-WCI <sup>1)</sup>	800	300	3-Phase	Liquid	Yes	7	
SKAI 90 A2 GD06-WDI <sup>1)</sup>	450	300	3-Phase	Liquid	No	7	
SKAI 45 A2 GD12-WDI <sup>1)</sup>	800	300	3-Phase	Liquid	No	7	

## footnotes

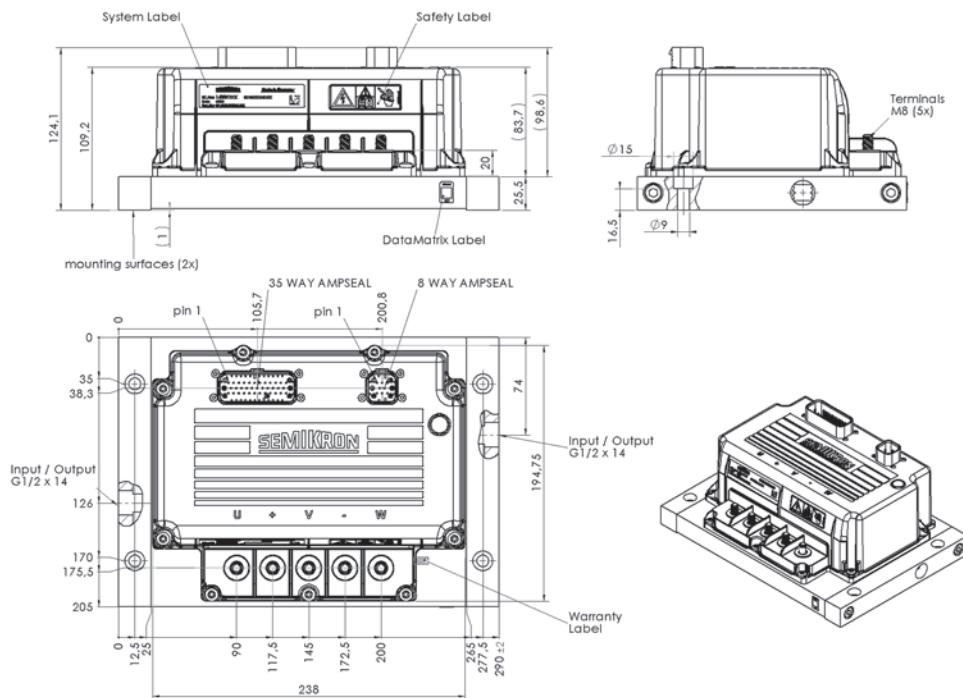
1) New

## Cases

### Case 1



### Case 2

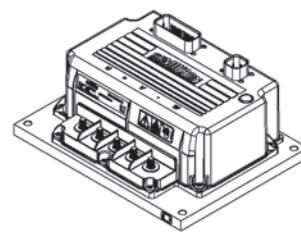
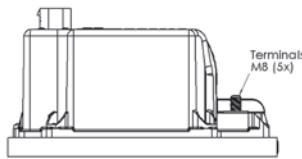
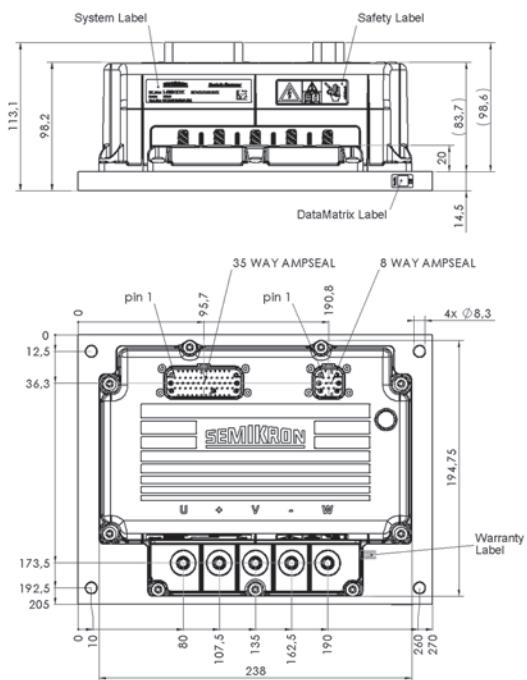


Dimensions in mm

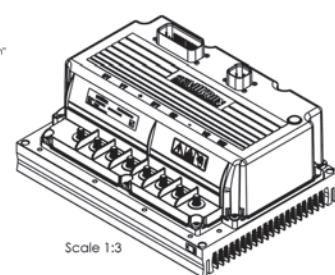
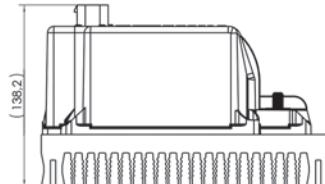
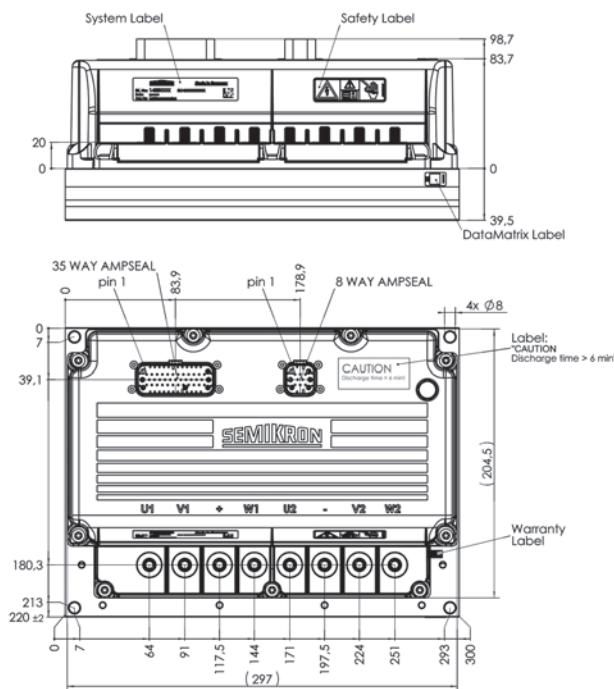
# Systems - SKAI2

## Cases

### Case 3



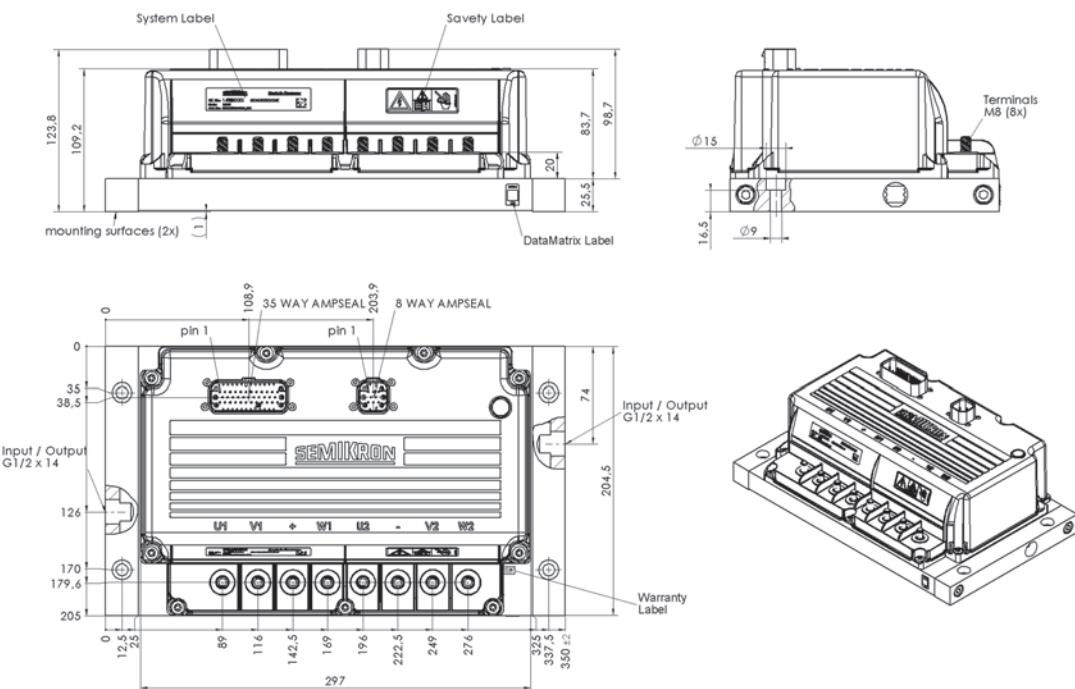
### Case 4



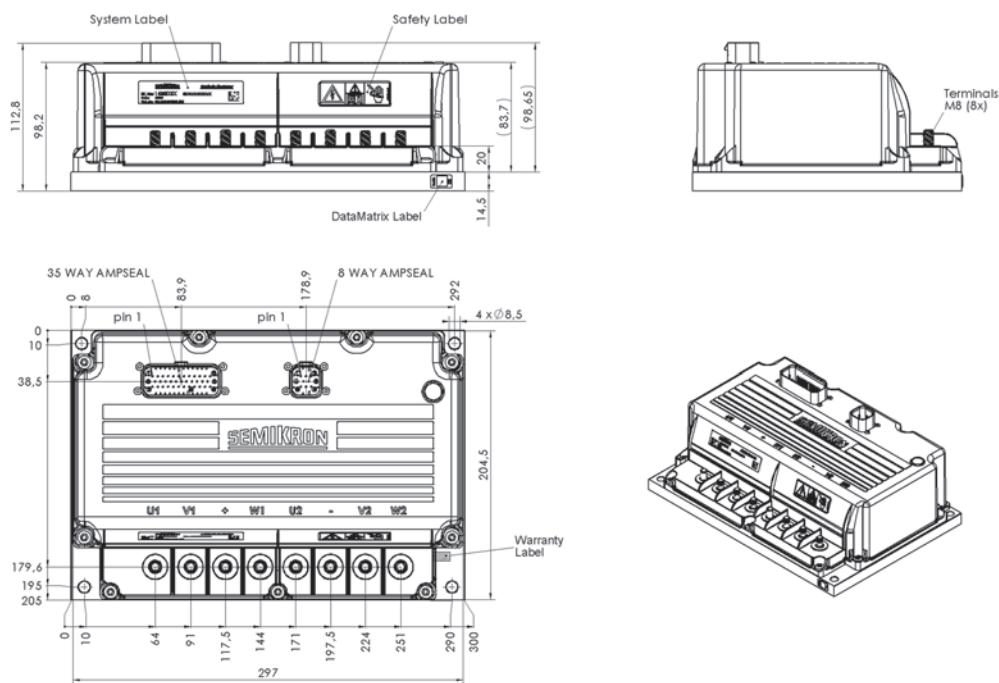
Dimensions in mm

## Cases

### Case 5



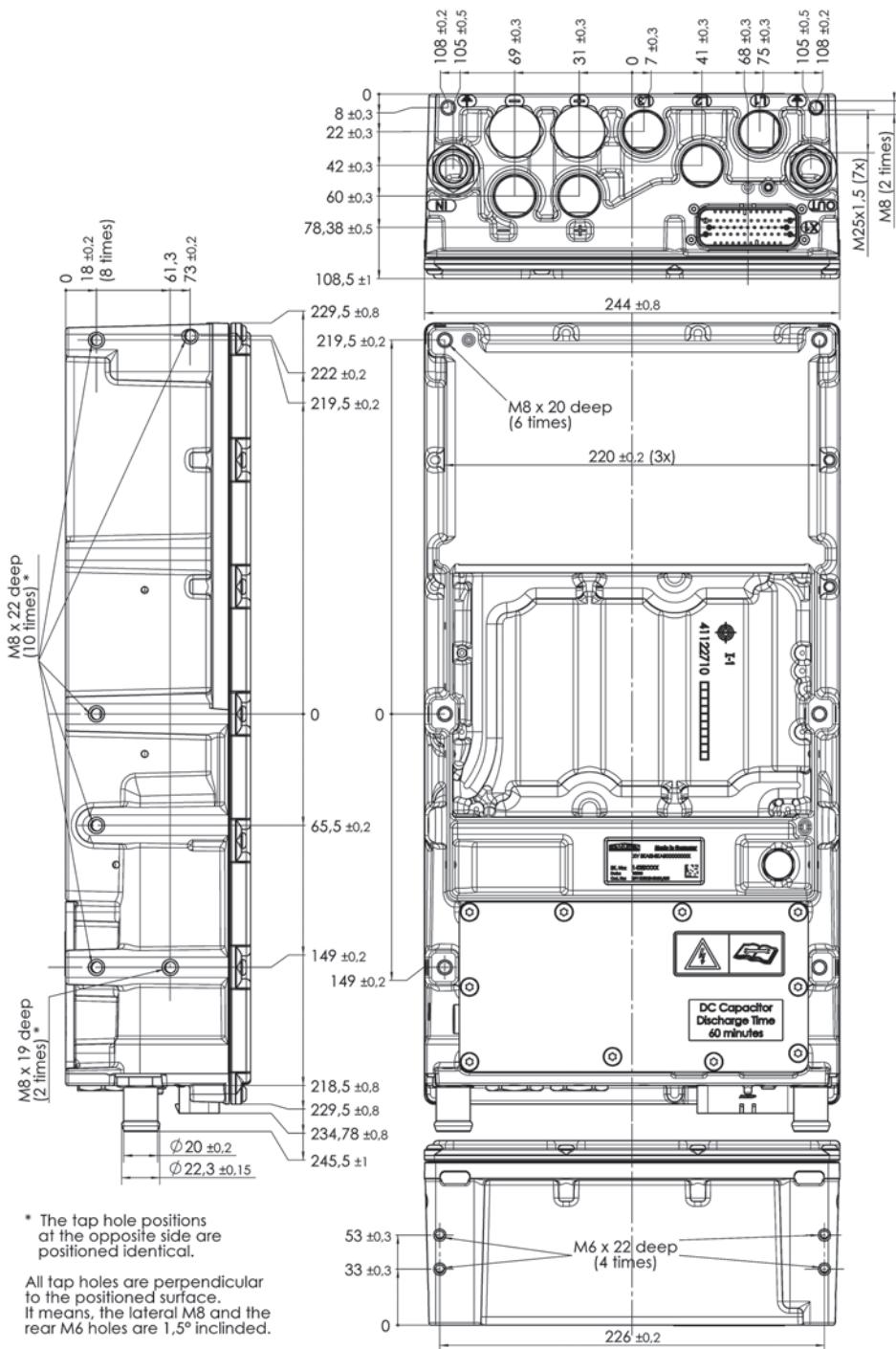
### Case 6



Dimensions in mm

## Cases

### Case 7



\* The tap hole positions at the opposite side are positioned identical.

All tap holes are perpendicular to the positioned surface.  
It means, the lateral M8 and the rear M6 holes are 1,5° inclined.

Dimensions in mm



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# Solutions - IGBT Platforms

## SEMISTACK Renewable Energy



Synchronous wind generators  
Double-fed wind generators  
Solar inverters

450 kW      6 MW

## SKiiPRACK



Synchronous wind generators  
Double-fed wind generators  
High power AC drives

450 kW      5 MW

## SEMIKUBE



Solar inverters  
Pump & compressor drives

75 kW      1000 kW

## SEMiXBOX



Elevators  
Solar inverters  
Uninterruptable power supplies

10 kW      100 kW

Power [kW] 10      75      100      450      1000      5200      6000

# Solutions - Diode / Thyristor Platforms

## SEMISTACK CLASSICS

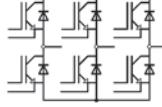
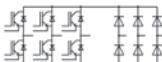
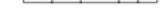
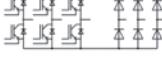
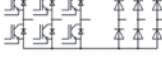
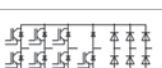
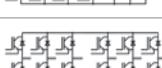
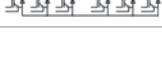


		285 kW	2690 kW
B6U 3-phase uncontrolled rectifier	60 kW	1200 kW	
B6HK 3-phase half controlled rectifier	145 kW	1730 kW	
B6C 3-phase fully controlled rectifier	60 kW	650 kW	
	145 kW	1730 kW	
	60 kW	650 kW	

[A] 90 215 425 1220 2580 4015

isolated    non isolated

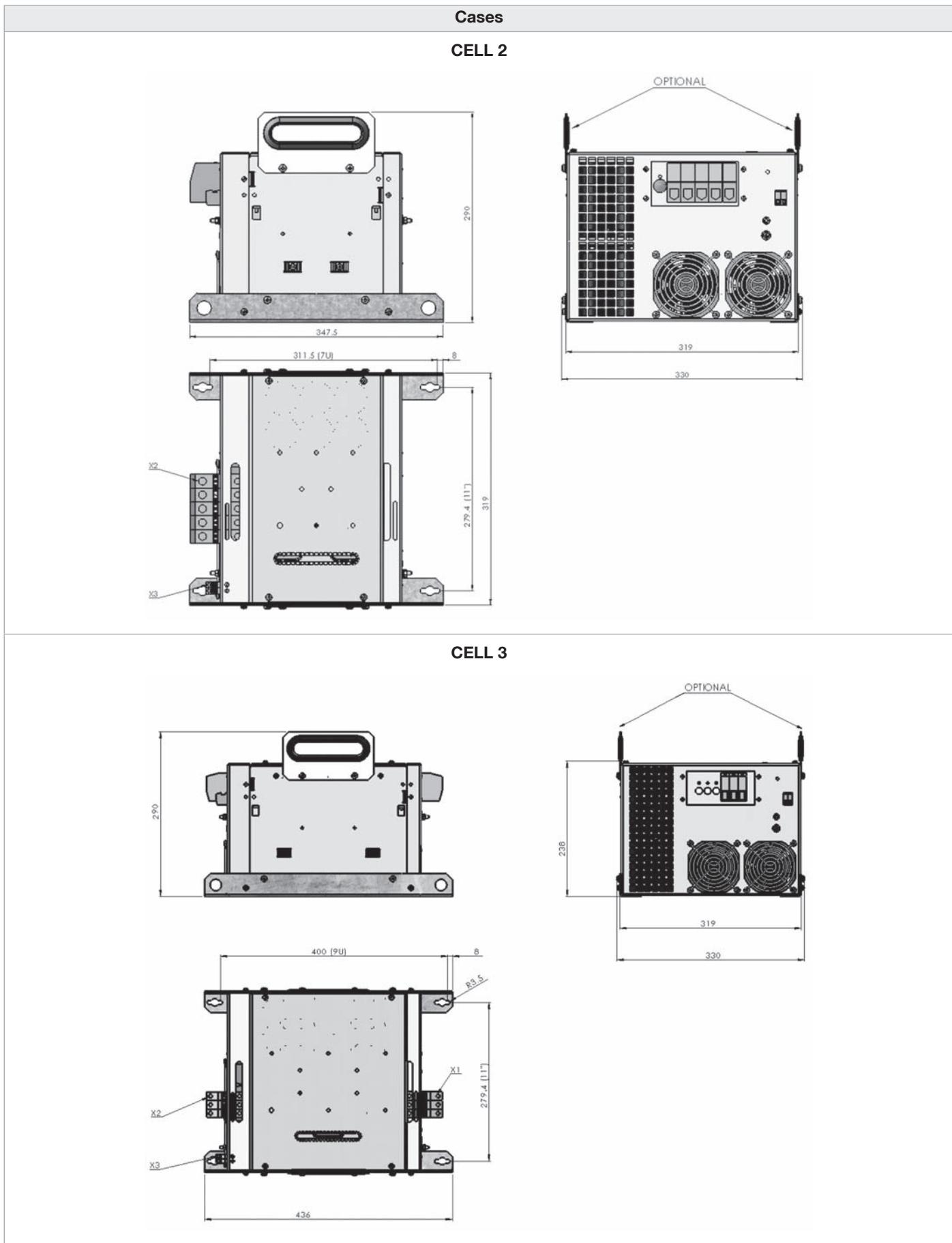
# Solutions - SEMiXBOX

Type	V <sub>AC</sub> V	V <sub>DC</sub> V	Current A	Component Family	Cooling	Heatsink profile	Iso-lated	Circuit
<b>Three-phase inverter</b>								
<b>SKS 83F B6CI 58 V12<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	900	83	SEMIX	Forced-air cooled	Px 17	yes	
<b>SKS 110F B6CI 76 V12<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	900	110	SEMIX	Forced-air cooled	Px 17	yes	
<b>SKS 118F B6CI 45 V06<sup>1)</sup></b>	250	450	118	SEMIX	Forced-air cooled	Px 17	yes	
<b>SKS 150F B6CI 104 V12<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	900	150	SEMIX	Forced-air cooled	Px 17	yes	
<b>SKS 85F B6CI+B6U 59 V12<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	900	85	SEMIX	Forced-air cooled	Px 17	yes	
<b>SKS 105F B6CI+B6U 72 V12<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	900	105	SEMIX	Forced-air cooled	Px 17	yes	
<b>SKS 78F B6CI+B6HK 54 V12<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	900	78	SEMIX	Forced-air cooled	Px 17	yes	
<b>SKS 100F B6CI+B6HK 69 V12<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	900	100	SEMIX	Forced-air cooled	Px 17	yes	
<b>SKS 80F B6CI+E1CIF+B6U 55 V12<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	900	80	SEMIX	Forced-air cooled	Px 17	yes	
<b>SKS 88F (B6CI)2P 61 V12<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	900	88	SEMIX	Forced-air cooled	Px 17	yes	

## Footnotes

<sup>1)</sup> New

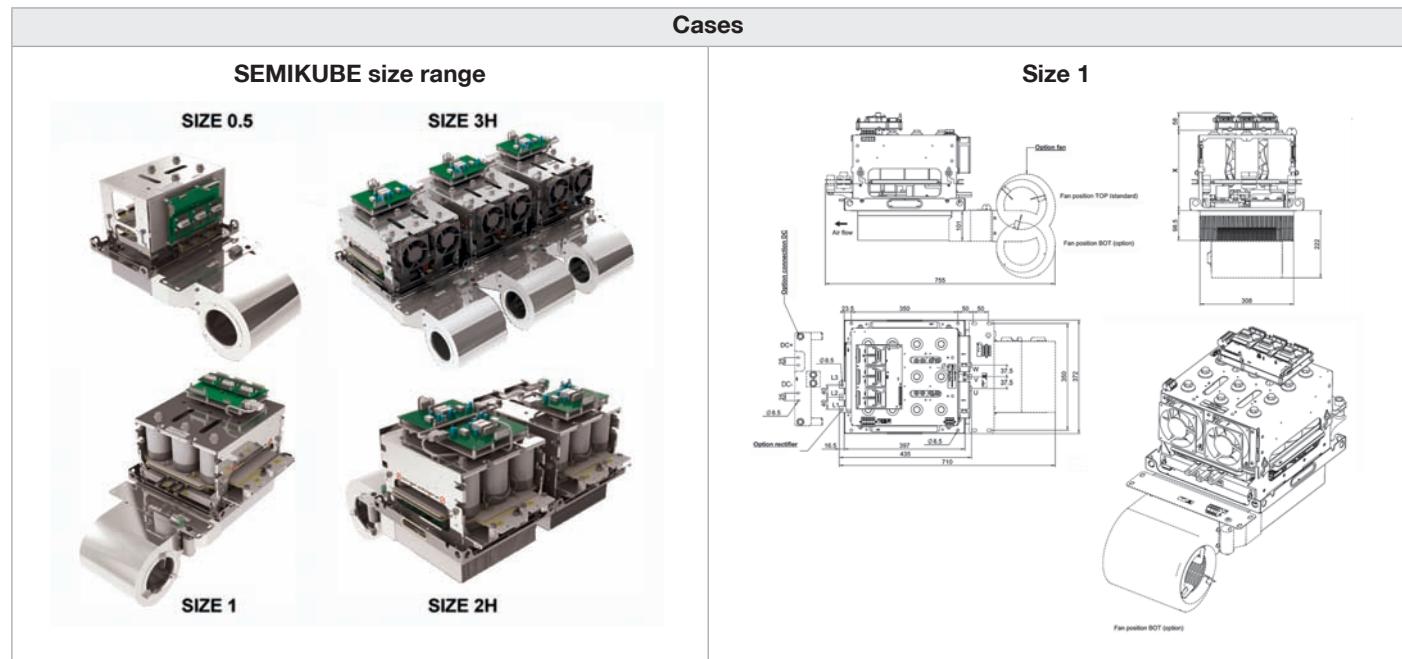
# Solutions - SEMiXBOX



Dimensions in mm

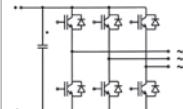
## Solutions - SEMIKUBE

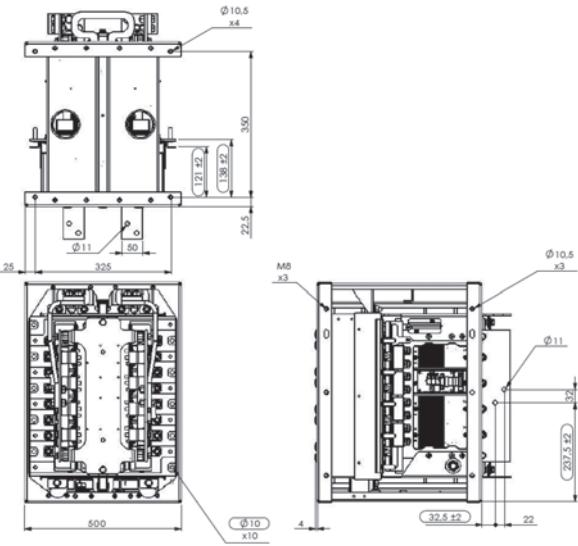
Type	V <sub>AC</sub> V	V <sub>DC</sub> V	Current A	Component Family	Cooling	Heatsink profile	Iso-lated	Circuit
<b>Three-phase inverter</b>								
IGD-1-424-P1N4-DL-FA	460	750	200	SEMITRANS	Forced-air cooled	PX 308	yes	
IGD-2-424-P1N6-DH-FA	460	750	350	SEMITRANS	Forced-air cooled	PX 308	yes	
IGD-4-424-P1F7-BL-FA	460	750	750	SEMITRANS	Forced-air cooled	PX 308	yes	
IGD-8-326-E1F12-BH-FA	460	750	1230	SEMITRANS	Forced-air cooled	PX 308	yes	
IGD-8-424-P1F9-BH-FA	460	750	1470	SEMITRANS	Forced-air cooled	PX 308	yes	
IGD-8-426-E1F12-BH-FA	460	750	1470	SEMITRANS	Forced-air cooled	PX 308	yes	
<b>Three-phase rectifier and inverter</b>								
IGDD6-1-326-D1616-E1N6-DL-FA	460	750	150	SEMITRANS/ SEMIPACK	Forced-air cooled	PX 308	yes	
IGDD6-1-426-D1616-E1N6-DL-FA	460	750	180	SEMITRANS/ SEMIPACK	Forced-air cooled	PX 308	yes	
IGDD6-2-326-D1616-E1F12-DH-FA	460	750	280	SEMITRANS/ SEMIPACK	Forced-air cooled	PX 308	yes	
IGDD6-2-426-D1616-E1F12-DH-FA	460	750	330	SEMITRANS/ SEMIPACK	Forced-air cooled	PX 308	yes	
IGDD6-4-326-D3816-E1F12-BL-FA	460	750	570	SEMITRANS/ SEMIPACK	Forced-air cooled	PX 308	yes	
IGDD6-4-426-D3816-E1F12-BL-FA	460	750	680	SEMITRANS/ SEMIPACK	Forced-air cooled	PX 308	yes	



Dimensions in mm

## Solutions - SKiiPRACK

Type	V <sub>AC</sub> V	V <sub>DC</sub> V	Current A	Component Family	Cooling	Heatsink profile	Iso-lated	Circuit
<b>4-Quadrant converter</b>								
SKS C 120 GDD 69/11 - A2A WA B1B	690	1100	1200	SKiiP 3	Water/ Glycol	-	yes	
<b>Three-phase inverter</b>								
SKS C 120 GD 69/11 - A2A WA B1B	690	1100	1200	SKiiP 3	Water/ Glycol	-	yes	

Cases	
<b>SKiiPRACK basic stack element, the CELL</b>	
<b>3-Cell vertical integration</b>	

Dimensions in mm

## Optimized converter for solar and wind



## Applications

The new SEMISTACK RE is a new high-power converter for use in renewable energy applications such as wind and solar power installations. SEMISTACK RE will typically be applied in synchronous and double-fed induction generators (DFIG) in wind turbines, as well as in central solar PV inverters. Up to four SEMISTACK RE converters can be connected in parallel and support applications of up to 6 MVA.

## Benefits

The SEMISTACK RE range features SKiiP 4, the latest generation of SEMIKRON's SKiiP intelligent power module family which integrates power components, driver and heat sink in a single case. SKiiP 4 modules enable to deliver an increase in power over the predecessor generation from 1.4 to 1.7 MVA. While the current carrying capacity of the smaller SEMISTACK RE solution featuring 3-bay SKiiP modules is 900 A, the bigger 4-bay SKiiP version has a current rating of between 1,000 A and 1,400 A, resulting in a power density increase of 17 % greater than in the predecessor version with combined SKiiP 3 modules.

Owing to the very low inductance planar DC busbar of the SEMISTACK RE and the internal construction of the SKiiP 4 nominal DC voltage can now be extended up to 1250 Vdc with the 1700 Vdc modules even when short circuit conditions are considered.

Signal processing on the SKiiP 4 is handled by a newly designed digital driver incorporating the standard control, monitoring and protection functions of the SKiiP 3 plus new additional functions of parameter configuration and diagnostic/fault memory. Further advantages are an improved isolation, a noise immunity inherent in digital control and the functionality and flexibility of the CANopen interface.

Owing to its 100 % solder free sintering process and innovative pressure contact system the thermal cycling capability of the SKiiP 4 is increased by a factor of 5. These enhancements to the SKiiP 4 are coupled with long lifetime polypropylene capacitors to ensure that the SEMISTACK RE meets the demanding requirements in today's grid connected power generation applications.

# Solutions - SEMISTACK Renewable Energy

Type	V <sub>AC</sub> V	V <sub>DC</sub> V	Current A	Component Family	Cooling	Heatsink profile	Iso-lated	Circuit
<b>Three-phase inverter</b>								
<b>SKS B 085 GD 69/11 - WA PB</b>	690	1100	850	SKiiP 3	Water/ Glycol	-	yes	
<b>SKS B2 100 GD 69/11 - MA PB<sup>1)</sup></b>	690	1100	1000	SKiiP 3	Water/ Glycol	-	yes	
<b>SKS B2 120 GD 69/11 - MA PB<sup>1)</sup></b>	690	1100	1200	SKiiP 3	Water/ Glycol	-	yes	
<b>SKS B2 140 GD 69/12 - MA PB<sup>1)</sup></b>	690	1250	1400	SKiiP 4	Water/ Glycol	-	yes	

<b>Cases</b>								
<b>SKS B 085 GD 69/11 - WA PB</b>								
<b>SKS B2 100 GD 69/11 - MA PB, SKS B2 120 GD 69/11 - MA PB, and SKS B2 140 GD 69/12 - MA PB</b>								

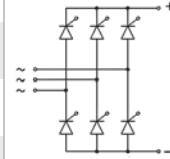
Dimensions in mm

## Footnotes

1) New

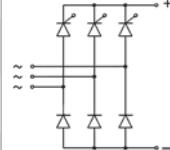
## Solutions - CLASSICS

Type	V <sub>AC</sub> V	V <sub>DC</sub> V	Current A	Component Family	Cooling	Heatsink profile	Iso-lated	Circuit
<b>Three-phase fully-controlled thyristor bridge rectifier</b>								
<b>SKS 88N B6C 60 V16</b>	500	670	88	SEMIPACK 1	Natural cooled	P3/180	yes	
<b>SKS 88N B6C 60 V16 SU</b>	500	670	88	SEMIPACK 1	Natural cooled	P3/180	yes	
<b>SKS 180F B6C 120 V16</b>	500	670	180	SEMIPACK 1	Forced-air cooled	P3/180	yes	
<b>SKS 180F B6C 120 V16 SU</b>	500	670	180	SEMIPACK 1	Forced-air cooled	P3/180	yes	
<b>SKS 215N B6C 145 V16</b>	500	670	215	Stud devices	Natural cooled	P1/150	no	
<b>SKS 215N B6C 145 V16 SU</b>	500	670	215	Stud devices	Natural cooled	P1/150	no	
<b>SKS 250F B6C 170 V16</b>	500	670	250	SEMIPACK 2	Forced-air cooled	P3/265	yes	
<b>SKS 250F B6C 170 V16 SU</b>	500	670	250	SEMIPACK 2	Forced-air cooled	P3/265	yes	
<b>SKS 355N B6C 240 V16</b>	500	670	355	Stud devices	Natural cooled	P1/200	no	
<b>SKS 355N B6C 240 V16 SU</b>	500	670	355	Stud devices	Natural cooled	P1/200	no	
<b>SKS 365F B6C 245 V16</b>	500	670	365	SEMIPACK 2	Forced-air cooled	P16/200	yes	
<b>SKS 365F B6C 245 V16 SU</b>	500	670	365	SEMIPACK 2	Forced-air cooled	P16/200	yes	
<b>SKS 570F B6C 380 V16</b>	500	670	570	SEMIPACK 3	Forced-air cooled	P16/200	yes	
<b>SKS 570F B6C 380 V16 SU</b>	500	670	570	SEMIPACK 3	Forced-air cooled	P16/200	yes	
<b>SKS 640F B6C 430 V16</b>	500	670	640	SEMIPACK 3	Forced-air cooled	P16/200	yes	
<b>SKS 640F B6C 430 V16 SU</b>	500	670	640	SEMIPACK 3	Forced-air cooled	P16/200	yes	
<b>SKS 700N B6C 470 V16</b>	500	670	700	Presspack	Natural cooled	P11/415	no	
<b>SKS 700N B6C 470 V16 SU</b>	500	670	700	Presspack	Natural cooled	P11/415	no	
<b>SKS 845N B6C 570 V16</b>	500	670	845	Presspack	Natural cooled	U3/515	no	
<b>SKS 845N B6C 570 V16 SU</b>	500	670	845	Presspack	Natural cooled	U3/515	no	
<b>SKS 970F B6C 650 V16</b>	500	670	970	SEMIPACK 5	Forced-air cooled	P16/300	yes	
<b>SKS 970F B6C 650 V16 SU</b>	500	670	970	SEMIPACK 5	Forced-air cooled	P16/300	yes	
<b>SKS 1000N B6C 670 V16</b>	500	670	1000	Presspack	Natural cooled	U3/515	no	
<b>SKS 1000N B6C 670 V16 SU</b>	500	670	1000	Presspack	Natural cooled	U3/515	no	
<b>SKS 1200F B6C 800 V16</b>	500	670	1200	Presspack	Forced-air cooled	P17/130	no	
<b>SKS 1200F B6C 800 V16 SU</b>	500	670	1200	Presspack	Forced-air cooled	P17/130	no	
<b>SKS 1500F B6C 1010 V16</b>	500	670	1500	Presspack	Forced-air cooled	P17/130	no	
<b>SKS 1500F B6C 1010 V16 SU</b>	500	670	1500	Presspack	Forced-air cooled	P17/130	no	
<b>SKS 1890F B6C 1270 V16</b>	500	670	1890	Presspack	Forced-air cooled	P18/180	no	
<b>SKS 1890F B6C 1270 V16 ZU</b>	500	670	1890	Presspack	Forced-air cooled	P18/180	no	
<b>SKS 2580F B6C 1730 V16</b>	500	670	2580	Presspack	Forced-air cooled	N4/250	no	
<b>SKS 2580F B6C 1730 V16 ZU</b>	500	670	2580	Presspack	Forced-air cooled	N4/250	no	



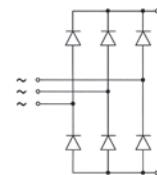
# Solutions - CLASSICS

Type	V <sub>AC</sub>	V <sub>DC</sub>	Current	Component Family	Cooling	Heatsink profile	Iso-lated	Circuit
	V	V	A					
<b>Three-phase half-controlled bridge rectifier</b>								
<b>SKS 88N B6HK 60 V16 <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	88	SEMIPACK 1	Natural cooled	P3/180	yes	
<b>SKS 88N B6HK 60 V16 SU <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	88	SEMIPACK 1	Natural cooled	P3/180	yes	
<b>SKS 180F B6HK 120 V16 <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	180	SEMIPACK 1	Forced-air cooled	P3/180	yes	
<b>SKS 180F B6HK 120 V16 SU <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	180	SEMIPACK 1	Forced-air cooled	P3/180	yes	
<b>SKS 215N B6HK 145 V16 <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	215	Stud devices	Natural cooled	P1/150	no	
<b>SKS 215N B6HK 145 V16 SU <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	215	Stud devices	Natural cooled	P1/150	no	
<b>SKS 250F B6HK 170 V16 <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	250	SEMIPACK 2	Forced-air cooled	P3/265	yes	
<b>SKS 250F B6HK 170 V16 SU <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	250	SEMIPACK 2	Forced-air cooled	P3/265	yes	
<b>SKS 355N B6HK 240 V16 <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	355	Stud devices	Natural cooled	P1/200	no	
<b>SKS 355N B6HK 240 V16 SU <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	355	Stud devices	Natural cooled	P1/200	no	
<b>SKS 365F B6HK 245 V16 <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	365	SEMIPACK 2	Forced-air cooled	P16/200	yes	
<b>SKS 365F B6HK 245 V16 SU <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	365	SEMIPACK 2	Forced-air cooled	P16/200	yes	
<b>SKS 570F B6HK 380 V16 <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	570	SEMIPACK 3	Forced-air cooled	P16/200	yes	
<b>SKS 570F B6HK 380 V16 SU <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	570	SEMIPACK 3	Forced-air cooled	P16/200	yes	
<b>SKS 640F B6HK 430 V16 <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	640	SEMIPACK 3	Forced-air cooled	P16/200	yes	
<b>SKS 640F B6HK 430 V16 SU <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	640	SEMIPACK 3	Forced-air cooled	P16/200	yes	
<b>SKS 700N B6HK 470 V16 <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	700	Presspack	Natural cooled	P11/415	no	
<b>SKS 700N B6HK 470 V16 SU <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	700	Presspack	Natural cooled	P11/415	no	
<b>SKS 845N B6HK 570 V16 <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	845	Presspack	Natural cooled	U3/515	no	
<b>SKS 845N B6HK 570 V16 SU <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	845	Presspack	Natural cooled	U3/515	no	
<b>SKS 970F B6HK 650 V16 <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	970	SEMIPACK 5	Forced-air cooled	P16/300	yes	
<b>SKS 970F B6HK 650 V16 SU <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	970	SEMIPACK 5	Forced-air cooled	P16/300	yes	
<b>SKS 1000N B6HK 670 V16 <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	1000	Presspack	Natural cooled	U3/515	no	
<b>SKS 1000N B6HK 670 V16 SU <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	1000	Presspack	Natural cooled	U3/515	no	
<b>SKS 1200F B6HK 800 V16 <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	1200	Presspack	Forced-air cooled	P17/130	no	
<b>SKS 1200F B6HK 800 V16 SU <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	1200	Presspack	Forced-air cooled	P17/130	no	
<b>SKS 1500F B6HK 1010 V16 <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	1500	Presspack	Forced-air cooled	P17/130	no	
<b>SKS 1500F B6HK 1010 V16 SU <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	1500	Presspack	Forced-air cooled	P17/130	no	
<b>SKS 1890F B6HK 1270 V16 <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	1890	Presspack	Forced-air cooled	P18/180	no	
<b>SKS 1890F B6HK 1270 V16 ZU <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	1890	Presspack	Forced-air cooled	P18/180	no	
<b>SKS 2580F B6HK 1730 V16 <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	2580	Presspack	Forced-air cooled	N4/250	no	
<b>SKS 2580F B6HK 1730 V16 ZU <sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	2580	Presspack	Forced-air cooled	N4/250	no	



# Solutions - CLASSICS

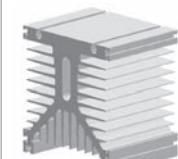
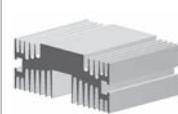
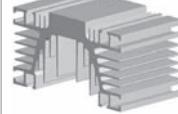
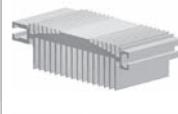
Type	V <sub>AC</sub> V	V <sub>DC</sub> V	Current A	Component Family	Cooling	Heatsink profile	Iso-lated	Circuit
<b>Three-phase uncontrolled diode bridge rectifier</b>								
<b>SKS 91N B6U 60 V16<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	91	SEMIPACK 1	Natural cooled	P3/180	yes	
<b>SKS 91N B6U 60 V16 SU<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	91	SEMIPACK 1	Natural cooled	P3/180	yes	
<b>SKS 185F B6U 125 V16<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	185	SEMIPACK 1	Forced-air cooled	P3/180	yes	
<b>SKS 185F B6U 125 V16 SU<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	185	SEMIPACK 1	Forced-air cooled	P3/180	yes	
<b>SKS 290F B6U 195 V16<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	290	SEMIPACK 2	Forced-air cooled	P3/265	yes	
<b>SKS 290F B6U 195 V16 SU<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	290	SEMIPACK 2	Forced-air cooled	P3/265	yes	
<b>SKS 425N B6U 285 V16<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	425	Stud devices	Natural cooled	P1/150	no	
<b>SKS 425N B6U 285 V16 SU<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	425	Stud devices	Natural cooled	P1/150	no	
<b>SKS 430F B6U 290 V16<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	430	SEMIPACK 2	Forced-air cooled	P16/200	yes	
<b>SKS 430F B6U 290 V16 SU<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	430	SEMIPACK 2	Forced-air cooled	P16/200	yes	
<b>SKS 535N B6U 360 V16<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	535	Stud devices	Natural cooled	P1/200	no	
<b>SKS 535N B6U 360 V16 SU<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	535	Stud devices	Natural cooled	P1/200	no	
<b>SKS 660F B6U 440 V16<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	660	SEMIPACK 3	Forced-air cooled	P16/200	yes	
<b>SKS 660F B6U 440 V16 SU<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	660	SEMIPACK 3	Forced-air cooled	P16/200	yes	
<b>SKS 850F B6U 570 V16<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	850	SEMIPACK 3	Forced-air cooled	P16/200	yes	
<b>SKS 850F B6U 570 V16 SU<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	850	SEMIPACK 3	Forced-air cooled	P16/200	yes	
<b>SKS 1185N B6U 795 V16<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	1185	Presspack	Natural cooled	P11/415	no	
<b>SKS 1185N B6U 795 V16 SU<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	1185	Presspack	Natural cooled	P11/415	no	
<b>SKS 1220F B6U 820 V16<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	1220	SEMIPACK 5	Forced-air cooled	P16/300	yes	
<b>SKS 1220F B6U 820 V16 SU<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	1220	SEMIPACK 5	Forced-air cooled	P16/300	yes	
<b>SKS 1630N B6U 1090 V16<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	1630	Presspack	Natural cooled	U3/515	no	
<b>SKS 1630N B6U 1090 V16 ZU<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	1630	Presspack	Natural cooled	U3/515	no	
<b>SKS 1910N B6U 1280 V16<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	1910	Presspack	Natural cooled	U3/515	no	
<b>SKS 1910N B6U 1280 V16 ZU<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	1910	Presspack	Natural cooled	U3/515	no	
<b>SKS 1950F B6U 1305 V16<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	1950	Presspack	Forced-air cooled	P17/130	no	
<b>SKS 1950F B6U 1305 V16 ZU<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	1950	Presspack	Forced-air cooled	P17/130	no	
<b>SKS 2300F B6U 1540 V16<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	2300	Presspack	Forced-air cooled	P18/180	no	
<b>SKS 2300F B6U 1540 V16 ZU<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	2300	Presspack	Forced-air cooled	P18/180	no	
<b>SKS 4015F B6U 2690 V16<sup>1)</sup></b>	500	670	4015	Presspack	Forced-air cooled	N4/250	no	



## Footnotes

<sup>1)</sup> New

## Accessories - Heatsinks

Type	Suitable for	$R_{thsa}$ natural cooling K/W	$R_{thsa}$ forced air or water cooling K/W	w kg	w kg/m	Picture
<b>Forced-air cooled</b>						
<b>N 4</b>	Capsules	-	0.04	-	25.1	
<b>P 1</b>	Studs or modules	0.7	0.4	-	11.3	
<b>P 3</b>	Isolated base modules	0.45	0.14	-	17.6	
<b>P 8 <sup>1)</sup></b>	Capsules	0.35	0.07	-	9.6	
<b>P 8,5 <sup>1)</sup></b>	Capsules	0.3	0.08	-	9.5	
<b>P 9 <sup>1)</sup></b>	Capsules	0.21	0.06	-	17.8	
<b>P 11</b>	Capsules	0.2	0.05	-	15	
<b>P 16</b>	SKiiP or modules	-	0.06	-	23.5	
<b>P 17</b>	Capsules	0.45	0.12	-	10.6	
<b>P 18</b>	Capsules	0.37	0.08	-	12.2	
<b>P 21 <sup>1)</sup></b>	Isolated base modules	-	0.02	-	40.8	
<b>Px 308 <sup>1)</sup></b>	SKiiP or modules	-	0.013	-	12.2	
<b>R 4A</b>	Isolated base modules	1.4	0.38	0.6	-	

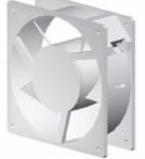
## Accessories - Heatsinks

Type	Suitable for	$R_{th\text{sa}}$ natural cooling K/W	$R_{th\text{sa}}$ forced air or water cooling K/W	w kg	w kg/m	Picture
<b>Forced-air cooled</b>						
<b>U 3</b>	Capsules	0.14	0.06	-	23.7	
<b>Natural cooled</b>						
<b>P 4</b> <sup>1)</sup>	Stud device	0.27	-	-	20.6	

### footnotes

<sup>1)</sup> Non standard item, available on request only, typical minimum batch quantities of 60 pieces will apply

## Accessories - Fans

Type	V <sub>in</sub> V	f Hz	V <sub>air</sub> / t m <sup>3</sup> /h	P <sub>max</sub> W	T <sub>Amax</sub> °C	w kg	Noise dB	Picture
<b>Axial Fans</b>								
<b>SKF 3-230-01</b>	230	50	159 / 190	15 / 14	70	0.55	37 / 41	
<b>Centrifugal Fans</b>								
<b>SKF 17 A-230-11</b>	230	50	850 / 930	110 / 120	70	2	74	
<b>SKF N4-230-01</b>	230	50	1500 / 1700	210 / 280	80 / 70	3.1	76 / 78	
<b>Radial Fans</b>								
<b>SKF 16 A-230-01</b>	230	50	615 / 575	135 / 154	50 / 40	3.6	55 / 57	
<b>SKF 16 A-230-11</b>	230	50	615 / 575	135 / 154	50 / 40	3.6	55 / 57	
<b>SKF 16 B-230-01</b>	230	50	610 / 565	170 / 197	40	3.6	58 / 57	

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**Breaking Story:** "Different Kinds of Currents" (Post date: 30 March 2012). It includes two graphs: one for AC current and one for DC current. Below the graph is a caption: "Figure 1The simplest forms of DC and AC Direct Current (DC) vs. Alternating Current (AC). The main difference between direct current and alternating current is that with direct current, voltage and direction of current remain constant over time whereas with alternating current, as the name suggests, magnitude and direction change cyclically over time forming a [...]".

**Highlights:** "Teaching Tool for IGBT and Thyristor" (Post date: 10 January 2012). It features a photograph of a teaching tool and a brief description: "For educational purposes the 'SemiTeach IGBT' and 'SemiTeach Thyristor' are ideal tools for universities, professional schools and laboratories to simulate and demonstrate circuits. One stack can simulate almost all existing industrial applications:- 3-phase inverter+brake chopper- Buck or boost converter- Single phase inverter- Single or 3-phase rectifier Features: Multi-function IGBT converter 'Transparent enclosure [...]'".

**SUPPORTED BY:** Weidmüller, SINDOPOWER, TechChat online.

**SEMIKRON Application Manual as eBook:** (Post date: 16 December 2011). It includes a thumbnail of the manual, a photograph of a power module, and a detailed description: "Today, IGBT and power MOSFET modules are instrumental in power electronic systems and are increasingly gaining ground in new fields. This goes hand in hand with the ever increasing need for rectifier diodes and thyristors as cost-efficient means of connecting to the power supply grid. This application manual is intended to assist users with component selection and application. This manual contains basic explanations and background information on semiconductor physics where needed to provide a better understanding of the application possibilities and limits. A larger section of the manual contains descriptions of different packaging technologies, examining the different component reliability and service life, as well as the relevant test procedures. The manual also explains the structure of data sheets and provides useful tips on how to interpret data sheet specifications. An important focus of the manual is the examination of application-specific aspects which must be taken into account in component selection and application. This includes, for example, electric circuits for the most important operating scenarios, driver technology and component protection, thermal dimensioning and heat sink solutions, notes on parallel and series circuits, notes on optimum power layouts with regard to parasitic elements, as well as requirements associated with certain".

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